



and

Te Whatu Ora **Health New Zealand**

Medical Imaging Technologists (MITs)

Collective Agreement

1 September 2022 to 30 June 2024

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and



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AND
DISTRICT HEALTH BOARD
MEDICAL IMAGING TECHNOLOGISTS
COLLECTIVE AGREEMENT

Introduction

1. The parties are committed to the following desired future states:
 - a. Both parties want a relationship characterized by mutual respect for roles, working to shared goals and trusting each other in the process of achieving them.
 - b. Both parties want professional development that delivers mutual benefit, valued as work time, and maintains and updates the professional competencies of staff in a planned and predictable way, acknowledging the employers limited resources.
 - c. Both parties want salaries that attract, retain and reward staff for the skill and contribution brought to the workplace.
 - d. Both parties want a work environment that protects staff from unsafe levels of radiation and supports staff to maintain the relationship between visual acuity and effective performance.
 - e. Both parties want rosters that provide quality care to patients and meet the mix of requirements that enable the well-being of staff and an efficient system.
 - f. Both parties want to be able to meet current and future demand for services that entails a robust forecasting methodology and variance plan, integrated with what is happening elsewhere in the organisation, where demand and the supply of resources is matched.

2. The parties agree to develop and support local and national engagement and commit to:
 - a. Proactive communication that is honest, open and productive at all levels;
 - b. Respect at all levels for the roles of the parties, including the employee's rights to have and seek assistance and support;
 - c. The creation and/or utilization of local engagement opportunities so that both parties can speak freely (safely and without fear of consequences), within an environment of honesty and respect;
 - d. Issues raised are addressed and not deferred, acknowledging that the party raising the issue may not always achieve the resolution outcome they seek and will be free to pursue a solution beyond local engagement;
 - e. Local guidelines for local engagement (behaviours, safety nets, agendas) are implemented including;
 - Recognition of APEX as representing MITs, and respect for the MIT's right to involve APEX;
 - Acknowledgement that APEX delegates are able to provide a collective MIT view;
 - That APEX delegates will need time to attend to their representative responsibilities and provision made for back filling of duties as and when required to enable this to occur;



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- ~~DHBs~~-The Employer will facilitate APEX's role to train and support its delegates and members;
 - Acknowledge that APEX delegates from ~~DHBs~~-Districts other than the local ~~DHB~~-District in which engagement is occurring may be involved as a result of their additional skills and knowledge. The ~~DHBs~~-Districts shall use best endeavours to facilitate regional and national release of delegates to assist in this regard.
 - Agreement over any agenda and minutes compilation, distribution and timetabling to be incorporated as felt necessary
3. The parties want rosters that provide quality care to patients and meet the mix of requirements that enable the well-being of staff and an efficient system, including:
- a. Patients receive timely, accessible and accurate MIT interventions delivered by people with appropriate skills;
 - b. Staff are able to achieve a healthy and safe work/life balance that reflects predictable -rest and recovery away from the workplace;
 - c. Systems are built and maintained that are efficient in terms of capital investment and reduce system waste.
4. The parties want to be able to meet current and future demand for services that entails a robust forecasting methodology and variance plan, integrated with what is happening elsewhere in the organisation, where demand and the supply of resources is matched.
- a. Processes are developed and implemented to assist with the forecasting of changing demand and potential resource impacts, and improved organisation-wide awareness of priorities;
 - b. Flexibility, including effective teamwork to maximize the use of physical resources and the deployment of staff, including effective regional coordination of service delivery;
 - c. Processes to measure and reduce waste of resources.

MITAC shall sponsor a project that:

- Acts as a resource to assist ~~DHBs~~-Districts to achieve the above;
- Share knowledge, skills and information on successes (and failures to avoid repetition) in achieving the above



and



PART ONE - APPLICATION OF COLLECTIVE AGREEMENT

This Agreement is made pursuant to the Employment Relations Act 2000.

1.0 PARTIES

- 1.1 This Collective Agreement shall apply to all employees who are employed or engaged to be employed for the purposes of diagnostic imaging, nuclear medicine and magnetic resonance imaging using ionising radiation, radio nuclides, and magnetic resonance for the purposes of diagnosis, evaluation, development, undertaking and/or assisting in interventional procedures, and/or associated duties, including but not restricted to the following designations:

Medical Imaging Technologists (including Grade, Staff, Professional Technical Advisors, Mammographers, Cardiology Radiographers, and MRI and Nuclear Medicine Technologists, Team Leaders / Coordinators), Radiology Clinical Assistants, Student Medical Imaging Technologists, and any employee substantially employed as one of the above but who may from time to time use different titles.

Excluding: Medical Physicists and Medical Practitioners.

- 1.2 The parties to this Collective Agreement are:
- a) ~~Te Whatu Ora/Health New Zealand Northland District Health Board (NDHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer"); and~~
 - b) ~~Waitemata District Health Board (Waitemata DHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer")~~
 - c) ~~Auckland District Health Board (ADHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer")~~
 - d) ~~Counties Manukau District Health Board (CMDHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer")~~
 - e) ~~Tairāwhiti District Health Board (TDHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer")~~
 - f) ~~Bay of Plenty District Health Board (BOPDHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer")~~
 - g) ~~Lakes District Health Board (LDHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer")~~
 - h) ~~Waikato District Health Board (WDHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer")~~
 - i) ~~Hawkes Bay District Health Board (HBDHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer")~~
 - j) ~~Taranaki District Health Board (Taranaki DHB) (herein referred to as "the employer")~~
 - k) ~~MidCentral District Health Board (MCDHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer")~~
 - l) ~~Whanganui District Health Board (WhDHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer")~~
 - m) ~~Wairarapa District Health Board (Wairarapa DHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer")~~
 - n) ~~Hutt Valley District Health Board (HVDHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer")~~
 - o) ~~Capital and Coast District Health Board (C&CDHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer")~~
 - p) ~~Nelson Marlborough District Health Board (NMDHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer")~~
 - q) ~~Canterbury District Health Board (CDHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer")~~
 - r) ~~West Coast District Health Board (WCDHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer")~~
 - s) ~~South Canterbury District Health Board (SCDHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer")~~



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~~t) Southern District Health Board (Southern DHB) (hereinafter referred to as "the employer") (formerly Southland District Health Board or Otago District Health Board before 1 May 2010)~~

~~u)b) The Association of Professional & Executive Employees (APEX) (hereinafter referred to as "APEX" or "the union")~~

1.3 This agreement shall be binding on the parties to it.

1.4 The parties agree that any employee who is engaged by the employer from the date this agreement comes into effect and the expiry of this agreement shall, in the first instance, be offered in writing the opportunity to become a party to this agreement. The parties acknowledge the obligations on the employer set out in s.62A of the Employment Relations Act 2000, including the timeframes therein.

2.0 DEFINITIONS

In this agreement unless the context otherwise requires:

"**Casual employee**" means an employee who has no set hours or days of work and who is normally asked to work as and when required.

"**Charge**" means an employee who is appointed by the employer to be in charge of a department or staff.

"**Clinical Assistant**" means an employee who directly assists MITs in medical imaging procedures, and performs ancillary duties that do not require registration under the HPCA.

"**Clinical Tutor**" means a qualified MIT who is responsible for the teaching of students on behalf of a recognized training provider and is wholly or mainly employed in that work for a proportion of their work.

"**Day**" means a 24 hour period from the normal starting time of the ~~DHB~~employer.

"**District**" in the context of Te Whatu Ora/Health New Zealand means the geographic area and the related worksites of the former District Health Board (clause 12, Schedule 1, Pae Ora (Healthy Futures) Act 2022 refers).

~~"District Health Board" (DHB) is an organisation established as District Health Board under Section 15 of the NZ Public Health and Disability Act 2000.~~

"**Emergency circumstance**" means a natural disaster or civil emergency.

"**Hourly Rate of pay**" shall be as follows corrected to three decimal places of a dollar of the yearly rate of salary payable:

Ordinary Hours Per Week	Hourly Rate Divisor
35	1820
37.5	1950
40	2086

"**Mammographer**" means an employee who has skills in mammography and works in mammography.



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"Part-time employee" means an employee, other than a casual employee, who works on a regular basis but less than the basic hours prescribed in this agreement.

"Qualified medical imaging technologist" is a medical imaging technologist who has passed an examination that is approved by the Medical Radiation Technologists Board (or equivalent) as a registerable qualification.

"Unit or Area Charge" means an employee supervising an independent department in each of which imaging equipment is operated for the purpose of examination or treatment (e.g. angiography, CT, mammography, ~~Nuclear Medicine, ultrasound, MRI,~~ plain films, PACS), or any other employee who by reason of special duties or responsibilities is for the purposes of this agreement designated as such by the employer.

"Service" means all service as a medical imaging technologist, student medical imaging technologist, mammographer, sonographer, trainee sonographer, dark room technician, MRI technologist, nuclear medicine technologist, clinical assistant, in health and service teaching imaging technology and/or sonography unless specifically stated otherwise in this collective agreement. Provided that existing employees shall have all previous service under a previous employment agreement recognised.

"Shift Work" is the same work performed by 2 or more employees or 2 or more groups of employees working successive periods.

"Specialist " means an employee who has qualifications in MRI or nuclear medicine and undertakes specialised skills or procedures requiring additional training or, who is involved in the teaching of qualified staff in MRI or nuclear medicine.

"Student" means a person who whilst employed is concurrently undergoing a course of training leading to a qualification in Medical Imaging Technology that is recognised by the Medical Radiation Technologists Board (or equivalent) as registerable.

"Student Assessor" A student assessor means an employee who is recognised by the Technical Learning Institute (Education provider) as a student assessor, or an employee who performs all of some of the following activities:

- Written student assessments;
- Longitudinal Evaluation Programmes (LEPs);
- Is involved in final practical and oral assessments (SOAP @Unitec; SPA @ ARA; CBA @ UCOL).

A student assessor is not an MIT who agrees to assess a student's competency in relation to a patient examination.

"Team Leader / Operations Coordinator / Grade medical imaging technologist" means a charge medical imaging technologist.

"Trainee MRI Technologist or Nuclear Medicine Technologist" means a person who whilst employed is concurrently undertaking a post graduate qualification in the relevant scope of practice as recognized by the Medical Radiation Technologist Board.

"Training school" means an institution recognised by the Minister of Education as a training school for medical imaging technologists.

"Week" shall be 7 consecutive days, commencing on a Monday.



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"Whole time employee" means an employee who works not less than the basic hours set out under "hours of work" in this agreement.

PART TWO - PROVISIONS RELATING TO HOURS OF WORK

3.0 HOURS OF WORK / ROSTERING / SAFE STAFFING

Preamble:

The employer is required to take all practical steps to prevent harm occurring to employees from the way work is organised. The employer is committed to safe staffing levels and appropriate skill mix. There shall be regular monitoring and any identified staffing deficiencies shall be addressed.

In designing and implementing shift rosters to meet service needs, the employer shall ensure the disruption, personal health effects and fatigue associated with shift work are minimised for the group of workers involved.

3.1 All individual employees who have stayed on 35 (1820 divisor) or 37.5 (1950 divisor) hours will have these hours individually grand parented and shall continue to be treated as full time.

Except that in Northland and West Coast ~~DHBs~~ Districts the provisions of clause 3.1 of the MECA dated 1 October 2013 to 7 October 2015 shall continue to apply.

3.2 Ordinary Hours of Work shall be as follows:

Ordinary hours of work shall be 80 per fortnight, and not more than 8 hours per day.

An employee shall be entitled to either 2 periods of 2 consecutive days off each fortnight, or by mutual agreement 3 consecutive days off (inclusive of a weekend) and one further day off during the fortnight.

Provided, however, that in emergency circumstances, the employer may require an employee to work at other times and for periods other than those specified.

3.3 Except that the employer and employee may by mutual agreement work up to 10 hours per day. Such an agreement must be recorded in writing and must involve the prior consultation with APEX.

3.4 Rosters will be notified not less than 28 days prior to the commencement of the roster and show duties for a minimum eight-week period, provided that less notice may be given in exceptional circumstances.

3.5 The normal working week shall commence on Monday at the normal starting time of the employer.

3.6 Each daily duty shall be continuous except for meal periods and rest breaks.

3.7 Where a weekend on call is worked and the cumulative number of hours worked over that weekend is greater than 14, the employee shall be entitled to the subsequent Monday as a paid day off. To facilitate staffing this day may be moved to the Tuesday after the weekend worked, by agreement.

- For the sake of clarity:



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- "hours worked" means from the beginning of a call back when the employee receives the call, to the end of that call back when the employee returns home to a maximum 20 minutes travelling time each way.
 - This provision shall only apply where an employee is rostered to work for 12 consecutive days counting the weekend days on call.
- This clause shall only apply to employees who work 0.9 FTE or greater (35 hours per week or greater) and those employees grand-parented as full time employees whilst working less than 40 hours by virtue of clause 3.1(i).
 - For those part time employees working less than 0.9 FTE (less than 35 hours per week), this clause will apply where reasonable grounds on the basis of health and safety arise.
 - For the purposes of this clause the weekend shall comprise the 48 hour period commencing at midnight Friday/Saturday.
- 3.8 Employees may change duties one with another by mutual arrangement and with the prior approval of the employer. This approval will not be unreasonably withheld. In most circumstances the change must be with an employee of equivalent skills. When a change of duty is made due to service demands or by the employer within 24 hours of the duty being worked, the duty shall be paid at overtime rates for all hours worked.

3.9 Best rostering guidelines

The following have been agreed as best practice through joint MITAC DHB/APEX seminars and should be read in conjunction with this MECA. The intention is to support the health and safety of employees including adequate time off and recuperative time, employees work life balance, efficient rostering in line with evidence-based parameters concerning fatigue, productivity and optimum performance.

- No more than 4 consecutive night shifts.
 - 3 sleeps after nights (if less than 3 night shifts, 2 sleeps off)
 - overnight on call should not be followed by a pm (late or afternoon) shift
 - No more than 7 days rostered in a row (ideally 5)
 - Call rosters should be considered as if duty rosters to ensure the impact on the MIT is appropriately considered.
 - Two consecutive days off a week.
 - No more than 1 weekend rostered on call in every 4 consecutive weekends
 - Forward rotating shift patterns.
 - Fewer shift changes as possible.
 - One work period per 24 hours – no split shifts
- 3.10 Night rosters shall provide for a sleep day (that being the 24-hour period following the cessation of the night duty and not being a rostered day off) and as a minimum one further day off after any period of consecutive night duties.
- 3.11 Any of the hours of work provisions prescribed in this clause may be varied by agreement in writing between the employer, the employees directly affected and APEX.
- 3.12 Except that at Canterbury DHB-District the rostering arrangements in force prior to 6/12/07 shall continue to apply unless otherwise agreed between CDHB and APEX.



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3.13 The parties agree that it is undesirable to roster employees to work more than 7 consecutive days in a row.

3.14 In accordance with Part 6AA (Flexible Working) of the Employment Relations Act, an employee may request a change to their work pattern either for a fixed period, for example (but not limited to) while pregnant, or permanently. This may be supported by advice from a health professional. Arrangements are to be agreed between the line manager and employee. If the advice of the health professional recommends a change to their work pattern, shifts worked or number of hours, this will be taken into consideration by the employer.

3.15 The employer will ensure workplaces are providing appropriate opportunities for remote and hybrid working in accordance with local policies. Arrangements consistent with these policies will be agreed between the employer and employee.

~~The Parties have agreed to a review of the on-call rosters in each DHB using the process outlined in the terms of settlement and appended to the end of this MECA on pages 91-93.~~

4.0 MEAL PERIODS AND REST BREAKS

4.1 Except when required for urgent or emergency work and except as provided in 4.3 below, no employee shall be required to work for more than five hours continuously without being allowed a meal break of not less than half an hour.

4.2 Rest breaks of 10 minutes each for morning tea, afternoon tea or supper, where these occur during duty, shall be allowed as time worked.

4.3 An employee unable to be relieved from work for a meal break shall be allowed to have a meal on duty and this period shall be regarded as working time.

4.4 Employers that currently provide a meal to employees at the employer's expense shall continue to do so.

4.5 Except where provided for in 4.3 above an employee unable to take a meal after five hours' duty shall be paid at time-half rate in addition to normal salary from the expiry of five hours until the time when a meal can be taken. Except that on Saturdays, Sundays and Public Holidays an employee shall be paid at time half (T1/2) in addition to normal salary.

4.6 During the meal break or rest breaks prescribed above, free tea, coffee, milo, milk and sugar shall be supplied by the employer. Where it is impractical to supply tea, coffee, milk, milo and sugar free of charge, an allowance of \$11 per week in lieu shall be paid. This allowance shall continue during all periods of leave except leave without pay.



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PART THREE - RATES OF REMUNERATION

5.0 SALARIES AND WAGES

~~The DHBs shall make payment of \$1,000 (gross and pro-rata FTE) to all full and part-time employees who are (and only those who are) APEX members employed by the DHBs at the date of ratification.~~

~~Note that Lump Sum Payments for part-time will be based on the greater of actual hours worked over the previous 12 months, or contractual FTE.~~

~~Qualifying staff who are on approved leave without pay on the date of ratification shall be eligible to receive the payment on their return to work.~~

The following salary scales are the minimum rates applicable.

5.1 Medical Imaging Technologists (excluding MRI and Nuclear Medicine Technologists)

40 hours

Step	1-Nov-19	3-Feb-20	1-Feb-21	1-Feb-22
15	404,384	407,512	440,737	442,398
14	402,275	405,343	408,503	410,134
13	98,560	401,517	404,562	406,130
12	94,844	97,689	100,620	102,129
11	91,129	93,863	96,679	98,129
10	87,415	90,038	92,739	94,130
9	83,699	86,210	88,796	90,128
8	79,984	82,384	84,855	86,128
7	75,536	77,802	80,136	81,338
6	72,904	75,088	77,341	78,504
5	68,177	70,222	72,329	73,414
4	64,497	66,434	68,424	69,454
3	60,817	62,642	64,521	65,489
2	57,138	58,852	60,618	61,527
1	53,459	55,063	56,715	57,565

Step	1-Feb-22	1-Sep-22	
15	\$112,398	\$118,098	M
14	\$110,131	\$115,831	M
13	\$106,130	\$111,830	M
12	\$102,129	\$107,829	M
11	\$98,129	\$103,829	M
10	\$94,130	\$99,830	M
9	\$90,128	\$95,828	M
8	\$86,128	\$91,828	M
7	\$81,338	\$87,038	A



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6	\$78,501	\$84,201	A
5	\$73,414	\$79,114	A
4	\$69,541	\$75,241	A
3	\$65,489	\$71,189	A
2	\$61,527	\$67,227	A
1	\$57,656	\$63,356	A

A = Automatic Annual Progression; M = Merit Progression

37.5 hours

Step	1-Nov-19	3-Feb-20	1-Feb-21	1-Feb-22
15	97,857	100,793	103,816	105,374
14	95,882	98,759	101,722	103,248
13	92,400	95,172	98,027	99,497
12	88,916	91,584	94,331	95,746
11	85,433	87,996	90,636	91,996
10	81,952	84,410	86,943	88,247
9	78,468	80,822	83,247	84,495
8	74,985	77,235	79,552	80,745
7	70,815	72,940	75,128	76,255
6	68,345	70,395	72,507	73,595
5	63,916	65,833	67,808	68,825
4	60,466	62,279	64,148	65,110
3	57,016	58,727	60,489	61,396
2	53,567	55,174	56,829	57,682
1	50,118	51,621	53,170	53,968

Step	1-Feb-22	1-Sep-22	
15	\$105,374	\$110,718	M
14	\$103,248	\$108,592	M
13	\$99,497	\$104,841	M
12	\$95,746	\$101,090	M
11	\$91,996	\$97,340	M
10	\$88,247	\$93,591	M
9	\$84,495	\$89,839	M
8	\$80,745	\$86,089	M
7	\$76,255	\$81,599	A
6	\$73,595	\$78,939	A
5	\$68,825	\$74,169	A
4	\$65,110	\$70,538	A
3	\$61,396	\$66,740	A
2	\$57,682	\$63,026	A
1	\$53,968	\$59,396	A

A = Automatic Annual Progression; M = Merit Progression



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35 hours

step	1-Nov-19	3-Feb-20	1-Feb-21	1-Feb-22
15	91,333	94,073	96,895	98,349
14	89,490	92,175	94,040	96,364
13	86,240	88,827	91,402	92,864
12	82,988	85,478	88,042	89,363
11	79,738	82,130	84,594	85,863
10	76,488	78,783	81,146	82,364
9	73,237	75,434	77,697	78,862
8	69,986	72,086	74,248	75,362
7	66,094	68,077	70,119	71,171
6	63,789	65,702	67,673	68,689
5	59,655	61,444	63,288	64,237
4	56,434	58,128	59,874	60,769
3	53,215	54,812	56,456	57,303
2	49,996	51,496	53,041	53,836
1	46,777	48,180	49,625	50,370

Step	1-Feb-22	1-Sep-22	
15	\$98,349	\$103,337	M
14	\$96,364	\$101,352	M
13	\$92,864	\$97,852	M
12	\$89,363	\$94,351	M
11	\$85,863	\$90,851	M
10	\$82,364	\$87,352	M
9	\$78,862	\$83,850	M
8	\$75,362	\$80,350	M
7	\$71,171	\$76,159	A
6	\$68,689	\$73,677	A
5	\$64,237	\$69,225	A
4	\$60,769	\$65,836	A
3	\$57,303	\$62,291	A
2	\$53,836	\$58,824	A
1	\$50,370	\$55,437	A

A = Automatic Annual Progression; M = Merit Progression

Progression and Placement

5.1.1 Automatic Steps

- a) When determining the appropriate placement of new employees on the automatic steps of the scale the employer will take into account the employee's years of experience in the occupation.



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- b) The employer may place a new employee on a higher step than determined by their previous experience in the occupation where they consider justified by the degree of difficulty in recruiting for specific skills and/or experience required for the position.
- c) Placement of new employees will consider the placement of current employees employed in the same role.
- d) Progression from Steps 1 to 7 shall be by automatic annual increment.

Translation and transition – New Automatic Annual Increment Step 7

~~Effective 3 February 2020, employees who have been on step 6 for 12 months or more shall move to the new top automatic step. This translation shall reset their anniversary date for future salary progression purposes (i.e. they shall be required to complete a further 12 months' service on this step before being eligible to progress in accordance with the relevant progression provisions).
Otherwise progression is available after 12 months on Step 7.~~

~~All other employees are eligible for automatic annual progression up to Step 7 on the salary scale.~~

5.1.15.1.2 Progression beyond Step 7 shall be dependent on job content, skill shortage, responsibilities of the position, and the employee's level of performance. Progression shall recognise that clinical skill, knowledge and responsibility, as well as managerial and leadership responsibilities shall be rewarded.

5.1.25.1.3 Provided that any employee who is a:

- a) Charge Medical Imaging Technologist shall be paid a minimum of Step 13. The employee shall progress to step 14 through merit or after two years of satisfactory performance in the Charge role.
- b) Unit/Area Charge shall be paid a minimum of Step 10. The employee shall progress to step 11 on the achievement of mutually agreed objectives set prospectively at the performance review undertaken when the employee is on step 10. Progression shall not be denied where a performance review is not completed through no fault of the employee or where work objectives are not met due to work reassignment directed by the employer.
- c) Clinical Tutor shall be paid a minimum of step 8 ~~for the proportion of time employed to undertake the clinical tutor duties.~~ The employee shall progress to step 9 on the achievement of mutually agreed objectives set prospectively at the performance review undertaken when the employee is on step 8.

Progression shall not be denied where a performance review is not completed through no fault of the employee or where work objectives are not met due to work reassignment directed by the employer.

- d) MITs required to comply with the national policy and quality standards prescribed by BSA shall be entitled to be paid one step above their existing salary ~~in addition to their~~



and



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~~entitlement under clause 5.1.4 to a maximum of step 9 (note – a BSA Mammographer is not required to work in another modality to progress to step 9).~~

5.1.4 To recognize increased skills and flexibility those employees (subject to sub clause 5.1.4.1 below) who:

- (a) ~~are available and work across more than one skill set (for the purposes of this clause a skill set shall include CT, Angiography, PACS administration, mammography, plain films (including CR));~~ or
- (b) ~~achieve a relevant post graduate diploma (or equivalent) in diagnostic general imaging,~~

~~shall be entitled to be paid one step above their existing salary. For the purposes of this clause a skill set shall include:~~

~~CT, Angiography, PACS administration, mammography, plain films (including CR).~~

5.1.4.1 Except that:

- (a) Nothing in this clause shall require an employee to be available to work in more than one skill set where agreement between the individual employee and employer to work in only one skill set exists.
- (b) Employees who only work in plain film with no post graduate diploma (or equivalent) shall not receive the additional step.
- (c) Nothing in clause 5.1.4 shall apply to unit, area charge or charge MITs.

5.1.4.2 Employees who, prior to 3 February 2020:

- (a) have been accepted for future receipt of two extra salary steps (modality payment) (e.g. accepted into CT training) under the previous clause 5.1.4; or
- (b) are already receiving two extra salary steps (modality payment) through the previous clause 5.1.4

shall retain this entitlement (to two extra salary steps) for the purposes of automatic annual progression and may progress up to a maximum of Step 8 on the salary scale.

5.2 Recognition of previous service for salary purpose shall include all service as defined in clause 2. In addition where an employee has not worked as they have undertaken a course of study approved by the employer, that period shall be regarded as continuous service.

Employees (from overseas) who are completing registration requirements shall be paid the following rates as a minimum when performing work.

Effective Date	1-Nov-19	3-Feb-20	1-Feb-21	1-Feb-22
40 hours per week	\$46,179	\$47,564	\$48,991	\$49,726
37.5 hours per week	\$43,292	\$44,591	\$45,928	\$46,617
35 hours per week	\$40,407	\$41,619	\$42,868	\$43,511

Weekly hours	1-Feb-22	1-Sep-22
40 hours per week	\$49,726	\$55,426

<u>37.5 hours per week</u>	<u>\$46,617</u>	<u>\$51,961</u>
<u>35 hours per week</u>	<u>\$43,511</u>	<u>\$48,499</u>

5.3 MRI and Nuclear Medicine Technologists:

40 hours

-	Step	1-Nov-19	3-Feb-20	1-Feb-21	1-Feb-22
MRI and Nuclear Medicine Technologists	10	106,038	109,220	112,496	114,184
	9	102,801	105,885	109,061	110,697
	8	99,564	102,551	105,628	107,212
	7	97,440	100,363	103,374	104,924
	6	94,365	97,196	100,112	101,614
	5	90,883	93,610	96,418	97,864
	4	88,310	90,959	93,688	95,094
	3	85,740	88,312	90,962	92,326
	2	83,154	85,649	88,218	89,541
	1	80,521	82,937	85,425	86,706
Trainee MRI and Nuclear Medicine Technologist	3	68,357	70,408	72,520	73,608
	2	65,631	67,599	69,627	70,672
	1	63,011	64,902	66,849	67,851

40 hours

MRI and Nuclear Medicine Technologists

Step	1-Feb-22	1-Sep-22	
10	\$114,184	\$119,884	M
9	\$110,697	\$116,397	M
8	\$107,212	\$112,912	M
7	\$104,924	\$110,624	M
6	\$101,614	\$107,314	A
5	\$97,864	\$103,564	A
4	\$95,094	\$100,794	A
3	\$92,326	\$98,026	A
2	\$89,541	\$95,241	A
1	\$86,703	\$92,403	A

Trainee MRI and Nuclear Medicine Technologists

Step	1-Feb-22	1-Sep-22	
3	\$73,608	\$79,308	A
2	\$70,672	\$76,372	A
1	\$67,851	\$73,551	A

A = Automatic Annual Progression; M = Merit Progression

37.5 hours



and



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37.5 hours

-	Step	1-Nov-19	3-Feb-20	1-Feb-21	1-Feb-22
MRI and Nuclear Medicine Technologists	10	99,414	102,393	105,465	107,047
	9	96,376	99,267	102,245	103,779
	8	93,342	96,142	99,026	100,512
	7	91,350	94,090	96,913	98,367
	6	88,468	91,122	93,855	95,263
	5	85,203	87,759	90,392	91,748
	4	82,794	85,274	87,833	89,150
	3	80,382	82,793	85,277	86,556
	2	77,957	80,296	82,704	83,945
	1	75,489	77,753	80,086	81,287
Trainee MRI and Nuclear Medicine Technologist	3	64,085	66,007	67,987	69,007
	2	61,529	63,375	65,276	66,255
	1	59,073	60,845	62,674	63,611

MRI and Nuclear Medicine Technologists

Step	1-Feb-22	1-Sep-22	
10	\$107,047	\$112,391	M
9	\$103,779	\$109,123	M
8	\$100,512	\$105,856	M
7	\$98,367	\$103,711	M
6	\$95,263	\$100,607	A
5	\$91,748	\$97,092	A
4	\$89,150	\$94,494	A
3	\$86,556	\$91,900	A
2	\$83,945	\$89,289	A
1	\$81,287	\$86,631	A

Trainee MRI and Nuclear Medicine Technologists

Step	1-Feb-22	1-Sep-22	
3	\$69,007	\$74,351	A
2	\$66,255	\$71,599	A
1	\$63,611	\$68,955	A

A = Automatic Annual Progression; M = Merit Progression

35 hours

35 hours

-	Step	1-Nov-19	3-Feb-20	1-Feb-21	1-Feb-22
MRI and Nuclear-Medicine Technologists	10	92,784	95,567	98,434	99,914
	9	89,954	92,649	95,429	96,860
	8	87,119	89,732	92,424	93,814
	7	85,260	87,818	90,452	91,809
	6	82,570	85,047	87,598	88,912



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	5	79,523	81,908	84,366	85,631
	4	77,271	79,590	81,977	83,207
	3	75,023	77,273	79,592	80,786
	2	72,760	74,943	77,191	78,349
	1	70,456	72,570	74,747	75,868
Trainee MRI and Nuclear Medicine Technologist	3	59,812	61,607	63,455	64,407
	2	57,427	59,150	60,924	61,838
	1	55,135	56,789	58,493	59,370

MRI and Nuclear Medicine Technologists

Step	1-Feb-22	1-Sep-22	
10	\$99,911	\$104,899	M
9	\$96,860	\$101,848	M
8	\$93,811	\$98,799	M
7	\$91,809	\$96,797	M
6	\$88,912	\$93,900	A
5	\$85,631	\$90,619	A
4	\$83,207	\$88,195	A
3	\$80,786	\$85,774	A
2	\$78,349	\$83,337	A
1	\$75,868	\$80,856	A

Trainee MRI and Nuclear Medicine Technologists

Step	1-Feb-22	1-Sep-22	
3	\$64,407	\$69,395	A
2	\$61,838	\$66,826	A
1	\$59,370	\$64,358	A

A = Automatic Annual Progression; M = Merit Progression

Whilst undertaking training towards qualification as a MRI or Nuclear Medicine Technologist, employees will continue to be employed on the MIT scale or the trainee scale above, whichever is the higher rate.

5.3.1 Automatic Steps

- a) When determining the appropriate placement of new employees on the automatic steps of the scale the employer will take into account the employee's years of experience in the occupation.
- b) The employer may place a new employee on a higher step than determined by their previous experience in the occupation where they consider justified by the degree of difficulty in recruiting for specific skills and/or experience required for the position.
- c) Placement of new employees will consider the placement of current employees employed in the same role.
- d) Movement through Steps 1-6 of the scale shall be by automatic annual increments.

Transitional provisions for new automatic annual increment for Step 6

~~Effective date of ratification employees who have been on step 5 for 12 months or more shall move to Step 6. This translation shall reset their anniversary date for future salary progression purposes (i.e. they shall be required to complete a further 12 months' service on this step before being eligible to progress in accordance with the relevant progression provisions).~~

~~Otherwise progression is available after 12 months on Step 6.~~

5.3.2 Progression beyond Step 6 shall be dependent on job content, skill shortage, responsibilities of the position, and the employee's level of performance. Progression shall recognise that clinical skill, knowledge and responsibility, as well as managerial and leadership responsibilities shall be rewarded.

5.3.3 The minimum step payable to a specialist, ~~unit or area charge~~ MRI/Nuclear Medicine Technologists with designated management or supervisory responsibilities supporting the Charge MRI/Nuclear Medicine Technologist shall be step 7. The employee shall progress to step 8 on the achievement of mutually agreed objectives set prospectively at the performance review undertaken when the employee is on step 7.

Progression shall not be denied where a performance review is not completed through no fault of the employee or where work objectives are not met due to work reassignment directed by the employer.

5.3.4 The minimum step payable to a charge MRI Technologist and Nuclear Medicine Technologist shall be step 9. The employee shall progress to step 10 through merit or after two years of satisfactory performance in the Charge role.

5.3.5 All service as a MRI Technologist or Nuclear Medicine Technologist, trainee MRI Technologist or Nuclear Medicine Technologist, MIT and all periods of service in the employ of a DHB, CHE, HHS, Area Health Board, a separate institution or the crown in New Zealand shall be counted when determining the commencing step on the salary scale.

5.3.6 Notwithstanding the rates of salary specified above after having regard to the educational qualifications, and experience of a person appointed to this scale, the employer may pay a commencing salary higher than the first step. If at the time of obtaining post graduate qualification those MITs that currently sit on step 5 or higher on the general MIT scale will translate to a minimum of step 2 on the MRI and Nuclear Medicine Technologists scale.

5.3.7 Where a trainee nuclear medicine technologist successfully completes Part I of the programme recognised by the Medical Radiation Technologists Board, plus completes six months current practical experience, or has gained 50% of the credit units of the programme recognised by the Medical Radiation Technologists Board in Nuclear Medicine, they shall advance to Step 2 of trainee nuclear medicine technologist salary scale. The employee will progress to step 3 of the trainee scale after 12 months on step 2, subject to making satisfactory progress against the academic and clinical experience requirements of the training programme, as agreed with the nominated supervisor.

5.3.8 Trainee MRI technologists shall advance to Step 2 of trainee MRI technologist salary scale when either of the following occurs:

- a. The employee commences on the on call roster, or



and



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- b. The employee successfully completes a MRI post graduate certificate or equivalent and has completed a further six months practical experience as a trainee MRI technologist.

The employee will progress to step 3 of the trainee scale after 12 months on step 2, subject to making satisfactory progress against the academic and clinical experience requirements of the training programme, as agreed with the nominated supervisor.

5.4 Clinical Assistants

Step	1-Nov-19	3-Feb-20	1-Feb-21	1-Feb-22	-
7	53,214	54,810	56,455	57,302	M
6	51,664	53,214	54,810	55,632	M
5	50,159	51,664	53,214	54,012	A
4	47,039	48,450	49,904	50,652	A
3	43,473	44,777	46,121	46,812	A
2	40,125	41,329	42,569	43,207	A
1	37,617	38,746	39,908	40,506	A

Step	1-Feb-22		Step	1-Sep-22
7	\$57,302	⇒	5	\$63,002
6	\$55,632	⇒	4	\$60,510
5	\$54,012	⇒	3	\$58,914
4	\$50,652	⇒	2	\$56,604
3	\$46,812	⇒	1	\$51,820
2	\$43,207	⇒		
1	\$40,506	⇒		

- 5.4.1 The above reflect full time salary rates and shall be pro rata for those remaining on 37.5 or 35 hours as full-time employees.
- 5.4.2 In the event that any salary on the clinical assistant scale falls below the minimum wage at any point during the term of this agreement, the minimum wage rates will apply.
- 5.4.3 Movement through Steps 1-5 of the Clinical Assistants scale shall be by automatic annual increments.

5.4.4 Clinical Assistants shall translate onto the new scale as shown in the salary table above and subject to the following arrangements:

- a) Those Clinical Assistants on step 1 or 2 of the scale at 1 September 2022 shall translate to the new step 1. This translation shall reset their anniversary date for future pay progression purposes and they shall be required to complete a further 12 months' service on this step before progressing to the new step 2.



and



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~~b) Those Clinical Assistants on step 3 of the scale at 1 September 2022 shall translate to the new step 1 and shall progress to the new step 2 on their anniversary for progression purposes.~~

~~c) Those Clinical Assistants who had been on step 5 or step 6 at 1 September 2022 for more than 12 months shall translate to the new step 4 or step 5 respectively. This translation shall reset their anniversary date for future pay progression purposes and they shall be required to complete a further 12 months' service on this step before progressing to the new step 5 or 6 respectively. All other Clinical Assistants on step 5 or step 6 at 1 ~~September~~ August 2022 shall progress to the new step 4 or step 5 respectively on their anniversary for progression purposes.~~

~~5.4.2 Progression beyond Step 5 shall be as follows. The following examples are indicative of the type and level of skill and responsibility of each merit level. Other types of work performed at this level can also be considered.~~

~~**Merit 1**~~

- ~~— Consistently demonstrates initiative in workplace efficiency.~~
- ~~1. Is adaptive and consistently demonstrates flexibility at short notice.~~
- ~~1. Trains new clinical assistants in best practice.~~
- ~~1. Consistently exceeds performance expectations.~~

~~**Merit 2**~~

- ~~0. Monitoring of performance and daily supervision of other staff.~~
- ~~0. Plans rosters and coordinates daily workload of staff.~~
- ~~0. Supervises a workplace quality improvement program.~~
- ~~0. Consistently exceeds performance expectations.~~

~~5.4.5~~ Recognition of previous service for salary purpose shall include all service as defined in clause 2. In addition, where an employee has not worked as they have undertaken a course of study approved by the employer, that period shall be regarded as continuous service.

5.5 Employees on full-time study leave with or without pay shall continue to receive annual increments to which they would otherwise be entitled.

5.6 Part-time employees - A part-time employee shall be paid a rate of salary representing the proportion of the salary payable in respect of full-time employment.

6.0 EMPLOYMENT OF STUDENTS

6.1 The parties agree that students taking part in rostered clinical-based training shall not be paid where they are supernumerary and under on-site supervision of a registered Medical Imaging Technologist.

6.2 Other than as provided in 6.1, students will be entitled to all conditions of employment on a pro rata basis. In consultation with the student, rostering of (supervised) work shifts shall occur as follows:

6.2.1 When they are not supernumerary and performing the duties of an MIT.

6.2.2 Students may be rostered to work for any 8-hour shift between 0700 - 2230 Monday – Friday as required by the employer.



and



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6.2.3 Students will be offered employment during semester or course block breaks in Auckland, Northland, Waitemata and Waikato ~~DHBs/Districts~~.

6.2.4 Students may be requested to work rostered weekend shifts. These shifts will still be considered to be training but will be paid.

~~6.3 Whilst employed to perform work as per clause 6.2, students will be remunerated on the Clinical Assistants Scale in 5.4 with their year corresponding to the salary step (to a maximum of step/year 3).~~

~~6.3 Whilst engaged to perform work as per clause 6.2, students will be remunerated as per the Student Salary Scale below.~~

	1-Nov-19	3-Feb-20	1-Feb-21	1-Feb-22
Year 3	\$19.13	\$19.94	\$21.22	\$21.54
Year 2	\$18.57	\$19.36	\$20.60	\$20.91
Year 1	\$18.03	\$18.57	\$19.13	\$19.41

~~In the event that any rate on the student scale falls below the minimum wage at any point during the term of this agreement, the minimum wage rates will apply.~~

~~6.3.1 Progression will be by annual increments, subject to satisfactory performance.~~

~~6.4 Minimum Adult Rate / Progression~~

~~6.4.1 Appointees aged 20 and above shall be appointed to step 3.~~

~~6.4.2 Appointees aged less than 20 shall:~~

- ~~(a) be appointed to appropriate step;~~
- ~~(b) progress by annual increments to the maximum.~~

~~6.4.3 Appointees on less than step 3 shall progress to step 3 on their 20th birthday.~~

7.0 OVERTIME AND PENAL TIME (Schedule 4 contains individual employer provisions in addition to the following. Except that where a condition is duplicated the schedule will apply).

7.1 Overtime is time worked in excess of the ordinary hours of work as set out in clause 3, when such work has been properly authorised. Overtime ~~payment is detailed in schedule 4 is paid at the following rates:-~~

~~a) overtime worked on any day from midnight Sunday/Monday to midnight on the following Friday/Saturday shall be paid at one-and-a-half times (T1.5) the employee's ordinary hourly rate of pay for the first three hours, and at double (T2) the ordinary hourly rate of pay thereafter.~~

~~b) except that overtime worked:~~

- ~~(i.) from 2200 to the completion of a rostered night duty Sunday to Friday, or~~
- ~~(ii.) from midnight Friday/Saturday to Midnight Sunday/Monday, or~~
- ~~(iii.) on a public holiday~~



and



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shall be paid at double (T2) the ordinary hourly rate of pay.

In lieu of payment for overtime, the employer and employee may jointly agree for the employee to take equivalent (that is, on an hour for hour basis) paid time off work at a mutually convenient time.

7.2 Penal time is defined as time (other than overtime) worked within ordinary hours on a Saturday or Sunday. Penal time shall be paid in addition to normal salary. Penal rates are specified in schedule 4.

7.3 Overtime and penal time shall not be paid in respect of the same hours.

7.4 **Night Allowance**

7.4.1 Night rate – An employee whose normal hours of duty fall between 2000 hours and 0700 hours will be paid at time one quarter of the normal hourly rate of pay (T0.25) in addition to normal salary for all hours which so fall provided that:

- (i) The rate is to be calculated on the ordinary time hourly rate;
- (ii) The minimum payment under this provision shall not be less than payment for two hours at T 0.25 of the normal hourly rate even if the part of a shift which falls between the hours of 2000 hours and 0600 hours is less than two hours worked.

7.4.2 Night rate is not to be paid when overtime is being worked or a penal rate is payable.

7.4.3 Night Allowance - In addition an employee who is rostered to work night shifts where the substantial number of hours falls between 2200 and 0700 the following day, shall be paid a night rate allowance of \$25.00 per night for that shift.

7.5 **Minimum Break Between Spells of Duty**

7.5.1 A break of at least nine (12 in Waitemata ~~DHB~~District) continuous hours must be provided wherever possible between any two periods of duty of a full shift or more.

7.5.2 Periods of a full shift or more include:

- (i) Periods of normal rostered work; or
- (ii) Periods of overtime that are continuous with a period of normal rostered work; or
- (iii) Full shifts of overtime/call-back duty.

7.5.2A If a call-back of less than a full shift is worked between two periods of duty of a full shift of more, a break of nine-continuous hours must be provided either before or after the call-back. If such a break has been provided before the call-back it does not have to be provided afterwards as well, except for those employees who are called back between 2200 hours and 0600 hours, for whom the break must be provided after the call back unless otherwise mutually agreed.

If, despite this break, the MIT considers they are still too fatigued to return to work and work safely then they shall raise this with their immediate manager and arrangements shall be agreed to address and mitigate the personal and professional risks associated with this situation. These arrangements may include not being required to work the balance of their rostered shift without deduction or loss of pay



and



- 7.5.3 This requirement to provide a break wherever possible applies whether or not any additional payment will apply under the provisions of this clause.
- 7.5.4 If a break of at least nine continuous hours cannot be provided between periods of qualifying duty, the duty is to be regarded as continuous until a break of at least nine continuous hours is taken and it shall be paid at overtime rates, with proper regard to the time at which it occurs and the amount of overtime which precedes it.
- 7.5.5 The additional payment provisions of this clause will not apply in any case where the result would be to give an employee a lesser payment than would otherwise have been received.
- 7.5.6 Time spent off duty during ordinary hours solely to obtain a nine-hour break shall be paid at ordinary time rates. Any absence after the ninth continuous hour of such a break, if it occurs in ordinary time, shall be treated as a normal absence from duty.
- 7.6 Authorised absences, either with or without pay, are as provided for in this agreement and shall be counted as actual hours worked for the purposes of calculated overtime.

8.0 WEEKEND WORK PENALTY CLAUSE

- 8.1 For the purpose of this clause a weekend duty means period on call or on duty in which the majority of hours fall between 1630 hours Friday and 0800 hours Monday.
- 8.2 Where an employee is rostered or requested by the employer to work one or more duties on three consecutive weekends, then a penalty payment of \$250 per weekend, for the third and subsequent weekends shall apply until there has been one weekend completely unworked or rostered. This clause shall apply to on call work in weekends.
- 8.3 This clause shall not apply to employees who are employed to work solely on weekends or where fixed ordinary hours/days of work include a weekend (non rotating).

9.0 ON CALL

An employee who is instructed to be on call during normal off duty hours shall be paid an on call allowance of \$8.00 per hour except on public holidays when the rate shall be \$10.00. The on call rates are payable per roster, per employee, per day.

- 9.1 When an employee is required to be on call, a cell phone shall be made available to the employee for the period of the on call period, at no expense to the employee.
- 9.2 Employees who are on call will accrue additional leave at a rate of 1 day leave for every 230 qualifying hours on call, up to a maximum of 5 days leave (1150 qualifying hours on call) per annum.
- 9.3 Computer calls: Where the employer requires an employee to log on to the employer's computer system, having left their place of employment, they shall be paid a minimum of three hours at T2, on the same terms as set out in this clause.
- 9.4 Where an employee is called back to duty outside that employee's rostered hours of work the employee shall be reimbursed actual and reasonable expenses for transport to and from call duty.



and



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Part-time employees (call-backs) - Where part-time employees are part of an official on call roster and are called out from their place of residence, they shall be paid on the basis of a minimum number of hours as per the table below at the rates outlined in schedule 4. The length of the call would be measured in respect of actual time worked and travelling time from the place of call to the place of duty and return to the place of call or residence. The minimum payment prescribed shall apply to each recall, except that call-outs commencing and finishing within the minimum period covered by an earlier call-out shall not attract any additional payment.

9.5 Nuisance calls: Where an employee is called by the employer when not rostered on call or duty but having left the place of employment, the employer shall incur a penalty of \$250, per such call made. The employee shall report the incident to their service manager who must ensure that systems are put in place to prevent a repeat of the nuisance call.

9.6 ~~An-Except for MITs employed at Taranaki Base Hospital or in the West Coast District, from [date of ratification] an~~ employee shall be paid for a minimum ~~number of three~~ hours ~~as per the following table,~~ or for actual working and traveling time, whichever is the greater, at the appropriate rate, when the employee:

- (1) is called back to work after
 - completing the day's work, and
 - having left the place of employment, or
- (2) is called back before the normal time of starting work, and does not continue working until such normal starting time, except that:
 - where a call back commences before and continues beyond the end of a minimum period for a previous call back, payment shall be made as if the employee had worked continuously from the beginning of the previous call back to the end of the later call back.

Prior to the date of ratification, call back arrangements shall be as outlined in APEX & District Health Boards MIT 2019-2022 MECA that preceded this Collective Agreement.

These previous arrangements shall continue for MITs employed at Taranaki Base Hospital or in the West Coast District (see Schedule 4). These will be reviewed at the next negotiations.

~~NOTE: If a call back of less than a full shift is worked between two periods of duty of a full shift or more, a break of nine continuous hours must be provided either before or after the call back. If such a break has been provided before the call back it does not have to be provided afterwards as well, except for those employees who are called back between 2200 hours and 0600 hours, for whom the break must be provided after the call back unless otherwise mutually agreed.~~

DHB	Minimum number of hours paid per call
Auckland	3
BOP	3
Canterbury	2
Capital & Coast	2
Counties Manukau	3
Taranaki – New Plymouth	3



and



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Taranaki – Hawera	12
Hawkes Bay	13
Hutt Valley	12
Lakes	13
Mid Central	12
Nelson – Marlborough	12
Northland	12
South Canterbury	12
Southern	12
Tairāwhiti	13
Waikato	12
Wairarapa	12
Waitemata	13
West Coast	13
Whanganui	12

Call back — rates of pay are detailed in schedule 4.

10.0 HIGHER DUTIES ALLOWANCE

- 10.1 Where the employer requires an employee to substantially perform the duties and carry the responsibilities of a position of a class or grade higher than the employee's own or where an employee is temporarily appointed to a higher graded position for three days or more, the employee will receive for the whole period the salary and conditions of the position to which they are temporarily appointed or performing.
- 10.2 The salary payment shall be the minimum salary the employee would receive if appointed to that position.
- 10.3 Where the employer requires an employee to co-ordinate a shift or shifts for less than three days (1 day in Waitemata and Whanganui ~~DHBs~~Districts) in the absence of an employee appointed for that purpose, they shall be paid an allowance of \$30.00 per shift in addition to the remuneration normally paid for such a shift.

11.0 REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES ON EMPLOYER BUSINESS

- 11.1 Employees who are instructed by the employer to use their private motor vehicle on employer business shall be paid a motor vehicle allowance as promulgated from time to time by the IRD in terms of the agreed formula.
- 11.2 When employees are instructed to leave and return to their normal place of work on the same day on employer business, they shall be reimbursed for actual and reasonable expenses.
- 11.3 In all other circumstances with the prior approval of the employer, actual and reasonable expenses incurred while on the business of the employer shall be reimbursed.
- 11.4 Employees who are required by the employer to travel and stay away from their normal place of work may claim reimbursement of their accommodation costs on an actual and reasonable basis on presentation of receipts. In addition employees shall be paid an

allowance of \$62.40 per day (except where an employer provides a higher payment prior to the coming into force of this agreement, the employer shall continue to pay at that higher level and this clause shall not apply), (no receipts shall be required) to cover incidental costs including meals.

For the sake of clarification, the payment of \$62.40 per day as set out above shall also be paid for each day or part therefore where an employee has been required to travel and stay away overnight from their normal place of work. As an example, where an employee travels away on a Monday from their normal place of work, stays away from home overnight and returns to work/home on Tuesday, they shall receive \$62.40 x 2.

12.0 MEAL ALLOWANCE

A shift worker who works a qualifying shift or more and who is required to work more than one hour beyond the end of any shift (including an ordinary day), (excluding any break for a meal), shall be paid a meal allowance of \$11.00 or, at the option of the employer, be provided with a meal.

Where the employer provides a meal in lieu of payment of the allowance, the meal should be appropriate to any dietary requirements of the employee. The allowance shall be paid where an individual's dietary requirement can't be met. Concerns about the adequacy of meals provided under this clause shall be raised with the service manager.

13.0 FORENSIC INVESTIGATION ALLOWANCE

An employee who is required to perform a radiological procedure as part of a post mortem examination shall be provided the equivalent time off (but no less than 30 minutes) within 48 hours of the procedure being performed. Where this is impractical, as a consequence of workloads in the relevant department, an allowance of \$100 shall be paid per employee (to a maximum of 2 employees) required to perform the procedure.

For monitoring purposes, where the allowance is paid to the employees performing the procedure, the union will be notified. The union will work with the respective DHB-District to minimise such occurrences.

14.0 RETIRING GRATUITIES

As part of the settlement of this MECA, the parties have identified those employees with a continuing entitlement to a retiring gratuity. A letter confirming their entitlement shall be placed on each individual's personal file and a copy held by APEX. In the event of a future dispute over entitlement, the provisions of the MECA in force immediately prior to this (dated 1 October 2013 to 7 October 2015) shall apply.

Retiring gratuities for employees of South Canterbury, Waitemata and Northland DHBs Districts continue to be provided for in schedule 1.



and

Te Whatu Ora
Health New Zealand

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PART FOUR - PROVISIONS RELATING TO LEAVE

WHOLE HOLIDAYS

15.0 ANNUAL LEAVE

- 15.1 Employees, ~~other than casual employees~~, shall be entitled to four (4) weeks annual leave, taken and paid in accordance with the provisions of the Holidays Act 2003, except that on completion of five (5) years current continuous service the employee shall be entitled to five (5) weeks annual leave.

Unless schedule 6 provides otherwise, for the purpose of calculating current continuous service, time taken on leave without pay in excess of three months on any one occasion (except for Parental Leave) shall be excluded. Except that where the employee remains engaged on MIT work or study whilst absent, the period of three months shall extend to twelve months.

- 15.2 Conditions -

- 15.2.1 The term "leave year" means the year ending with the anniversary date of the employee's appointment.

- 15.2.2 For the purposes of this clause, "current continuous service" is as per the attached schedule 6.

- 15.2.3 The employer may permit an employee to take annual leave in one or more periods.

- 15.2.4 The employer may permit all or part of the annual leave accruing in respect of a leave year to be postponed to the next following year, but the annual leave entitlement at any one time shall not exceed the total of annual leave accruing in respect of two leave years.

Provided that, where an employee is on continuous leave without pay due to illness or accident the employee will be permitted to take or accumulate leave for up to two years. After this, an employee will not qualify for any further period of leave until duty is resumed.

- 15.2.5 When an employee ceases duty, salary shall be paid for accrued annual leave and the first day of service shall be the last day of such accrued leave.

- 15.2.6 Within two weeks of receipt of a written application for planned leave from an employee, the employer shall respond in writing confirming approval for the leave or stating the reasons leave is unable to be taken.

- 15.2.7 Except where the employer approves, where an employee is absent on special leave, whether with or without pay (i.e., including leave for study awards but excluding sick, accident or military leave) for an intermittent or continuous period of more than 35 days (including Saturdays and Sundays) during a leave year, annual leave shall be reduced in accordance with the scale below.

Note: A "study award", for the purpose of this sub clause shall be deemed to be a full-time course of study at a tertiary educational institute, during which the employee is able to take advantage of the mid-term holidays available to other full-time students of that institute. It shall not include leave to attend organised classes, lectures, block courses or examinations required for the attainment of essential basic qualifications.



and



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15.2.8

Days of Absence (including Saturdays and Sundays)	Annual Leave Entitlement to be reduced by the number of working days shown below.		
	4 Weeks	5 Weeks	6 Weeks
0-35	-	-	-
36-71	2	2.5	3
72-107	4	5	6
108-143	6	7.5	9
144-179	8	10	12
180-215	10	12.5	15
216-251	12	15	18
252-287	14	17.5	21
288-323	16	20	24
324-359	18	22.5	27
360-365	20	25	30

15.3 Every part-time employee will be entitled to annual leave as prescribed. Salary during leave will be paid for the employee's usual working week.

15.4 Anticipation of annual leave for overseas trip - An employee with over 20 years' current continuous service may anticipate one year's annual leave entitlement for the purpose of taking a trip overseas.

15.5 ~~Payment in lieu of annual leave for casual employees – notwithstanding clause 15.1, casual employees shall be paid 8% of gross taxable earnings in lieu of annual leave, to be added to each fortnightly wage payment, where they meet the requirements of s.28 of the Holidays Act 2003. Payment in lieu of annual leave for casual employees – Casual employees should be paid 8% gross taxable earnings in lieu of annual leave, to be added to each fortnightly wage payment (no annual taxable earnings calculation is therefore necessary).~~

15.6 Leave without pay in relation to annual leave entitlement - An employee who is granted leave without pay and who remains in the service of the employer, will, except where provision is made otherwise, have such leave counted as service for annual leave purposes.

15.7 Extra leave for shift workers

15.7.1 "Shift work" is defined as the same work performed by two or more workers or two or more successive sets or groups of workers working successive periods.

Employees who are shift workers may be granted up to one week (five working days) additional annual leave on completion of 12 months' employment on shift work (or pro rata according to proportion of the year on shift work) in accordance with the provisions outlined below:

(A) Any shift work performed during a period which is not overtime that meets any of the following criteria qualifies for additional leave:

- (a) the shift work performed each day:
 - (i) extends over at least 13 continuous hours, and
 - (ii) is performed by two or more workers working rostered shifts, and

- (iii) the shift involves at least two hours of work performed outside the hours of 8 a.m. to 5.00 p.m.
- (b) the shift work does not extend over at least 13 continuous hours each day but at least four hours of the shift work are performed outside the hours of 8 a.m. to 5.00 p.m..
- (c) the shift work performed:
 - (i) is rostered and rotating, and
 - (i) extends over at least 15 continuous hours each day, and
 - (iii) not less than 40% of the hours worked in the period covered by the roster cycle is outside the hours of 8 a.m. to 5.00 p.m.

The following additional leave is granted:

Number of qualifying shifts per annum	Number of days additional leave per annum
121 or more	5
96-120	4
71-95	3
46-70	2
21-45	1

Provided however that staff who do not qualify for a full extra week's leave in accordance with the above scale may alternatively qualify under one of the following criteria:

- (B) Shift workers who work alternating shifts may qualify for additional leave according to the number of shift changes occurring during the year provided that employees who alternate on shifts which fall wholly between the hours of 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. will not qualify for extra leave.
 - (a) Where the roster requires the shift worker to change as frequently as every week or less frequently (e.g., every two weeks), the following pro rata scale will apply:

Shift Changes each year	Number of days additional leave per annum
40 changes and over	5
32-39 changes and over	4
24-31 changes and over	3
16-23 changes and over	2
8-15 changes and over	1

- (b) Where the roster requires the shift worker to change more frequently than every week (i.e.: every day or every other day, etc.), the following pro rata scale will apply:

Number of weeks in leave year employed on such rosters	Number of days additional leave per annum
40 weeks and over	5
32-39 weeks	4
24-31 weeks	3



and



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16-23 weeks	2
8-15 weeks	1

Provided that, where circumstances require, clauses (B) (a) and (b) shall be applied cumulatively but not concurrently in respect of a single leave year.

- (C) Shift workers who work ordinary hours of work which regularly commence up to three hours prior to 6 a.m. or finish up to three hours later than 6 p.m. may also be considered for additional leave. The amount of leave will have regard to the following pro rata scale:

Number of weeks on "early" or "late" duties each year	Hours outside 6 a.m. or 6 p.m.	Extra leave per annum
40 or more weeks	Two hours up to three hours	5 days
	One hour up to two hours	4 days
30-39 weeks	Two hours up to three hours	4 days
	One hour up to two hours	3 days
20-29 weeks	Two hours up to three hours	3 days
	One hour up to two hours	2 days
15-19 weeks	Two hours up to three hours	2 days
	One hour up to two hours	1 day

- 15.7.2 An employee who is regularly required to work ordinary fixed hours of work which commence after 6 p.m. but are not part of a rostered shift system will not qualify for additional leave.

15.8 LONG SERVICE LEAVE

Long service leave as follows shall be allocated to the employee, on the basis of the employee's FTE status at the time of taking the leave, and paid in accordance with the provisions of the Holidays Act 2003:

- 15.8.1 on the completion of ten (10) years of current continuous service (as defined below), two weeks of long service leave; and
- 15.8.2 on each subsequent five (5) years of current continuous service (as defined below), one weeks of long service leave.
- 15.9 For the purposes of clause 15.8, "current continuous service" means unbroken service with ~~any DHB~~the employer starting from 1 July 2007 subject to clause 15.10 below in respect of employees with a previous entitlement to long service leave. For the purpose of calculating current continuous service, time taken on leave without pay in excess of three months on any one occasion (except for Parental Leave) shall be excluded.
- 15.10 The provisions of clause 15.8 are intended to replace any employees' previous entitlement to long service leave provided that, where an employee had a previous entitlement under a previous employment agreement, the following shall apply:
- 15.10.1 The employee's current continuous service shall be deemed to commence on the date upon which service was deemed to commence under the previous entitlement;
- 15.10.2 The employee's long service leave shall be calculated in accordance with clause 15.8; and



and



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15.10.3 Any long service leave that the employee has received under the previous entitlement shall be deducted from the allocation under clause 15.8 and any residue shall be allocated to the employee.

15.11 Long service leave must be taken in one period (except that an employee recalled from leave because of an emergency is entitled to resume leave after the emergency) and at a time mutually convenient to the employer and employee within 5 years of allocation.

16.0 PUBLIC HOLIDAYS

16.1 ~~In accordance with the Holidays Act 2003, the following days will be observed and paid as Public Holidays (noting that no employee is entitled to observe any public holiday twice). The following days shall be observed as public holidays:~~

New Year's Day	2 January
Waitangi Day	Good Friday
Easter Monday	ANZAC Day
Matariki	Sovereign's Birthday
Labour Day	Christmas Day
Boxing Day	Anniversary Day (as observed in the locality concerned)

~~New Year's Day ————— 2 January
Waitangi Day ————— Good Friday
Easter Monday ————— ANZAC Day
Sovereign's Birthday ————— Labour Day
Christmas Day ————— Boxing Day
Anniversary Day (as observed in the locality concerned)~~

16.2 ~~In order to maintain essential services, the employer may require an employee to work on a day that a Public Holiday is observed (which includes a Public Holiday whose observance is transferred to the Monday or Tuesday) if that day would be an Otherwise Working Day for the employee. The following shall apply to the observance of Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Year's Day, 2 January, Waitangi Day and Anzac Day, where such a day falls on either a Saturday or a Sunday:~~

~~16.2.0 Where that Saturday and/or Sunday would otherwise be a working day for the employee, the public holiday shall, for that employee, be observed on that Saturday and/or Sunday and transfer of the observance of the public holiday will not occur.~~

~~16.2.0 When an employee, whose ordinary days of work are Monday to Friday, is rostered to be on-call on that Saturday and/or Sunday and is called into work, the parties agree that observance of the public holiday will be transferred to the following Monday and/or Tuesday in accordance with section 44B of the Holidays Act 2003. In that case, the employee will be paid at their ordinary weekend rate of pay as per clause 9.0 and Schedule 4 for the Saturday and/or Sunday.~~



and



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~~When an employee, whose ordinary days of work are Monday to Friday, is rostered to be on-call on that Saturday and/or Sunday and is not called into work, observance of the holiday shall be transferred to the following Monday and/or Tuesday in accordance with the provisions of Sections 45(1)(b) and (d) and 45A of the Holidays Act 2003. In that case, the employee will be paid as per clause 9.0 for the Saturday and/or Sunday.~~

~~Where, in any other instance, that Saturday and/or Sunday would not otherwise be a working day for the employee, observance of the holiday shall be transferred to the following Monday and/or Tuesday in accordance with the provisions of Sections 45(1)(b) and (d) and 45A of the Holidays Act 2003. In that case, the employee will receive no payment for the Saturday and/or Sunday. Employees who fall within clause 16.2.1 and who are also required to work on the week day to which observance of the public holiday is transferred for other employees by virtue of clauses 16.2.2 to 16.2.4, will be paid in accordance with clause 16.4 for time worked on the public holiday and at weekend rates as per clause 7.0 and Schedule 4 for time worked on the corresponding week day. For the avoidance of doubt, only one alternative holiday will be granted in respect of each public holiday.~~

16.3 Working on a Public Holiday

16.3.1 Where an employee is required to work on a day that is a Public Holiday for them then, subject to that day being an Otherwise Working Day for the employee, they:

- a. Will be paid at double their ordinary hourly rate of pay (T2) for each hour worked; and
- b. Will be granted an Alternative Holiday.

16.4 On-call on a Public Holiday

16.4.1 Where an employee is required to be on call on a day that is a Public Holiday for them and is called into work they shall, subject to that day being an Otherwise Working Day for the employee:

- a. Be paid for the hours rostered on call at the appropriate Public Holiday on call rate (per clause 9)
- b. Be paid for call outs, in accordance with clause 9.6
- c. Be granted an Alternative Holiday.

16.4.2 Where an employee is required to be on call on a day that is a Public Holiday for them, but is not called back into work, they shall, subject to that day being an Otherwise Working Day for the employee:

- a. Be paid for the hours rostered on call at the appropriate Public Holiday rate (per clause 9)
- b. Be granted an Alternative Holiday.

16.4.3 If the Public Holiday is an Otherwise Working Day for the employee, and:

- a. If the Employer decides not to operate the ordinary roster; and



and



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b. Instead operates an on-call roster; and

c. the Employee participates in that on-call roster

then the Employee will continue to receive payment as if the day was an Otherwise Working Day in addition to the contractual entitlements arising from being on call on the Public Holiday.

16.5 Shifts or on-call straddling a Public Holiday

Those employees who are required to work a night shift or period of rostered on call which straddles a Public Holiday shall be paid as per clause 16.3 or 16.4 (as applicable) for those hours which occur on the Public Holiday and the applicable rates for the remainder of the shift. Only one alternative holiday shall apply in respect of each Public Holiday or part thereof worked.

16.6 Entitlements where the employee's Public Holiday falls on a Saturday or Sunday, but is transferred for others to the Monday or Tuesday

16.6.1 Employees who are required to work on a Public Holiday on the weekend day(s) on which it falls and are paid under clause 16.3 for doing so, and who are also required to work on the weekday to which observance of the public holiday would otherwise be transferred (had the Public Holiday not been observed for them on the weekend day), will be paid at weekend rates as per clause 7.0 and Schedule 4 for time worked on the corresponding week day. For the avoidance of doubt, only one alternative holiday will be granted in this case.

16.6.2 If both the weekend day on which the Public Holiday falls, and the day to which it would otherwise be transferred, are Otherwise Working Days for the employee, then the employer can roster the individual on duty for both days. If, having worked the day on which the Public Holiday falls for them, the employer decides to roster the employee off duty on the transferred day and the employee was available and willing to work, then the employee will suffer no loss of ordinary pay for not working on the transferred day.

16.7 Otherwise Working Day

As per the Holidays Act (s.12), an Otherwise Working Day is a day that the employee would have been working had the day not been a public holiday, based on their usual roster and work patterns.

16.8 Alternative Holidays

16.8.1 Notwithstanding anything in clause 16, no employee will receive more than one Alternative Holiday in respect of any Public Holiday.

16.8.2 Alternative Holidays shall be taken and paid as specified in the Holidays Act 2003.

16.9 The following shall apply to off-duty days upon which the employee does not work: ~~In order to maintain essential services, the employer may require an employee to work on a day upon which a public holiday is observed (including a transferred day) if that day, but for it being a public holiday, would otherwise be a working day for the employee.~~

16.9.1 Fulltime employees –

Where the day that is a Public Holiday for them is a rostered day off, then subject to 16.8, the employee will be granted one Alternative Holiday in respect of the public holiday, but will not receive any payment for the Public Holiday.

16.9.2 Fixed hours part-time employees –



and



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Where the employee's days of work are fixed, Public Holiday entitlements will only arise if the day on which the Public Holiday is observed would be an Otherwise Working Day for that employee.

16.9.3 Non-fixed hours part-time employees –

Where the employee's days are not fixed, Public Holiday entitlements will arise if the day of the week on which the Public Holiday is observed is a day of the week that the employee worked more than 40% of the time over the last three months. Where Public Holiday entitlements do arise and the employee does not work, payment will be at the rate of relevant daily pay.

16.10 Public holidays falling during leave:

16.10.1 Leave on pay -

When a Public Holiday falls during a period of annual holidays, sick leave on pay or special leave on pay, an employee is entitled to that public holiday which is not debited against such leave.

16.10.2 Leave without pay -

An employee shall not be entitled to payment for a Public Holiday falling during a period of leave without pay (including sick or military leave without pay) unless the employee has worked during the fortnight ending on the day on which the Public Holiday is observed

16.10.3 Leave on reduced pay -

An employee, during a period of leave on reduced pay, shall be paid at the relevant daily pay for public holidays falling during the period of such leave.

~~16.4 When employees are required to work on a day upon which a public holiday is observed (including a transferred day), they will be paid at double the ordinary hourly rate of pay (T2) for each hour worked and they shall be granted an alternative holiday. Such alternative holiday shall be taken and paid as specified in the Holidays Act 2003.~~

~~An employee who is required to be on-call on a day upon which a public holiday is observed (including a transferred day), but is not called in to work, shall be granted an alternative holiday. Such alternative holiday shall be taken and paid as specified in the Holidays Act 2003.~~

~~16.6 These employees who work a night shift which straddles a public holiday shall be paid as per clause 16.4 for those hours which occur on the public holiday and the applicable rates for the remainder of the shift. One alternative holiday shall apply in respect of each public holiday or part thereof worked.~~

~~15.6 Employees who fall within clause 16.2.1 and who are also required to work on the week day to which observance of the public holiday is transferred for other employees by virtue of clauses 16.2.2 to 16.2.4, will be paid in accordance with clause 16.4 for time worked on the public holiday and at weekend rates as per clause 7.0 and Schedule 4 for time worked on the corresponding week day. For the avoidance of doubt, only one alternative holiday will be granted in respect of each public holiday.~~

~~15.6 The following shall apply to off-duty days upon which the employee does not work:~~

~~16.8.1 Fulltime employees –~~



and



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~~For those employees who fall within clauses 16.2.2, 16.2.3, and 16.2.4, where the weekday to which the observance of the public holiday is transferred is a rostered day off for the employee, the employee will be granted one alternative holiday in respect of the public holiday to be taken and paid as specified in the Holidays Act 2003, but will not receive any payment for the public holiday.~~

~~16.8.2 Fixed hours part-time employees –~~

~~Where a part-time employee's days of work are fixed, public holiday entitlements will only arise if the day on which the public holiday is observed would otherwise be a working day for that employee.~~

~~16.8.3 Non-fixed hours part-time employees –~~

~~Where a part-time employee's days are not fixed, public holiday entitlements will arise if the day of the week on which the public holiday is observed is a day of the week that the employee worked more than 40% of the time over the last three months. Where public holiday entitlements do arise and the employee does not work, payment will be at the rate of relevant daily pay.~~

~~16.6 Public holidays falling during leave:~~

~~16.9.1 Leave on pay –~~

~~When a public holiday falls during a period of annual holidays, sick leave on pay or special leave on pay, an employee is entitled to that public holiday which is not debited against such leave.~~

~~16.9.2 Leave without pay –~~

~~An employee shall not be entitled to payment for a public holiday falling during a period of leave without pay (including sick or military leave without pay) unless the employee has worked during the fortnight ending on the day on which the public holiday is observed.~~

~~16.9.3 Leave on reduced pay –~~

~~An employee, during a period of leave on reduced pay, shall be paid at the relevant daily pay for public holidays falling during the period of such leave.~~

17.0 SICK LEAVE

Schedule three shall apply regarding:

- Grand-parented accumulation of sick leave for Auckland, Waikato and Hawkes Bay ~~DHBs~~Districts; and
- Wellness (sick) leave provisions for Counties Manukau, Lakes, Bay of Plenty, Wairarapa, Hutt Valley and Capital and Coast ~~DHBs~~Districts.

For all other ~~DHBs~~Districts excluding those with Wellness (see schedule three) the following shall apply:

An employee will be granted the following sick leave:

- 10 days on appointment
- After each period of 12 months service an employee shall be entitled to an additional 10 days.



and



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a) Where an employee is granted sick leave they shall be paid in accordance with the Holidays Act 2003 for the minimum statutory entitlement prescribed therein. Additional contractual or discretionary sick leave that is taken or approved shall be paid at the ordinary rates of pay (T1 only). Sick leave shall only be deducted from the employee's entitlement for working days.

~~Where an employee is granted sick leave they shall be paid their relevant daily pay for the first 5 days in any year and ordinary daily pay thereafter. Sick leave shall be reckoned in working days.~~

- b) Sick leave shall accumulate by carrying forward from one year to another any unused sick leave but shall not exceed an accumulation of 260 days.
- c) The employee shall ensure that notice is given to the employer on the first day of absence due to illness.
- d) The employer is able to require a claim for leave to be supported by a medical certificate where absence exceeds three days.
- e) 20 days sick leave from previous service shall be credited on appointment provided that the remaining sick leave entitlement is greater than zero.

Discretionary Powers of Employer To Grant Leave In Excess Of The Above Prescribed Limits

(a) In the event an employee has no entitlement left, they are entitled to apply for up to ten 10 days' discretionary leave per annum. The employer recognises that discretionary sick leave is to ensure the provision of reasonable support to staff having to be absent from work where their entitlement is exhausted. The first five (5) days of discretionary leave shall be approved on the same basis as leave under clause 17 above.

In considering the next five (5) days' discretionary leave the employer shall take into account the following:

- the employee's length of service
- the employee's attendance record
- the consequences of not providing the leave
- any unusual and/or extenuating circumstances

Requests should be considered at the closest possible level of delegation to the employee and in the quickest time possible. Reasons for a refusal shall, when requested by the employee, be given in writing and before refusing a request, the decision maker is expected to seek appropriate guidance.

Leave granted under this provision may be debited as an advance on the next years' entitlement up to a maximum of 5 days. ~~Where an employee is incapacitated by sickness or injury arising out of and in the course of employment, salary may be paid at the discretion of the employer.~~

~~(a)(b)~~ In special cases the employer may allow an employee to anticipate up to 5 days sick leave.



and



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~~(b)~~(c) Where an employee is suffering from an illness which could have a detrimental effect on the patients in the employer's care, the employer may, at their discretion, either:

- (i) Place the employee on suitable alternative duties.
- (ii) Direct the employee to take leave on payment at base rates (TI only) for not more than eight days in any one year, in addition to the normal entitlement to sick leave.

~~(c)~~(d) Where an employee is incapacitated by sickness or injury arising out of and in the course of employment, salary may be paid at the discretion of the employer.

Incapacitated Dependants

- (a) The employer may grant an employee leave on pay as a charge against sick leave entitlement when the employee must attend a person who through illness/injury becomes dependent on the employee. This person would in most cases be the employee's child or partner but may be another member of the employee's family or household.
- (b) The production of a medical certificate or other evidence of illness may be required.

Sick Leave In Relation To Annual & Long Service Leave

- (a) When sickness occurs during annual or Long Service Leave the employer shall permit the period of sickness to be debited against sick leave entitlement, except where the sickness occurs during leave following resignation, provided:
 - (i) The period of sickness is more than three days.
 - (ii) A medical certificate is produced, showing the nature and duration of the illness.
- (b) In cases where the period of sickness extended beyond the approved of annual or Long Service Leave, approval shall also be given to debiting the portion which occurred within the annual or Long Service Leave period against sick leave entitlement if the total continuous period of sickness exceeds three days.

Debiting Sick Leave

Sick leave is to be debited to an hour for hour basis except that absences of less than 2 hours shall not be debited against sick leave.

The parties agree that sick leave may be appropriate to attend scheduled medical appointments related to an illness or injury the employee or their dependent is suffering, provided that reasonable efforts are made by the employee to schedule such appointments outside of work time or at a time that will ensure minimal disruption to the service, in accordance with the above an absence of less than two hours will not be debited against sick leave.

Leave Without Pay In Relation To Sick Leave Entitlements



and



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An employee who is granted leave without pay and who remains in the service of a District Health Board, will have such leave included in determining sick leave entitlement.

Sick Leave For Part-Time Employees

~~Any specified entitlement to sick leave shall be pro-rated for part-time employees except that a part-time employee shall receive an entitlement to no less than five (working) days paid sick leave for the first twelve months of their employment and a minimum of five additional working days for each subsequent 12 month period.~~

Sick Leave for Casual Employees -

Where a casual employee is unable to attend work as arranged due to sickness then the employee shall be paid the hours they would have worked.

18.0 BEREAVEMENT / TANGIHANGA LEAVE

- 18.1 The employer shall approve special bereavement leave on pay for an employee to discharge any obligation and/or to pay respects to a deceased person with whom the employee has had a close association. Such obligations may exist because of blood or family ties or because of particular cultural requirements such as attendance at all or part of a tangihanga (or its equivalent). The length of time off shall be at the discretion of the employer.
- 18.2 If a bereavement occurs while an employee is absent on annual leave, sick leave on pay, or other special leave on pay, such leave may be interrupted and bereavement leave granted in terms of 18.1 above. This provision will not apply if the employee is on leave without pay.
- 18.3 In granting time off and for how long, the employer must administer these provisions in a culturally sensitive manner.

19.0 PARENTAL LEAVE

- 19.1 Statement of principle - The parties acknowledge the following provisions are to protect the rights of employees during pregnancy and on their return to employment following parental leave and is to be read in conjunction with the Parental Leave and Employment Protection Act 1987 (referred to as the Act in this clause 21), provided that where this clause 16 is more favourable to the employee, the provisions of this clause 16 shall prevail. Employees should seek the advice of their manager, Human Resources or APEX in applying for parental leave. Advice on parental leave is also available from Employment New Zealand. Advice on parental leave payments is available from the Inland Revenue Department.
- 19.2 Entitlement and eligibility - Provided that the employee assumes or intends to assume the primary care as defined in the Act, or is the primary carer or partner of a primary carer, the entitlement to parental leave is:
- (a) in respect of every child born to them or their partner;



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- (b) in respect of every child under six years of age, where the employee becomes a primary carer for the child;
 - (c) where two or more children are born at the same time or where the employee becomes a primary carer for two or more children under six years of age within a one-month period, for the purposes of these provisions the employee's entitlement shall be the same as if there were only one child.
- 19.3
- (a) Parental leave of up to twelve months is to be granted to employees with at least one year's service at the time of commencing leave.
 - (b) Parental leave of up to six months is to be granted to employees with less than one year's service at the time of commencing leave.
Provided that the length of service for the purpose of this clause means the aggregate period of service, whether continuous or intermittent, in the employment of the employer.
 - (c) The maximum period of parental leave may be taken by either the employee exclusively or it may be shared between the employee and their partner either concurrently or consecutively. This applies whether or not one or both partners are employed by the employer. The parental leave may be taken in more than one continuous period, with the start and finish dates of each additional period, and any extension of parental leave past the anniversary date of the commencement of parental leave, to be agreed between the employer and the employee.
 - (d) Pursuant to Part 3 (A) of the Act employees who are not entitled to primary carer leave may request a period of negotiated carer leave from their employment. Negotiated carer leave may enable the employee to receive parental leave payments from IRD if they meet the parental leave payment threshold test.
- 19.4 In cases of adoption of children of under six years of age, parental leave shall be granted in terms of 19.2 and 19.3 above, providing that fourteen days-notice is given before the employee intends to assume the responsibility for the care of the child. Evidence of an approved primary care placement shall be provided to the employer's satisfaction.
- 19.5 Employees intending to take parental leave are required to give at least one month's notice in writing and the application is to be accompanied by a certificate signed by a registered medical practitioner or midwife certifying the expected date of delivery. The provision may be waived where the employee becomes a primary carer for a child under the age of six or in circumstances outside the control of the employee.
- 19.6 The commencement of leave shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Parental Leave and Employment Protection Act 1987.
- 19.7 An employee absent on parental leave is required to give at least one month's notice to the employer of their intention to return to duty. When returning to work the employee must report to duty not later than the expiry date of such leave.

NOTE: It is important that employees are advised when they commence parental leave that, if they fail to notify the employer of their intention to return to work or resign, they shall be considered to have abandoned their employment.

19.8 Parental leave is not to be granted as sick leave on pay.

19.9 Job protection -



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- (a) Subject to 19.10 below, an employee returning from parental leave is entitled to resume work in the same position or a similar position to the one they occupied at the time of commencing parental leave. A similar position means a position:
 - (i) at the equivalent salary, grading;
 - (ii) at the equivalent weekly hours of duty;
 - (iii) in the same location or other location within reasonable commuting distance; and
 - (iv) involving responsibilities broadly comparable to those experienced in the previous position.
- (c) Where applicable, employees shall continue to be awarded increments when their incremental date falls during absence on parental leave.

19.10 (a) Where possible, the employer must hold the employee's position open or fill it temporarily until the employee's return from parental leave. However, in the event that the employee's position is a "key position", the employer may fill the position on a permanent basis if they meet the requirements set out in the Act.

- (b) Where the employer is not able to hold a position open, or to fill it temporarily until an employee returns from parental leave, or fills it permanently on the basis of it being a key position, and, at the time the employee returns to work, a similar position (as defined in 19.9 (a) above) is not available, the employer may approve one of the following options:
 - (i) an extension of parental leave for up to a further 12 months until the employee's previous position or a similar position becomes available; or
 - (ii) an offer to the employee of a similar position in another location (if one is available) with normal transfer expenses applying; if the offer is refused, the employee continues on extended parental leave as in 19.10(b)(i) above for up to 12 months; or
 - (iii) the appointment of the employee to a different position in the same location, but if this is not acceptable to the employee the employee shall continue on extended parental leave in terms of 19.10(b)(i) above for up to 12 months: provided that, if a different position is accepted and within the period of extended parental leave in terms of 19.10(b)(i), the employee's previous position or a similar position becomes available, then the employee shall be entitled to be appointed to that position; or
- (iii) where extended parental leave in terms of 19.10(b)(i) above expires, and no similar position is available for the employee, the employee shall be declared surplus under clause 28 of this contract.

19.11 If the employee declines the offer of appointment to the same or similar position in terms of sub clause 19.9(a) above, parental leave shall cease.

19.12 Where, for reasons pertaining to the pregnancy, an employee on medical advice and with the consent of the employer, elects to work reduced hours at any time prior to starting parental leave, then the guaranteed proportion of full-time employment after parental leave shall be the same as that immediately prior to such enforced reduction in hours.

19.13 Parental leave absence filled by temporary appointee If a position held open for an employee on parental leave is filled on a temporary basis, the employer must inform the temporary appointee that their employment will terminate on the return of the employee from parental leave.



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19.14 Employees on parental leave may from time to time and by agreement work occasional duties during the period of parental leave and this shall not affect the rights and obligations of either the employee or the employer under this clause.

19.15 Paid Parental Leave – Where an employee takes parental leave under this clause, meets the eligibility criteria in 19.2 (i.e. they assume or intend to assume the primary care of the child), and is in receipt of the statutory paid parental leave payment in accordance with the provisions of the Parental Leave and Employment Protection Act 1987 the employer shall pay the employee the difference between the weekly statutory payment and the equivalent weekly value of the employee's base salary (pro rata if less than full-time) for a period of up to 14 weeks.

Employees who negotiate carer leave under Part 3 (A) of the Act are not eligible for the Parental Leave payment under Clause 19.15.

These payments shall be made at the commencement of the parental leave and shall be calculated at the base rate (pro rata if appropriate) applicable to the employee for the six weeks immediately prior to commencement of parental leave. From 1 June 2017 an employee who takes a period of paid leave (e.g. annual leave) at the start of his or her parental leave may elect to start his or her parental leave payment period on the day after the date on which that period of paid leave ends, even if it is later than the child's arrival or due date.

These payments shall only be made in respect of the period for which the employee is on parental leave and in receipt of the statutory payment if this is less than 14 weeks. Where 19.3(c) applies and both partners are employed by the [DHB Employer](#), the paid parental leave top up will be made to only one employee, being the employee who has primary care of the child.

20.0 REAPPOINTMENT AFTER ABSENCE DUE TO CHILDCARE

20.1 Employees who resign to care for a dependent preschool child or children may apply to their employer for preferential appointment to a position which is substantially the same in character and at the same or lower grading as the position previously held.

20.2 Total period of childcare absence allowed is four years plus any increases in lieu of maternity leave. Longer absence renders a person ineligible for preferential appointment.

20.3 Parental leave is a distinct and separate entitlement from childcare absence. Some women may choose to resign rather than take maternity leave. In this case they shall be credited with one additional year or six additional months of childcare absence in lieu of each maternity leave entitlement. Should a woman resign during the course of maternity leave she shall similarly be credited with a period of absence in lieu of the remainder of her maternity entitlement.

20.4 An employee may resign more than once for childcare reasons and qualify each time for the preferential re-entry rights provided that the total time away from work does not in aggregate exceed four years.

20.5 If two persons caring for the same dependent child or children are employees of the employer, they are jointly eligible for a total of four years' childcare absence plus any additional periods of absence in lieu of parental leave.



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- 20.6 Wherever possible notice of intention to return to employment should be given upon resignation for childcare reasons. However, those who, for whatever reason, fail to give such notice shall not incur any penalty or disadvantage in their application for re-entry.
- 20.7 Persons seeking reappointment under childcare provisions must apply to the former employer at least three months before the date on which they wish to resume duties.
- 20.8 This application for reappointment must be accompanied by:
- (a) the birth certificate of the preschool child or children;
 - (b) a statutory declaration to the effect that the absence has been due to the care of a dependent preschool child or children, that the four year maximum has not been exceeded, and that paid employment has not been entered into for more than 15 hours per week. Where paid employment has exceeded 15 hours per week the reappointment is at the employer's discretion.
- 20.9 On receiving an application for preferential appointment, the employer shall acknowledge receipt of the application and confirm the employee's eligibility for re-entry within 21 days of receipt of such notice. Applicants must be informed at this point that:
- (a) if they are not-appointed to a vacancy within three months after the expiry of the notice given in 20.7 above the benefits of these provisions lapse; and
 - (b) they are required to renew notice of intention to work at least one month prior to the intended date of return.
- 20.10 The employer shall acknowledge the notice given in 20.9(b) at least 14 days prior to the intended date of return informing the applicant as to whether or not a suitable vacancy exists.
- 20.11 The employer shall make every effort to find a suitable vacancy for eligible applicants as soon as their eligibility for preferential re-entry is established. Appointment to a position may be made at any time after the original notification of intention to return to work, provided the appointee agrees.
- 20.12 Where:
- (a) the applicant meets the criteria for eligibility; and
 - (b) there exists at the time of notification or becomes available within the period up to two weeks before the intended date of resumption of duties a position which is substantially the same in character and at the same or lower grading as the position previously held; and
 - (c) the applicant has the necessary skills to competently fill the vacancy; then the applicant under these provisions shall be appointed in preference to any other applicant for the position.
- 20.13 Where a suitable vacancy is not available, the employer is required to notify the applicant as soon as possible and no later than 14 days prior to the intended date of resumption of duties.



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- 20.14 Applicants for preferential re-entry rights do not have a right of review against their non-appointment.
- 20.15 Absence for childcare reasons will interrupt service but not break it.
- 20.16 The period of absence will not count as service for the purpose of sick leave, annual leave, retiring leave or gratuities, long service leave or any other leave entitlement.

21.0 JURY SERVICE LEAVE

- 21.1 Employees called on for jury service leave are required to serve unless there are exceptional circumstances which preclude this, in which case the employer may apply to the court for postponement.
- 21.2 An employee called on for jury service may elect to take annual leave, special leave on pay, or leave without pay. Where annual leave or leave without pay is granted or where the service is performed during an employee's off duty hours, the employee may retain the juror's fees and expenses paid.
- 21.3 Where special leave on pay is granted, a certificate is to be given to the employee by the employer to the effect that the employee has been granted special leave on pay and requesting the Court to complete details of juror's fees and expenses paid. The employee is to pay the fees received to the employer but may retain expenses.
- 21.4 Where special leave on pay is granted, it is only in respect of time spent on jury service, including reasonable travelling time. Any time during normal working hours when the employee is not required by the Court, the employee is to report back to work where this is reasonable and practical.

22.0 ACCIDENT LEAVE

- 22.1 Transport of injured employees - Where the accident is work-related and the injury sustained by the employee necessitates immediate removal to a hospital, or to a medical practitioner for medical attention and then to their residence or a hospital, or to their residence (medical attention away from the residence not being required), the employer is to provide or arrange for the necessary transport, pay all reasonable expenses for meals and lodging incurred by or on behalf of the employee during the period she/he is transported, and claim reimbursement from ACC.
- 22.2 Where an employee has no sick leave and is off work due to a work-related accident, the employer will give favourable consideration to providing additional leave.
- 22.3 The employer may agree to reimburse employees for treatment and other expenses or for financial disadvantage incurred as a result of a work-related accident. This agreement will be on a case by case basis.



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PART FIVE - TERMS OF EMPLOYMENT

23.0 HEALTH AND SAFETY and UNIFORMS

23.1 The parties shall ensure a work environment that protects staff from unsafe levels of radiation and supports staff to maintain the relationship between visual acuity and effective performance and shall ensure:

- Proactive system for the elimination of visual acuity hazards;
- Adequate numbers of fitting leads that are fit for purpose and accessible;
- Leads are maintained in a clean and hygienic state.

23.2 Where the employer requires the employee to wear a uniform it shall be supplied free of charge but shall remain the property of the employer. Employees shall be supplied with uniform on the following annual basis:

If working 35-40 hours per week -	7 items
If working 25-34 hours per week -	5 items
If working 17-24 hours per week -	4 items
If working up to 16 hours per week -	3 items.

Or a uniform allowance equal to \$11 per week shall be paid.

Where the employer stipulates a uniform is not to be worn (e.g. Starship) then the uniform allowance of \$11 per week shall be paid.

24.0 REFUND OF ANNUAL PRACTISING CERTIFICATE & PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION FEES

Where an employee is required by law to hold an annual practising certificate, licence or equivalent under HPCAA in order to practise that profession or trade with the employer, the cost of the certificate, licence or equivalent shall be refunded to the employee.

The employer shall reimburse to employees the annual membership fee of the New Zealand Institute of Medical Radiation Technologists (NZIMRT) or equivalent relevant professional organization or activities relating to maintaining their relevant scope of practice to the value of up to \$275 per annum on production of receipts.

25.0 CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING

25.1 The employer is committed to continuing professional development (CPD) and the ongoing professional development of its employees.

The parties want professional development that delivers mutual benefit, is valued as work time and maintains and updates the professional competencies of staff in a planned and predictable way, acknowledging the employer's limited resources.



and



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The parties shall develop an approach to CPD that is nationally and departmentally consistent, equitable and beyond a point gathering exercise, encompassing networking off CPD activities and web based e learning.

25.2 For employees not included in clause 25.3 or [25.4](#) below:

25.2.1 Training

The employer shall provide all actual and reasonable costs for qualifications, training courses and seminars as required by the employer. Attendance at such training is 'work' and time so spent shall be paid. Examples of qualifications include post graduate diplomas in CT or angiography. These are examples only, and not an exhaustive list.

25.2.2 Continuing Professional Development (CPD). The ongoing technical/scientific development within radiology requires qualified staff to

- a. maintain competence, and
- b. to attend national and international conferences in order to maintain their ongoing technical/scientific competence. The employee then has the obligation of bringing back the latest information to their employer and incorporating any new knowledge into the strategic development of their department.

Attendance at the conferences is to be balanced against the operational requirements of the employer, especially as the numbers of staff are not large. Forward planning and cooperation between management and staff is fundamental to ensuring CPD requirements are met.

25.2.3 Each employee shall be entitled to a minimum of [2-3](#) days per annum on pay (accumulative for two years) to attend relevant continuing education including courses, conferences and/or study [or other activity to meet CPD requirements](#) except that for the purpose of travel additional paid leave shall be provided where travel occurs during the ordinary hours.

(NOTE, employees may use professional development leave during rostered days off, or if part time, days on which they do not normally work resulting in their being paid for these days, such payment being deducted from the days allocated)

[The entitlement above is a minimum and does not preclude additional leave being approved by the manager to support attendance at longer conferences, or additional CPD activity that is of value to the individual MIT and the service.](#)

25.2.4 Where an employee is undertaking or attending a relevant course of study, conference, course or other form of continuing professional development then actual and reasonable expenses shall be refunded in accordance with the following:

Each [DHB-District](#) shall commit each financial year (that being 1 July to 30 June) a minimum sum to be held in a CPD pool for meeting approved professional development costs incurred by employees as follows:

\$600 per MIT or the amount previously allocated as agreed at bargaining for renewal of this MECA, whichever is the greater.



and



Any unspent amount of the pool will be carried over to the next financial year.

The “amount previously allocated” is as set out below

Northland	\$29,400	Hawkes Bay	\$35,559
Bay of Plenty	\$30,000	Whanganui	\$17,561
Lakes	\$17,792	MidCentral	\$32,281
Tairāwhiti	\$12,500	Hutt Valley	\$33,200
Waikato	\$63,750	West Coast	\$5,809

Should the number of MITs employed increase, the CPD pool will be adjusted by the equivalent of \$600 per MIT additionally employed during the preceding 12 months, on 1 July of each year.

CPD Fund Administration

- a) The pool shall be administered by the department in each respective ~~DHB-District~~ by the service manager, Charge/Team Leader, APEX delegate and MITs in a manner agreed by APEX and the ~~District DHB party~~ concerned. This agreement shall be confirmed in writing by the parties.
- b) The chair of the CPD committee shall be rotated between a manager and MIT annually unless agreed otherwise and confirmed in the local CPD committee agreement.
- c) Management of the pool must at the least provide for the following:
 - (i) Ensure that required continuing professional development is achieved and maintained by employees, and
 - (ii) Is managed in a fair, transparent and consistent manner, and
 - (iii) The CPD committee shall maintain a standard reporting record that includes:
 - Full financial records detailing the level and use of expenditure, and
 - Any declined applications and the reason for declination, and
 - Source and quantity of funding external to the pool above.
 - (iv) The reporting record shall be made available to APEX on request.

25.3 Qualified MRI and nuclear medicine employees shall be entitled to:

- A minimum of 5 days approved education leave each year accumulative to three years. Compulsory requirements are not included in this allocation.
- Reimbursement for all travel, accommodation, fees and expenses incurred in CPD to a maximum of \$2,500 per annum as per the following provisions.
- This entitlement may be accumulated to a maximum of \$7,500 over a three-year period.
- Where an employee also undertakes ordinary hours work in the private sector in the specific field of work also performed in public, the sum of \$2,500 shall be prorated down equivalent to the hours worked in that specific field in private (e.g. if working 2/10th in private general MRI and Nuclear Medicine, reimbursement shall be to a maximum of \$2,000).

25.4 In addition to the above entitlements under clause 25.3, an MRI or NM MIT who is required by the employer to hold a General scope of practice, is eligible to apply to the CPD



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committee for access to the CPD pool to meet any CPD requirements of the General scope of practice.

- 25.5 The parties acknowledge that employees working in a service that is required to comply with the National Policy & Quality Standards prescribed by Breast Screen Aotearoa shall be allocated CPD that will ensure the service complies with those standards.

~~MITs required to comply with the national policy and quality standards prescribed by BSA shall be entitled to be paid one stop above their existing salary in addition to their entitlement under clause 5.1.4 to a maximum of stop 0.~~

- 25.6 Where requested, the employee who is to attend a course of study or conference shall present formal feedback via a presentation or practical teaching sessions as discussed and agreed with their manager.

- 25.7 In addition, on application to the employer, the employer may grant employees study leave and some financial assistance to enable employees to complete qualifications, to attend courses, conferences and seminars and to undertake research or projects.

25.8 Trainee MRI and Nuclear Medicine Technologists shall be entitled to four hours per week rostered for personal study time during the academic year. Where endorsed by the clinical tutor, the manager has discretion to grant a trainee up to two days' study leave in the week prior to their final written examination or for completing internal assessment.

26.0 PROFESSIONAL MEDICAL INDEMNITY INSURANCE

The employer shall ensure that it is insured in such manner as to provide adequate professional indemnity insurance cover for employees, including cover for the costs of independent legal representation in the event of claims or issues that affect an employee, and the provision of adequate run-off cover from an MIT for claims arising after an employee has ceased employment with the employer in respect of acts or omissions during employment.

In Waitemata and Hawkes Bay ~~DHBs-Districts~~ the costs of professional indemnity insurance shall be reimbursed by the employer to the employee on presentation of receipts up to a maximum of \$190 per annum.

27.0 VARIATION CLAUSE

This agreement may be varied by agreement between all employer parties, APEX and a majority of directly affected employees. Such agreement shall be in writing and signed by all employer parties and the union party.

28.0 EMPLOYEE PARTICIPATION

The parties recognise that they have a mutual interest in ensuring that health services are provided efficiently and effectively, and that each has a contribution to make in this regard.



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29.0 MANAGEMENT OF CHANGE

29.1 The parties to this agreement accept that change in the health service is necessary in order to ensure the efficient and effective delivery of health services.

Regular consultation between the employer, employees and their union is desirable on matters of mutual concern and interest. The aim of consultation is to contribute to:

- maintaining co-operation between the parties
- improved decision making
- contribute to a more harmonious, effective, efficient, safe and productive workplace.

29.2 (i) The employer accepts that elected delegates are the recognised channel of communication between the union and the employer in the workplace.

(ii) Paid time off shall be allowed for recognised delegates to attend meetings with management and to consult with employees covered by this Agreement, other recognised workplace delegates and union officials. The purpose will be to consult and discuss the issues addressed in this clause, other clauses of this Agreement and employee participation, staff surplus, effectiveness studies and options for resolving staff surplus.

(iii) The amount of time off and facilities provided shall be sufficient to allow full consideration of these issues addressed by this clause.

29.3 Mechanisms established for the purpose of 'Management of Change' will allow input and recommendations to be made to the employer, who will consider these recommendations and will endeavour to take the views of their employees into account as far as possible before making final decisions.

29.4 The employer agrees that the employees and their employee union representatives will be advised of any review which may result in significant changes to either the structure, staffing, or work practices affecting employees and allow for the opportunity for employees and their representatives to be involved in the review so as to allow substantive input.

When the implementation of decisions arising from any such reviews will result in staff surpluses the procedures under staff surplus shall be adopted.

29.5 Employment Protection Provisions

29.5.1 The intent of the following provisions is to meet the requirements of Part 6A, "Continuity of employment if employer's business restructured" Section 69, subpart 2, of the Employment Relations Act 2000 (as amended by Employment Relations Amendment Act (No 2) 2004, and Schedule 1B, parts 19, 20 and 21 of the same Act. The definitions as contained in Subpart 2 of the Employment Relations Amendment Act (No 2) 2004 shall apply to this clause. These provisions shall only apply so long as a statutory obligation to include them in employment agreements remain in force.

29.5.2 The employer, before undertaking any restructuring, will identify any affected employees (as defined in section 69L (2), and quantify the full cost of their employment. This is for the purpose of advising the prospective employers of the cost of the affected employees' employment by the new employer (as defined in section 69L (1)) should the new employer enter into a restructuring agreement with the employer and all affected employees choose to transfer to the new employer.



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- 29.5.3 The employer will give written notice to all affected employees, and to APEX, of the proposed restructuring, including the work being performed which is part or the whole of the employers' business that the employer is negotiating for restructuring. The notice must be given prior to or at the same time as any request for proposal (or equivalent) is publicly notified.
- 29.5.4 The employer will give written notice to the new employer before any agreement as to the restructuring is entered into. The notice will include:
- A copy of this Agreement.
 - The terms of paragraphs 19 and 20 of the code of good faith for public health sector, Schedule 1B to the Employment Relations Amendment Act (No 2) 2004, as required by paragraph 21 of the code.
- 29.5.5 Upon a restructuring agreement being entered into by the new employer with the employer, the employer shall notify the new employer with whom it has entered into the restructuring agreement ("the Contracted New Employer" or "CNE") and each affected employee of the specific following employment details (relating to that affected employee) which shall be transferred to the CNE:
- Superannuation entitlements.
 - Long service entitlements.
 - Leave balances except annual leave that is required to be cashed up at the date of transfer.
 - Any conditions of employment enjoyed by the employee outside this agreement.
 - Provision for liability cover in the event of a future claim where the event arose during the employee's employment with the employer.
- 29.5.6 The CNE shall provide offers of employment to the affected employees. The offer of employment must be on the same terms and conditions as applied to the employee immediately before the restructuring took effect.
- 29.5.7 The CNE shall give the affected employees the opportunity to meet with the CNE during the two weeks following the offer of employment being made to answer any questions the employee has and only for that purpose. The union shall be invited to attend all such meetings.
- 29.5.8 The employee shall be given a two-week period from the date of receipt of the offer of employment to inform the CNE of whether they choose to transfer to the CNE (by accepting the offer of employment) or choose not to transfer to the CNE.
- 29.5.9 If any employee is unable to respond within the timeframe set out in clause 29.5.8 above, because they are away from the workplace or as a result of some other extenuating circumstance, the employee shall have until such time as is reasonable to respond. For example, should the employee be overseas on holiday, and then the time for response should be two weeks from their return from overseas.
- 29.5.10 Clause 30 shall apply to any employees who choose not to transfer to the CNE, except that the terms of clause 30.2.1 and the notice period in clause 30.3 shall be regarded as having been met, so that the employer shall not be required to pay compensation for redundancy to the employee as set out in clauses 30.11 and 30.12 of this agreement.



and



30.0 STAFF SURPLUS

- 30.1 When as a result of the substantial restructuring of the whole, or any parts, of the employer's operations; either due to the reorganisation, review of work method, change in plant (or like cause), the employer requires a reduction in the number of employees, or, employees can no longer be employed in their current position, at their current grade or work location (i.e. the terms of appointment to their present position), then the options in sub clause 30.5 below shall be invoked and decided on a case by case basis by the employer having due regard to the circumstances of the affected employee.
- 30.2 Where an employee's employment is being terminated by the employer by reason of the sale or transfer of the whole or part of the employer's business, nothing in this Agreement shall require the employer to pay compensation for redundancy to the employee if:
- 30.2.1 The person acquiring the business or the part being sold or transferred
- has offered the employee employment in the business or the part being sold or transferred; and
 - has agreed to treat service with the employer as if it were service with that person and as if it were continuous; and
- 30.2.2 The conditions of employment offered to the employee by the person acquiring the business or the part of the business being sold or transferred are the same as, or are no less favourable than, the employee's conditions of employment, including:
- any service related conditions; and
 - any conditions relating to redundancy; and
 - any conditions relating to superannuation - under the employment being terminated; and
- 30.2.3 The offer of employment by the person acquiring the business or the part of the business being sold or transferred is an offer to employ the employee in that business or part of the business either:
- in the same capacity as that in which the employee was employed by the employer; or
 - in any capacity that the employee is willing to accept.
- 30.3 Notification - The employer will advise the employee at least six weeks prior to the date that notice is required to be given to the employee whose position is required to be discharged. Notification of a staffing surplus shall be advised to the affected employee. This date may be varied by agreement between the parties. During this period, the employer and the employee will meet to discuss the option most appropriate to the circumstances. Where employees are to be relocated, at least six week's notice shall be given to employees, provided that in any situation, a lesser period of notice may be mutually agreed between the employee and the employer where the circumstance warrant it (and agreement shall not be unreasonably withheld).
- 30.4 Upon written request the following information shall be made available to the employee representative if nominated:
- the location/s of proposed surplus
 - the total number of proposed surplus employees
 - the date by which the surplus needs to be discharged
 - the positions, grading, names and ages of the affected employees
 - availability of alternative positions in the employer.



and



On request the employee representative will be supplied with relevant additional information where available.

30.5 Options - The following are the options in order of preference to be applied by the employer in staff surplus situations:

- (a) Reconfirmed in position
- (b) Attrition
- (c) Redeployment
- (d) Leave without pay
- (e) Retraining
- (f) Severance.

Option (a) will preclude employees from access to the other options. The aim will be to minimise the use of severance. When severance is included, the provisions in sub clause 31.11 will be applied as a package.

30.6 Reconfirmed in Position - Where a position is to be transferred into a new structure in the same location and grade, where there is one clear candidate for the position, the employee is to be confirmed in it. Where there is more than one clear candidate the position will be advertised with appointment made as per normal appointment procedures.

30.7 Attrition - Attrition means that as people leave their jobs because they retire, resign, transfer, die or are promoted then they may not be replaced. In addition or alternatively, there may be a partial or complete freeze on recruiting new employees or on promotions.

30.8 Redeployment - Employees may be redeployed to a new job at the same or lower salary in the same or new location.

30.8.1 Where the new job is at a lower salary, an equalisation allowance will be paid to preserve the salary of the employee at the rate paid in the old job at the time of redeployment. The salary can be preserved in the following ways by the employer:

- (a) a lump sum to make up for the loss of basic pay for the next two years (this is not abated by any subsequent salary increases); or
- (b) an on-going allowance for two years equivalent to the difference between the present salary and the new salary (this is abated by any subsequent salary increases).

30.8.2 Where the new job is within the same local area and extra travelling costs are involved, actual additional travelling expenses by public transport shall be reimbursed for 12 months.

30.8.3 The redeployment may involve employees undertaking some on-the-job training.

30.9 Leave Without Pay - Special leave without pay may be granted within a defined period without automatic right of re-engagement. This provision does not include parental or sick leave.

30.10 Retraining:

30.10.1 Where a skill shortage is identified, the Employer may offer a surplus employee retraining to meet that skill shortage with financial assistance up to the maintenance of full salary plus appropriate training expenses. It may not be practical to offer retraining to some



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employees identified as surplus. The Employer needs to make decisions on the basis of cost, the availability of appropriate training schemes and the suitability of individuals for retraining.

30.10.2 If an employee is redeployed to a position which is similar to his or her previous one, any retraining may be minimal, taking the form of "on the job" training such as induction or in-service education. Where an employee is deployed to a new occupation or a dissimilar position the Employer should consider such forms of retraining as in-service education, block courses or night courses at a technical institute, nursing bridging programmes, etc.

30.11 Severance - Payment will be made in accordance with the following:

30.11.1 "Service" for the purposes of this sub clause means total aggregated service with the ~~employing Employer~~, DHB, HHS, CHE, an Area Health Board or Hospital Board and with one or more of the following services:

- (a) Public Service
- (b) Post Office
- (c) New Zealand Railways
- (d) any University in New Zealand
- (e) any Health Centre in any New Zealand Polytechnic and/or College of Education but excludes any service with any of the above Services or with any DHB which has been taken into account for the purposes of calculating any entitlement to a redundancy/severance or similar payment from any of the above services or from any DHB.

30.11.2 8.33 per cent of basic salary (TI rate only) for the preceding 12 months, in lieu of notice. This payment shall only be made where the requisite notice cannot be given. Notice that is of a lesser period than required by this document shall require the employer to pay an amount proportionate to the ungiven period of notice. This payment is regardless of length of service; and

30.11.3 12 per cent of basic salary (TI rate only) for the preceding 12 months, or part thereof for employees with less than 12 months' service; and

30.11.4 4 per cent of basic salary (TI rate only) for the preceding 12 months multiplied by the number of years of service minus one, up to a maximum of 19; and

30.11.5 Where the period of total aggregated service is less than 20 years, 0.333 per cent of basic salary (TI rate only) for the preceding 12 months multiplied by the number of completed months in addition to completed years of service.

NB: The total amount paid to employees under this provision shall not exceed the basic salary (TI rate only) the employee would have received between their cessation and the date of their compulsory retirement.

30.11.6 If the employee has ten or more years' service, the full retiring gratuity as set out in the scale contained in schedule 1 shall be paid.

30.11.7 Employees with not less than eight years' service but less than ten years' service, shall be paid two weeks' basic salary (TI rate only).



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30.11.8 Employees with not less than five years' service but less than eight years' service, shall be paid one week's basic salary (TI rate only).

30.11.9 Outstanding annual leave and long service leave may be separately cashed up.

30.11.10 Job Search - The Employer should assist surplus staff to find alternative employment by allowing them a reasonable amount of time off work to attend job interviews without loss of pay. This is subject to the Employer being notified of the time and location of the interview before the employee is released to attend it.

30.11.11 Counselling - Counselling for affected employees and family will be made available as necessary.

31.0 PAYMENT OF WAGES

31.1 All wages shall be paid two-weekly (14 day), no later than Thursday.

31.2 Each employee shall be supplied with a statement showing details of earnings, allowances and deductions for each pay period.

31.3 Wages shall be paid by cheque or direct lodgement at a financial institution to the credit of an account nominated, in writing, by the employee. Such authority may be withdrawn or altered by the employee at any time by application, in writing, specifying the alterations or cancellations required.

31.4 All wages shall be paid on termination in the event of the dismissal of an employee. When an employee leaves of their own accord they shall be paid on the final day of their employment, all monies owing them.



and



PART SIX - OTHER PROVISIONS

32.0 STOPWORK MEETINGS

- 32.1 Subject to subsections 32.2 to 32.5, the employer shall allow every employee covered by this agreement to attend, on ordinary pay, at least two meetings (each of a maximum of two hours' duration) in each year (being the period beginning on the 1st day of January and ending on the following 31st day of December) with their representatives.
- 32.2 The representative shall give the employer at least 14 days' notice of the date and time of any meeting to which subsection 33.1 is to apply.
- 32.3 The representative shall make such arrangements with the employer as may be necessary to ensure that the employer's business is maintained during any meeting, including, where appropriate, an arrangement for sufficient employee's members to remain available during the meeting to enable the employer's operation to continue.
- 32.4 Work shall resume as soon as practicable after the meeting, but the employer shall not be obliged to pay any employee for a period greater than two hours in respect of any meeting.
- 32.5 Only employees who actually attend a meeting shall be entitled to pay in respect of that meeting and to that end the representative shall where requested supply the employer with a list of employees who attended and shall advise the employer of the time the meeting finished.

33.0 DEDUCTION OF APEX FEES

The employer shall deduct employee APEX fees from the wages/salaries of employees when authorised in writing by members. The employer will provide APEX, on a quarterly basis, with a list of employees covered by this agreement specifying, also, occupations and workplaces. In each instance where APEX requests the employer to increase the fees deducted, APEX shall provide written confirmation of its legal entitlement to request such an increase.

34.0 EMPLOYEE REPRESENTATIVE RIGHT OF ENTRY

The authorised union representative shall be entitled to enter at all reasonable times upon the premises for the purposes related to:

- the employment of its members,
- and / or the union's business.

35.0 EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS EDUCATION LEAVE

The employer shall grant leave on pay annually for members of APEX to attend courses authorised by APEX to facilitate the employees' education and training as employee representatives in the workplace.



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The number of days education leave per annum granted shall be as follows:

- 1- 5 members = 3 days;
- 6-50 members = 5 days;
- 51-280 members = 1 day for every 8 FTE or part thereof;
- Over 281 members = 35 days plus 5 days for every 100 FTE or part thereof that exceeds 280.

36.0 PERSONAL GRIEVANCE, DISPUTES & EMPLOYMENT RELATIONSHIP PROBLEMS

36.1 An “employment relationship problem” includes:

- i) A personal grievance
- ii) A dispute
- iii) Any other problem relating to or arising out of the employment relationship.

36.2 Where an Employment Relationship Problem arises the parties will in the first instance seek to resolve it between the immediately affected parties. Further to this:

- a) The Employee will be provided the opportunity to be represented by their union or other such support person of their choosing at any time during the resolution process.
- b) If the matter is unresolved either party is entitled to seek mediation from the MBIE or refer the matter to the Employment Relations Authority. (Both mediation and investigation by the Authority are services available for the resolution of employment relationship problems.)

36.3 A “personal grievance” means a claim that you:

- i) have been unjustifiably dismissed; or
- ii) have had your employment, or your conditions of employment, affected to your disadvantage by some unjustifiable action by The employer; or
- iii) have been discriminated against in your employment; or
- iv) have been sexually harassed in your employment; or
- v) have been racially harassed in your employment; or
- vi) have been subjected to duress in relation to union membership.

36.4 If the employment relationship problem is a personal grievance, you must raise the grievance with the employer within a period of 90 days, beginning with the date on which the action alleged to amount to a personal grievance, occurred or came to your notice, whichever is the latter.

36.5 Where any matter comes before the Authority for determination, the Authority must direct the matter to mediation in the first instance. Where mediation has failed or been deemed



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inappropriate in the circumstances, the Authority will then have the power to investigate the matter.

36.6 If the employment relationship problem relates to discrimination or sexual harassment, services available for the resolution of the problem include either application to the Authority for the resolution of this grievance or a complaint under the Human Rights Act 1993, but not both.

37.0 SAVINGS CLAUSE

Nothing in this agreement shall operate so as to reduce the conditions of employment applying to any employee at the date of this agreement coming into force unless specifically identified and agreed between the parties.

38.0 NOTICE PERIOD

Where the employer or employee wishes to terminate employment, a period of notice of four weeks is required. This period of notice may be varied by mutual agreement.

39.0 SUPERANNUATION

The provisions of the KiwiSaver Act 2006, shall apply.

40.0 TERM OF AGREEMENT

This Agreement shall have a term from ~~4 November 2019~~ 1 September 2022 to ~~31 June 2024~~ August 2022

Dated this _____ day of November 2022.

Signed:

AUTHORISED Representative of the
EMPLOYEE PARTY

AUTHORISED Representative of the
EMPLOYER party

.....
Dr Deborah Powell
National Secretary

.....
Fepulea'i Margie Apa
Chief Executive



and



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and



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SCHEDULE 1: RETIRING GRATUITIES

To remain as per conditions of employment immediately prior to commencement of this [Collective Agreement MECA](#). (The parties agree that this schedule is intended to record [DHB-District](#) retiring gratuity provisions in place prior to the commencement of this [MECA Collective Agreement](#)).

GENERALLY APPLICABLE CLAUSES

3.1 The scale for calculating gratuities referred to below is as follows (unless stated otherwise):

Scale of Maximum Gratuities	
Period of Total Service	Maximum Gratuity
Not less than 10 years and less than 11 years	31 days' pay
Not less than 11 years and less than 12 years	35 days' pay
Not less than 12 years and less than 13 years	39 days' pay
Not less than 13 years and less than 14 years	43 days' pay
Not less than 14 years and less than 15 years	47 days' pay
Not less than 15 years and less than 16 years	51 days' pay
Not less than 16 years and less than 17 years	55 days' pay
Not less than 17 years and less than 18 years	59 days' pay
Not less than 18 years and less than 19 years	63 days' pay
Not less than 19 years and less than 20 years	67 days' pay
Not less than 20 years and less than 21 years	71 days' pay
Not less than 21 years and less than 22 years	75 days' pay
Not less than 22 years and less than 23 years	79 days' pay
Not less than 23 years and less than 24 years	83 days' pay
Not less than 24 years and less than 25 years	87 days' pay
Not less than 25 years and less than 26 years	92 days' pay
Not less than 26 years and less than 27 years	98 days' pay
Not less than 27 years and less than 28 years	104 days' pay
Not less than 28 years and less than 29 years	110 days' pay
Not less than 29 years and less than 30 years	116 days' pay
Not less than 30 years and less than 31 years	123 days' pay
Not less than 31 years and less than 32 years	129 days' pay
Not less than 32 years and less than 33 years	135 days' pay
Not less than 33 years and less than 34 years	141 days' pay
Not less than 34 years and less than 35 years	147 days' pay
Not less than 35 years and less than 36 years	153 days' pay
Not less than 36 years and less than 37 years	159 days' pay
Not less than 37 years and less than 38 years	165 days' pay
Not less than 38 years and less than 39 years	171 days' pay
Not less than 39 years and less than 40 years	177 days' pay
Not less than 40 years	183 days' pay

Note: These are consecutive rather than working days.

3.2 For the purposes of establishing eligibility for a gratuity, total DHB service may be an aggregated, whether this be part-time or whole-time, or a combination of both at different periods. Part-time service is not to be converted to its whole-time equivalent for the purpose of establishing eligibility.



and



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- 3.3 Where part-time service is involved the gratuity should be calculated to reflect this. The number of hours per week employed during the years of service is calculated as a percentage of the number of hours represented by a full week and this percentage is applied to the rate of pay established for gratuity purposes.
- 3.4 Gratuities “shall” (“may” in South Canterbury ~~DHB~~District) be paid to the partner or if no surviving partner, the dependent child(ren) or the estate of employees who died before retirement or who died after retirement but before receiving a gratuity. Partner is defined as a person with whom a marriage Agreement has been made or who is in a de facto relationship.
- 3.5 The calculation of a gratuity entitlement shall be in accordance with the scale detailed below, provided that the amount of any gratuity previously received in respect of service taken into account in the calculation shall be deducted.
- 3.6 For the purposes of calculating the amount of gratuity which an employer “may” (“shall” in Southland) pay, the rate of pay on retirement shall be the basic rates of salary or wages plus adult allowance, dependants allowance and training allowance.
- 3.7 An employee who is granted leave without pay and who remains in the service of the employer, will, on retirement, have such leave aggregated with other service for gratuity purposes.

NORTHLAND RETIRING GRATUITIES

- 1.1 Employees retiring who have no less than 10 years’ service with the employer may be paid a Retirement Gratuity within the scale above.
- 1.2 The provisions of this clause will also apply where early retirement is taken by an employee as an alternative to redundancy.

SOUTH CANTERBURY RETIRING GRATUITIES

- 1.1 The employer may pay a retiring gratuity to staff retiring from the Company who have had no less than 10 years’ current continuous.
- 1.2 Service entitlements as at 1 January 2004 that recognise service with other employers shall continue to be recognised while the employee remains in current continuous service with that employer.

1.3 The gratuity is based on the following scale:

Current Continuous Service	Maximum Gratuity
Not less than 10 years Not less than 11 years and up to 26 years	31 days Additional 4 days for each full year of service in excess of 10 years.
Not less than 26 years and up to 40 years	Additional 6 days for each full year of service in excess of 25 years to a maximum of 40 years.

Note: These are consecutive rather than working days.

WAITEMATA RETIRING GRATUITIES

- 4.1 The Employer shall pay a retiring gratuity to staff retiring from the DHB who have had no less than 10 years' service with the employing DHB, with that DHB and one or more other DHBs or their predecessors and with one or more of the following services: the Public Service, or any university in New Zealand.
- 4.2 Notwithstanding the above, employees of the DHB employed prior to 24 April 1991 shall continue to have all periods of service recognised prior to that date credited for the purpose of calculating retirement gratuities.
- 4.3 For employees employed after 1 July 1992, only service with Hospital Boards, Area Health Boards, CHEs, HHSs and DHBs shall apply.
- 4.4 Where any employee with more than 10 years' service resigns from the DHB the Employer shall consider the payment of a half gratuity, in exceptional circumstances. Such exceptional circumstances would not usually include resignation to take up other employment.



and



SCHEDULE 2: CURRENT ~~DHB BY DHB~~DISTRICT-SPECIFIC PROVISIONS

Bay of Plenty DHB District

Maximum Consecutive Days

Tauranga Hospital;

For those employees who commenced work prior to 23/1/1995, the following provisions shall apply: Where practicable, ordinary days of work shall be worked on not more than 5 consecutive days each week with a maximum number of consecutive duties to be 7 (and up to 10 by agreement).

By mutual agreement, for those employees who commenced work after 23/1/1995, where the ordinary hours are 40, the following provisions apply: Where practicable ordinary days of work shall be worked on 5 consecutive days with the maximum number of consecutive duties to be 7 – extendable to 10 by mutual agreement.

Whakatane Hospital:

Generally no more than 5 consecutive periods of duty may be worked at a time, however to meet service needs up to 7 consecutive periods of duty may be worked. When 7 consecutive periods are worked these shall be followed by no less than 2 consecutive days off.

Canterbury District DHB

Maximum Consecutive Days: An employee shall not be required to be on duty for more than 7 consecutive days unless otherwise mutually agreed and will be entitled to 2 periods of 24 hours off duty each week unless otherwise mutually agreed.

Schedule One of the CDHB Clinical Support Services Collective Agreement (1 January 2002 – 31 December 2003)

The following provisions shall continue to apply to those Employees who had previous grand parenting arrangements as referred to in Clause 3.3 (of the previous CDHB Clinical Support Services Collective Agreement) whilst they remain currently continuously employed with the Employer. They take the place of those previously held on payroll files.

For those Employees previously covered by the Area Health Boards' Medical Radiation Technologists' in the Whole of New Zealand Award which expired on 23 June 1992:

Service

Where the Agreement provides a benefit by way of length of service (e.g. long service leave), service shall be calculated in accordance with the appropriate definitions in the Area Health Boards' Medical Radiation Technologists' in the Whole of New Zealand Award, which expired on 23 June 1992.

For those Employees previously covered by the Allied Health Professionals' Collective Employment Contract (10 May 1993 – 30 June 1994)

Severance Provisions (if these ever apply)

The provisions of Clause 27.4 of the Allied Health Professionals' Collective Employment Contract, which expired on 30 June 1994, shall apply in lieu of Clause 30 of the MIT MECA.

Redeployment (if these ever apply)



and

Te Whatu Ora
Health New Zealand

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As an alternative to the lump sum payment in Clause 25.3.iii of the MIT MECA, the Employee may choose to receive an ongoing equalisation allowance for two years equivalent to the difference between the previous base salary and the new base salary, which allowance is abated by any salary increase.

Service

Where the MIT MECA provides a benefit by way of length of service (e.g. long service leave), service shall be calculated in accordance with the appropriate definitions in the Allied Health Professionals' Collective Employment Contract, which expired on 30 June 1994.

Schedule One of the previous CDHB Clinical Support Services Collective Agreement

The following provisions shall continue to apply to those employees who had previous grand parenting arrangements as referred to in Clause 3.3 (of the previous CDHB Clinical Support Services Collective Agreement) whilst they remain currently continuously employed with the Employer. They take the place of those previously held on payroll files.

For those Employees previously covered by the Area Health Boards' Medical Radiation Technologists' in the Whole of New Zealand Award which expired on 23 June 1992:

Service

Where the Agreement provides a benefit by way of length of service (e.g. long service leave), service shall be calculated in accordance with the appropriate definitions in the Area Health Boards' Medical Radiation Technologists' in the Whole of New Zealand Award, which expired on 23 June 1992.

Penal

Where the Employee is regularly required to work and continues to regularly work on a Saturday or Sunday and would have previously been paid under Clause 6(5)(a) and (b) of the Area Health Boards' Medical Radiation Technologists' in the Whole of New Zealand Award, which expired on 28 June 1992, but is now paid under Clause 8 of the MIT MECA, the difference between the old payment rate (previous contract) at penal T2 and the new payment rate (new Agreement) at ordinary time plus weekend duty allowance under the new Agreement shall be paid (grand parented) until the difference reduces and disappears over a period of time.

For those Employees previously covered by the Allied Health Professionals' Collective Employment Contract:

Severance Provisions (if these ever apply)

In accordance with Clause 25.8 of the MIT MECA, the provisions of Clause 27.4 of the Allied Health Professionals' Collective Employment Contract, which expired on 30 June 1994, shall apply in lieu of Clause 25.5 of the MIT MECA.

Redeployment (if these ever apply)

As an alternative to the lump sum payment in Clause 25.3.iii of the MIT MECA, the employee may choose to receive an ongoing equalisation allowance for two years equivalent to the difference between the previous base salary and the new base salary, which allowance is abated by any salary increase.

Service

Where the MIT MECA provides a benefit by way of length of service (e.g. long service leave), service shall be calculated in accordance with the appropriate definitions in the Allied Health Professionals' Collective Employment Contract, which expired on 30 June 1994.



and



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Penal

Where the Employee is regularly required to work and continues to regularly work on a Saturday or Sunday and would have previously been paid under Clause 7 of the Allied Health Professionals' Collective Contract, which expired on 30 June 1994, but is now paid under Clause 8 of the MIT MECA, the difference between the old payment rate (previous contract) at penal T2 and the new payment rate (new Agreement) at ordinary time plus weekend duty allowance under the new Agreements shall be paid (grand parented) until the difference reduces and disappears over a period of time.

Counties Manukau DistrictDHB

Maximum Consecutive Days: Ordinary hours of work shall be worked on not more than 7 consecutive days with 2 days off per each week.

Hawkes Bay DistrictDHB

- 4.1 Alternatively, those employees who elect to work a rostered shift covering 0000 Monday to 0700 Friday, the midnight to 7.00 am shift, shall be paid a shift allowance of \$45.00 per shift.
- 4.2 For those employees taking part in this 0000 to 0700 roster, such payments set out in the night rate clause of the Agreement will not apply.
- 4.3 This roster will only commence when seven staff are available to work it on a no more than one in six rotation.
- 4.4 With the normal staff complement of no less than seven, annual leave will be self-covered. Unexpected/additional leave will be covered by the on call provisions.
- 4.5 Current employees who volunteer to become part of the night shift roster will register their intent by signing a change to their hours of work, that will remain in place for a five year period. On the completion of the five years the employee may elect to no longer be part of the night shift roster at any time. This clause will not include those current employees who have already signed an agreement to work the nightshift as part of their terms and conditions.
- 4.6 The current evening shift, 1630 to 2400, shall incur a shift allowance of \$20.00 for each shift once clause 4.5 is operational.

Hutt Valley DistrictDHB

Superannuation: The employer shall continue to meet employer contributions to subsidised superannuation scheme(s) for any employee who is a contributor to a superannuation scheme subsidised by Hutt Valley DHB as 4th August 1999.

Duties of Employees: Duties of employees shall include any work which may be required of them in connection with the employer's business and for which employees have the requisite skills, training and experience or where employees can acquire same within a reasonable period.



and

Te Whatu Ora
Health New Zealand

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Employees shall accurately record starting and finishing times, meal intervals, details of work carried out and maintain other records as required.

Maximum Consecutive Days: An employee shall not be required to be on duty for more than 7 consecutive days unless otherwise mutually agreed and will be entitled to 2 periods of 24 hours off duty each week unless otherwise mutually agreed.

Lakes DistrictDHB

Staff attending scheduled and approved Radiographer Team Meetings on their rostered day off are to be paid at ordinary time.

If there is any planned significant increase in volumes, e.g. new contracts, then the FTE and number of procedures will be reviewed by the parties.

From 5.00 pm Saturday to Midnight Sunday Monday penal rates shall be paid at T1 in addition to the normal hourly rate.

Maximum Consecutive Days: Where practicable, ordinary days of work shall be worked on not more than 5 successive days each week except that in no circumstances are employees to work on more than 7 successive days at any one time.

MidCentral DistrictDHB

Educational Expenses: Where an employee is undertaking, at the requirement of the employer, studies towards qualifications relevant to their work, the employer will reimburse all actual and reasonable expenses incurred including course fees, travel and accommodation.

Northland DistrictDHB

6.1 The Radiology Manager or designated deputy, after consultation with affected employees, will advise the employer when an extended absence (other than scheduled leave) will create an unreasonable or unsafe workload. Where the employment of locum staff is not feasible then alternative arrangements will be made and/or appropriate compensation for increased workload will be negotiated with the employees affected, provided that the increased compensation shall not exceed the amount that would have been paid if an extended absence had not occurred.

6.2 Northland shall make a contribution toward the phone line rental based on the number of rostered on-call shifts employees are required to do. This is to be done by way of the staff claiming via their timesheet.

- On call 1 in 5 or less frequently (e.g. 1 in 6) 20% of annual rental shall be reimbursed
- On Call 1 in 4 25% of annual rental shall be reimbursed
- On Call 1 in 3 or more frequently (e.g. 1 in 2) 50% of annual rental shall be reimbursed.



and



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- 6.3 Northland ~~District DHB~~ shall maintain 37.5 per week (7.5 per day) ordinary hours of work (as per clause 3.1(iv) of this collective agreement) and all terms and conditions that arise from this ordinary hours of work provision that pre existed this collective agreement shall remain in force as per the collective agreement dated 1 October 2013 to 7 October 2015; except salaries and allowances which shall increase by the amount as is contained in this collective agreement.

South Canterbury District DHB

Maximum Consecutive Days: An employee shall not be required to be on duty for more than 7 consecutive days unless otherwise mutually agreed and will be entitled to 2 periods of 24 hours off duty each week unless otherwise mutually agreed.

Southern District DHB

Ex Otago DHB

- (a) The parties agree to convene from time to time as required a joint working group to consider and recommend criteria to the employer for the granting of Certificates of Proficiency, such criteria to be specific to the different work specialty areas with Otago DHB that this Agreement covers.
- (b) Employees who gain a ODHB Certificate of Proficiency will be paid an annual lump sum of \$500 (net). Otago District Health Board will pay up to 65% of the cost towards training (up to a maximum of \$950) for MIT's who undertake external courses of proficiency.

Only one Certificate of Proficiency will be recognised for payment per employee in any one year (01 July to 30 June). Despite this, an employee may hold more than one Certificate.

Each ODHB Certificate of Proficiency will be current for a two year period.

- (c) For MIT's who complete the NZIMRT Certificate of Proficiency in Mammography or another mammography training programme recognised by the NZIMRT, the employer will pay up to 65% of the costs towards training (up to a maximum of \$950).

Mammography: A daily incidentals reimbursing allowance of \$50 shall be paid to each employee working in the mobile screening unit when there is no overnight stay required. This figure is non taxable and linked to wage increases. Receipts are not required.

Maximum Consecutive Days: An employee shall not be required to be on duty for more than 7 consecutive days unless otherwise mutually agreed and will be entitled to 2 periods of 24 hours off duty each week unless otherwise mutually agreed.

Ex Southland DHB

Qualification Allowance: An employee will be paid a one off payment of \$400 on achievement of a Certificate Level Post Graduate Qualification, which has a benefit to the Medical Imaging Service. Only employees employed at the 22 April 2005 qualify for this payment.



and



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Maximum Consecutive Days: An employee shall not be required to be on duty for more than 7 consecutive days unless otherwise mutually agreed and will be entitled to 2 periods of 24 hours off duty each week unless otherwise mutually agreed.

Tairāwhiti DistrictDHB

Employees appointed to the position of Quality Manager (excluding those in a unit or area charge position) shall receive an allowance of \$2,500 PA pro rata in relation to FTE.

Maximum Consecutive Days: Where practicable, ordinary days of work shall be worked on not more than 5 successive days each week except that in no circumstances are employees to work on more than 7 successive days at any one time.

Waikato DistrictDHB

- 2.1 The revised heads of agreement dated 1/7/2002 continues to apply as part of this collective agreement.
- 2.2 An employee unable to take a meal after five hours' duty shall be paid at time-half rate in addition to normal salary from the expiry of five hours until the time when a meal can be taken. Except that on Saturdays, Sundays and Public Holidays an employee shall be paid at time three quarters (T1¾) in addition to normal salary.
- 2.3 No roster shall contain breaks between duties of less than 9 consecutive hours. If the actual break between worked duties is less than 9 overtime rates shall apply. Where an employee takes rostered time off to get this break they shall be paid at T1 rate for the time they are rostered to work.

Wairarapa DistrictDHB

Child Care Support (This clause shall not apply to employees employed after 12 January 2012).

- (a) Where an employee who is entitled to parental leave of up to 12 months returns to duty, before or at the expiration of extended leave, that employee qualifies for a childcare support payment.
- (b) Application for the childcare support payment must be made within two weeks of return from parental leave.
- (c) Where an application for the childcare support payment has been lodged and processed, a payment of \$200 per fortnight shall be paid in addition to the normal fortnightly payment.
- (d) The payment shall continue to be paid fortnightly until such time as the total amount paid reaches the equivalent of 30 working days pay of the individual's base salary (pro rata for part time staff).
- (e) If both partners are employed by the employer and are eligible for the payment then they are entitled to only one payment. The employees will indicate who will receive this payment.



and



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Maximum Consecutive Days: An employee shall not be required to be on duty for more than 7 consecutive days unless otherwise mutually agreed and will be entitled to 2 periods of 24 hours off duty each week unless otherwise mutually agreed.

Waitemata DistrictDHB

- 1.1 Where an employee is incapacitated as a result of a work accident, and that employee is on earnings related compensation, then the employer agrees to supplement the employee's compensation by 20% of base pay rate during the period of incapacitation. This leave shall be taken as a charge Accident Leave.
- 1.2 Night duty rosters shall:
 - (a) ensure that no employee shall be required to work more than three consecutive nights, unless by agreement;
 - (b) provide for clear day/s off following night duties, i.e.: the rostered day off is not the sleep day.
- 1.3 A break of at least twelve (12) continuous hours will be provided wherever possible between any two periods of duty of a full shift or more.
- 1.4 The employer is committed to safe staffing levels and appropriate skill mix. There shall be regular monitoring and any identified staffing deficiencies shall be addressed.
- 1.5 In recognition of the importance of continuing professional development the employer shall refund 100% of training courses on their successful completion. Participation in any such training shall be subject to the prior approval of the appropriate manager.

West Coast DistrictDHB

1.0 Roster Frequency Allowance – Grey Base Hospital

The Employer shall pay an employee on a roster an annual availability allowance calculated on the following basis:

Frequency of Roster	Payment
One in Two	\$2,229
One in three	\$3,901

Note: the above annual availability allowance payment shall be paid pro rata as a weekly allowance when applicable. Any payment to a Part-time employee shall be paid as a pro rata payment.

2.0 Meal/Telephone Provisions Westport Only

A shift worker works a qualifying shift (reference clause 7 below) of seven hours or more and who is required to work more than one hour beyond the end of the shift (excluding any break for a meal) shall be provided with a meal.

Greymouth/Westport

Westport - Telephone Allowance: - The Employer shall pay an annual allowance of \$446 per annum in recognition of line rental costs for employees participating on the on call roster



and



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Greymouth – Telephone /Meal Allowance – The employer shall pay an annual allowance of \$891 per annum in recognition of telephone line rental costs for those employees participating in the on-call roster and for employees to purchase their own meals in the case of those employees who are required to work more than one hour beyond their normal rostered shift.

3.0 Transport for Call Outs

A pool vehicle is to be available to employees who are on-call. The vehicle will be available from 5pm and is to be returned by 8 am the following morning, or, when working weekend on-call, Monday morning at 8 am. The vehicle is to be used for on-call purposes only and is not intended for personal use under any circumstances. Staff who wish to use the pool vehicle are required to furnish the employer with a letter confirming that they do own their own vehicle, in compliance with fringe benefit tax legislation. This provision shall apply subject to prior approval being obtained from the Charge MIT.

4.0 Public Holidays

In addition to all other provisions of this CA, the employee will be entitled to 1 day each year as a company holiday on a day not being a public holiday, a Saturday or a Sunday. When an employee becomes entitled to additional annual leave after 5 years' service, they shall not receive the additional 1 day as provided for under this clause.

5.0 Footwear

5.1 Where the employer specifies that a medical imaging technologist is to wear a particular type of duty shoe, two pairs shall be supplied free of charge to every whole time medical imaging technologist or an allowance of (\$150 from 1 July 2006) per annum shall be paid in lieu.

5.2 Where duty shoes are specified, six pairs of duty; socks, stockings or pantyhose shall be supplied free of charge or an allowance of (\$36.93 from 1 July 2006) per annum shall be paid in lieu.

5.3 In the case of a medical imaging technologist who is employed part time, a proportionate part of those allowances shall be paid as applicable.

6.0 Leave to attend meeting of statutory boards and committees

6.1 the employer shall grant leave on full pay to employees attending meetings of boards or committees covered by the department of health provided that:

6.1.1 the appointment to the board or committee is by ministerial appointment

6.1.2 any remuneration received for the period that paid leave was granted shall be paid to the employer.

7.0 Shift work : Should the need arise for shifts (outside of the current hours of work) to be worked, the parties agree to commence negotiations for payment of such. Existing employees would work these shifts by mutual agreement.

8.0 Health And Safety

8.1 The employer shall comply with the provisions of the Health And Safety in Employment Act 1992 concerning safety, health and welfare matters.

8.2 The parties to this agreement agree that employers should be adequately protected from any safety and health hazard arising in the workplace. All reasonable precautions for the health and safety of employees shall be taken.



and



- 8.3 It shall be the responsibility of the employer to ensure that the workplace meets required standards and the adequate and sufficient safety equipment is provided.
- 8.4 It shall be the responsibility of the every employee covered by this agreement to work safely and to report any hazards, accidents or injuries immediately to his/her supervisor.
- 8.5 It is a condition of employment that safety equipment and clothing required by the employer to be worn or used by the employee must be worn or used and that safe working practices must be observed at all times.
- 8.6 As soon as practicable after commencing work the worker shall be advised of safety procedures peculiar to the hospital environment with particular attention to health hazards likely to be met in his/her day to day work.
- 8.7 The ventilation in the department in general and more specifically the automatic processor shall be tested periodically (at least annually) or more frequently if it is considered there is a problem with inadequate ventilation. If a problem is identified steps to resolve this shall be undertaken as soon as practicable.
- 8.8 The MIT health shall be monitored on regular basis (at least annually) with lung function and liver function tests.
- 9.0 Maximum Consecutive Days**
Where practicable, ordinary days of work shall be worked on not more than 5 successive days each week except that in no circumstances are employees to work on more than 7 successive days at any one time.
- 10.0 Ordinary Hours of Work**
West Coast DHB shall maintain 35 per week (7 per day) ordinary hours of work (as per clause 3.1(iv) of this collective agreement) and all terms and conditions that arise from this ordinary hours of work provision that pre-existed this collective agreement shall remain in force as per the collective agreement dated 1 October 2013 to 7 October 2015; except salaries and allowances which shall increase by the amount as is contained in this collective agreement

Whanganui DistrictDHB

Accident leave in addition to clause 22 of the agreement, if the accident is accepted by the Employer as a work-related accident the employee will be placed on accident leave for the first week and paid at the basic rate of salary. This does not affect any sick leave entitlement. Should the period of absence on accident leave be longer than the first week, the employee may apply to have any shortfall in the basic salary paid as earnings compensation paid by the employer and debited to sick leave entitlement. Approval is at the sole discretion of the employer.



and



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SCHEDULE 3: SICK LEAVE PROVISIONS

Grandparented Accumulation of Sick Leave Entitlements:

AUCKLAND DISTRICT DHB Provided that any employee employed prior to 3.3.97 shall continue to have all periods of service recognised prior to that date credited for the purposes of sick leave while s/he remains employed by the ADHB.

WAIKATO DISTRICT DHB Sick leave shall accumulate by carrying forward from one year to another any unused sick leave, but shall not exceed 320 days for employees employed before 23 June 1992.

HAWKES BAY DISTRICT DHB Notwithstanding the above, any employee who was employed by the employer prior to the 1 October 2011 shall have previous maximum accumulation entitlements preserved.

Wellness District DHB Provisions

HUTT VALLEY DISTRICT DHB

Where the absence is due to sickness the following provisions, will apply.

1.2 The availability of sick leave in terms of this clause relies on mutual trust between the employer and employees and their colleagues, and the belief that, if ill, staff should be allowed to recover from any incapacity without fear of immediate termination of employment or loss of pay.

However, any employee who is found to be abusing this trust by taking time off for illness when not ill will be regarded as having committed serious misconduct and may be summarily dismissed.

1.3 During the first six (6) months of service an employee shall be entitled to ten (10) days' sick leave on pay.

1.4 After completing six (6) months' continuous service an employee if ill is able to take such time off work on pay as is necessary to recover from the illness and return to work.

1.5 An employee who is absent for reasons of ill health for a period of three (3) days or more shall, if so required, supply a medical certificate to the manager setting out the nature of the illness and the date by which the employee may be expected to return to work.

1.6 If the absence is long term in nature and work related the employee shall be entitled to full ordinary pay for up to six (6) months. The manager may approve a second period of six (6) months or longer on full pay.

If the absence is not work related the manager may reduce the employees pay to half ordinary pay after the first three (3) months.

Throughout the period of absence the employer may make periodic checks on progress of recovery or rehabilitation. If after three (3) months' absence a medical certificate indicates



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that an employee is unlikely to return to normal work within a further three (3) months', redeployment will be considered. Employment may be terminated if the employee is unable to return to work at the six (6) month point.

- 1.7 The employer shall have the right in exceptional circumstances to request the employee to visit a registered medical practitioner nominated by and at the expense of the employer.

2. Injury

- 2.1 The provisions of the Accident Insurance Act 1998 or any amendment or Act passed in substitution for this Act shall apply.

- 2.2 Where the absence from work as a result of an injury (work or non-work or motor vehicle) accident the employee must provide copies of the claim for cover and expenses, initial medical certificate and any further medical certificates.

- 2.3 Employees must report any work accident and any resulting injury to their manager, and complete the necessary documentation as soon as possible after the event.

- 2.4 Employees requiring treatment as a result of an accident or emergency during a period of duty shall be entitled to free emergency treatment provided by the employer through a nominated registered medical practitioner or other health care provider as approved by the employer.

- 2.5 Where absence from work is due to injury arising from a work related injury or motor vehicle accident the employer shall:

- a) Make up the balance of pay between full ordinary pay and the 80% of earnings-related-compensation covered by the employer's workers compensation insurer. The duration of the makeup payment will be subject to active compliance with Hutt Valley DHB's rehabilitation programme that has been mutually agreed between the parties.
- b) Make up any difference between the amount accepted by the employer's workers compensation insurer and the fee paid by the employee for treatment in relation to the accident where that course of treatment has been approved by Hutt Valley DHB.

- 2.6 Where absence from work is due to injury arising from a non-work related injury the employer shall make up the balance of pay between full ordinary pay and the 80% of earnings-related-compensation covered by the employer's workers compensation insurer. The duration of the makeup payment will be subject to active compliance with Hutt Valley DHB's rehabilitation programme as mutually agreed between the parties, and will be for a maximum of 3 months.

WAIRARAPA DISTRICTDHB

Sickness

- (a) Where an employee is absent from work due to sickness or injury the provisions of this clause will apply, depending on whether the absence is due to sickness, or work-related injury, or non-work related injury.

- (b) In all cases of absence covered by these provisions the employee shall:



and



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- (i) provide the appropriate medical certificates as detailed in 1.2(e) and 1.2(g)
- (ii) following agreement by both parties consult the Consultant in Occupational Medicine engaged by the employer or an agreed medical advisor to assess progress and treatment relating to fitness for work;
- (iii) agree that the Consultant in Occupational Medicine will have access to the employee's chosen medical practitioner to discuss those aspects of the employee's condition relating to fitness for work; and
- (iv) participate in an agreed rehabilitation programme which may include undertaking a different role.

1.2

- (a) Where the absence is due to sickness clause 1.2(b) to 1.2(h) applies instead of the provisions for special leave in the Holidays Act 2003.
- (b) The availability of sick leave in terms of this clause relies on mutual trust between the employer and employees and their colleagues, and the belief that, if ill, staff should be allowed to recover from any incapacity without fear of immediate termination of employment or loss of pay.
- (c) During the first six months of service, an employee shall be entitled to ten days sick leave on pay.
- (d) After completing six months continuous service an employee, if ill, is able to take such time off work on pay as is necessary to recover from the illness and return to work.
- (e) An employee who is absent for reasons of illness of ill health for a period of three days or more shall, if so required, supply a medical certificate to the manager setting out the date by which the employee may be expected to return to work.
- (f) If the absence is long term in nature, the employee shall be entitled to full ordinary pay for up to six months.
- (g) Throughout the period of absence, the employer may make periodic checks on progress of recovery or rehabilitation. If after three months' absence a medical certificate indicates that an employee is unlikely to return to normal work within a further three (3) months' time, redeployment will be considered. Employment may be terminated if the employee is unable to return to work at the 6-month point.
- (H) The employer shall have the right in exceptional circumstances to request the employee to visit a registered medical practitioner for a second opinion at the expense of the employer.

CAPITAL AND COAST DISTRICTDHB

Absence from work due to sickness or injury is covered by the employer's Wellness Policy. The following is a summary of the provisions in the policy. The policy must be referred to for further details.

- 2.1 When an employee is absent from work due to sickness or injury the following provisions will apply, depending on whether the absence is due to sickness, work-related injury or non work-related injury.



and



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- 2.2 During the first six (6) calendar months of service an employee shall be entitled to a maximum of ten (10) days sick leave on pay.
- 2.3 After completing six (6) months continuous service an employee, if ill, is able to take such time off work on pay as is necessary to recover from illness and return to work
- 2.4 An employee who is absent for reasons of ill health beyond three (3) consecutive working days may be required to supply a medical certificate to the manager, setting out the date by which the employee will be expected to return to work. A medical certificate and Health Workforce team review may be requested if there is any suspicion of abuse of the policy.
- 2.5 If absence is long term in nature the employee shall be entitled to full ordinary pay for up to six (6) months, subject to a full review and decision-making process.
- 2.6 The wellness policy may be subject to review and alteration by the employer, after appropriate consultation, provided that any alteration/termination may only occur after the term of this collective agreement. In the event of termination the previous Collective Employment Contract (1 January 2000 to 30 September 2001) sick leave provisions will be reinstated.
- 2.7 Partial absence due to illness or injury not covered by ACC by employees will be recorded in the following way:
- | | | |
|-----|---|---------|
| (a) | absence of less than two hours in any one working day | nil |
| | leave | |
| (b) | absence of between two hours and six hours in any one working day | 1/2 day |
| (c) | absence of more than six hours in any one working day | 1 day |
- 2.8 Domestic Leave
- 2.8.1 Employees may be granted reasonable leave on pay as a charge against sick leave entitlement when the employee must be absent from work to attend to a member of the household who, through illness, becomes dependent on the employee.
- 2.8.2 A medical certificate may be required in support of a claim for domestic leave.

COUNTIES MANUKAU ~~DISTRICT~~DHB

- 1.1 This provision is inclusive of and not in addition to the sick leave provisions provided by the Holidays Act 2003. The minima provided in law shall not be diminished by the operation of this clause
- 1.2 All employees are eligible for sick pay when absent from work through sickness, for the first week of absence due to a non-work injury covered by the provisions of the Accident Rehabilitation and Compensation Insurance Act 1992 and for absences due to work related injuries.
- 1.3 When managing sick leave, reference shall be made to the appropriate Human Resource Policies, and agreed Sick Leave Review Guidelines.



and



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- 1.4 Sick pay will be at the employee's relevant daily rate of pay for their rostered days of work that fall within the period of absence less any Accident Rehabilitation and Compensation Insurance or any other state benefit the employee may receive as a result of their sickness or injury.
- 1.5 The employer may at their discretion agree to compensate the employee further for the difference between the average earnings (i.e. inclusive of penal earnings) and the amount they would otherwise receive in respect of Accident Rehabilitation and Compensation Insurance where the employee's absence from work arises from a work related injury resulting from such incidents as attack by patients/public.
- 1.6 The granting of sick pay is conditional upon the employee notifying their employing department of the commencement and anticipated period of absence as soon as possible on the first day of absence.
- 1.7 Where an employee has a consistent pattern of short term sick leave absences, or where there is concern over the number of days taken, the employee may be required to participate in a review panel.
- 1.7.1 The review panel will be comprised of individuals as per CMDHB sick leave review guidelines. The focus of the review will be to assist the employee in establishing practical arrangements to recover from sickness or injury however the review may:
- (a) require the employee to support all future sick pay claims with a medical certificate, and/or
 - (b) require the employee to undergo an examination by a medical practitioner nominated by the employer at the employer's expense, and/or
 - (c) restrict or withdraw for a specified period the sick pay provisions of this clause, such action being limited Sick Leave provisions of the Holidays Act 2003
 - (d) recommend that the employee attend an Employee Assistance Programme
- 1.7.2 Where an employee becomes incapacitated or disabled through sickness or injury as confirmed by the unanimous opinion of medical practitioners nominated by both the employer and the employee, the employee's situation will be reviewed by the Review Panel and if unable to return to work, the employee's employment may be terminated.
- 1.8 The sick pay provisions of this clause are intended to provide protection for employees in respect of enforced absences due to sickness or injury. They replace provisions in predecessor agreements that enabled employees to accumulate an entitlement as protection against long term absences from work. The spirit of that intention will continue to be reserved by maintaining a record of individual sick leave accumulations at 1 June 1995. That entitlement less the number of days sick pay subsequently taken may on the recommendation of the Review Panel, and with CMDHB's prior approval, be used before implementation of the sub clause (e) (ii) provision above where an employee becomes incapacitated or disabled through sickness or after the first week of absence due to a non-work injury at the rate of one day's sick pay for each week of Accident Rehabilitation and Compensation Insurance compensated absence.
- 1.9 Domestic Leave
- 1.9.1 An employee required to attend to a member of their household who through illness becomes dependent upon them, may be granted sick pay.

- 1.9.2 Where an employee has a consistent pattern of short term Domestic Leave absences on sick pay in any one year, or where these absences total ten working days/shifts or more in a year, then the employees situation may be reviewed under the applicable sub-clauses of this clause. The entitlements of this sub-clause are not intended to be in addition to the Special Leave provisions of the Holidays Act 2003.
- 1.10 Sick Leave in relation to annual and long service leave –
When sickness occurs during annual or long service leave CMDHB shall permit the period of sickness to be debited against sick pay, except where the sickness occurs during leave following relinquishment of offices, provided:
- The period of sickness is more than three days;
 - A medical certificate is produced, showing the nature and duration of the illness.
- (ii) In cases where the period of sickness extended beyond the approved period of annual or long service leave, approval shall also be given to debiting the portion which occurred within the annual or long service leave period against sick pay if the total continuous period of sickness exceeds three days.
- (iii) Annual or long service leave may not be split to allow periods of illness of three days or less to be taken as sick leave.
- 1.11 Sick leave is to be debited on an hour for hour basis except that absences of less than 2 hours shall not be debited against sick leave.
- 1.12 Casual employees – Casual employees shall be entitled to paid sick leave in accordance with the Holidays Act 2003
- 1.13 Sick leave for part-time employees
- (i) Part time employees are entitled to the full benefits of this clause.
 - (ii) When they are absent due to sickness they are to be paid for the hours they would have worked as required by the Holidays Act 2003.

BAY OF PLENTY ~~DISTRICT~~DHB

- 1.1 Where an employee is granted leave of absence from duty on account of sickness or non-work related accident he/she shall be entitled to payment for such leave at relevant daily pay (RDP).
- 1.2 Where leave of absence is granted on account of work related accidents then payment for such absence shall:
- (a) For the day of the accident and subsequent six days be at the employees ordinary (T1) rate of pay or be based on 80% of the employee's earnings in the week prior to the accident (or such other amount as the Accident Insurance Act 1998 may specify), whichever is the greater.
 - (b) For any absence from the eighth day after the accident be at the employee's ordinary T1 rate of pay or such greater amount as will be recovered/payable from the Insurer.



and



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- 1.3 In the case of accidents, payment is conditional on the employee reporting the accident in accordance with the employers accident reporting requirements, and satisfying all of the requirements under the Accident Insurance Act 1998, and assisting the employer recover earnings related compensation payable by the Insurer.
- 1.4 Sick pay will be for an employee's ordinary rostered days of work that fall within the period of leave granted.
- 1.5 The granting of sick pay is conditional on the employee notifying their employer of their illness, and the likely duration and anticipated return to duty not less than one hour (or as varied by Unit/Service Co-ordinators) before the commencement of their rostered duty or as soon as is reasonably practical.
- 1.6 Where an employee has a consistent pattern of short-term sick leave absences or where the employee's manager is concerned about the employees' sick record, then the employee's situation may be reviewed in accordance with current guidelines.
- (a) The Review Panel shall comprise of the employer, the employee, the employee's representative and the Occupational Health Practitioner. The panel shall consult with the employee and his/her manager before making any decisions. The employee may choose not to have representation.
 - (b) Require the employee to support all future sick pay claims with a medical certificate and/or
 - (c) Require the employee to undergo an examination by a medical practitioner nominated by the employer and at the employers expense, and/or,
 - (d) Restrict or withdraw for a specified period the sick pay provisions of this Clause, such action being limited by the Special Leave provisions of the Holidays Act 1991, and/or
 - (e) Recommend that the employee attend an Employee Assistance Programme and/or
 - (f) Other as appropriate.
- 1.7 Domestic Leave
- (a) Employees may be granted leave of absence on ordinary pay (as defined in (2) and (5) above) when an employee must, because of any unforeseen illness or accident, stay at home to attend a member of the employee's household who through illness, or accident has become dependent on the employee provided that:
 - The production of a medical certificate or other evidence of illness, or accident may be required.
 - (b) The same review procedures set out above will apply to Domestic Leave.
- 1.8 Casual employees have no entitlement to sick pay, except to the extent provided by the Holidays Act 2003, except that a casual employee may be granted sick leave if that employee had by prior arrangement been rostered for work on the day they are sick. "Prior arrangement" in this clause means the employee's name and the pre-arranged hours of work have been entered on the published roster prior to the employee becoming ill or incapacitated.
- 1.9 Where an employee is suffering from a minor illness, which could have a detrimental effect on patients or colleagues, managers may, at their discretion, either:
- (i) Place the employee on suitable alternative duties; or
 - (ii) direct the employee to take leave on payment at base rates (T1 only).



and



1.10 Sick leave in relation to Annual and Long Service and Bereavement Leave

- (i) When sickness occurs during annual or long service or bereavement leave the employer shall permit the period of sickness to be debited against sick leave entitlement, except where the sickness occurs during leave following relinquishment of office, provided:
- The period of sickness is more than three days;
 - a medical certificate is produced, showing the nature and duration of the illness.
- (ii) In cases where the period of sickness extended beyond the approved period of annual or long service leave; approval shall also be given to debiting the portion, which occurred within the annual or long service leave period against sick leave entitlement if the total continuous period of sickness exceeds three days.
- (iii) Annual or long service or bereavement leave may not be split to allow periods of illness of three days or less to be taken as sick leave.

LAKES DISTRICT DHB

- (1) (a) The general policy is that your normal salary continues when you are absent due to genuine illness or the illness or injury of your partner, a dependent or another member of your family or household. Where the frequency or pattern of absence is regarded as problematic or excessive or where your absence is prolonged or where you do not participate in an employer rehabilitation programme, your employer may refer the matter to the Review Panel. It is acknowledged that sick leave is a joint responsibility of staff, the employer and the Union.

The Review Panel is outlined in point 2.

- (b) Generally you will not be required to produce a medical certificate for leave due to illness but may be requested to do so. A medical certificate will be required for any absence due to work injury and for any absence of greater than 3 days for personal/non work injury.
- (c) Where your Manager has concerns about your frequency or pattern of absences on sick leave then, after discussion, you may be required to present a medical certificate for such absences in future.

Where the employer has concern's regarding illness or fitness to work, the employer may, at its expense, require an opinion from a doctor nominated by the employer, with due consideration for gender and cultural preferences.

- (d) Please ensure you assist the smooth running of the organisation by making every reasonable effort to advise your Manager well before your normal start time on any day of absence.
- (e) If you suffer a work-related injury the employer has the discretion to pay you the difference between any payments received from ACC and your normal salary.
- (f) Following the Review Panel, the employer may decide not to continue to provide paid leave to you.
- (g) APEX and the employer will work jointly on the current unspecified sick leave system, and put in initiatives to improve the system, using some targets to work towards.



and



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Progress will be reviewed with agreed terms of reference after 6 months (from the targets being set).

- (h) These provisions are agreed to be inclusive of and satisfy the requirements of the Holidays Act 2003 to provide for sick leave.
- (i) For employees, the maximum amount of sick leave that can be taken for any one period of absence shall not exceed 10 weeks paid leave with a provision for a further period of up to 16 weeks unpaid leave.

(2) Sick Leave Review

- (a) The Review Panel will comprise two employer representatives (one of whom will be the Health & Safety Advisor, or, in their absence, an HR representative), one APEX staff representative and the appropriate service manager. Participation in the panel by the staff representative will be paid for at ordinary pay.
- (b) Referral of a concern to the Panel will be done via Human Resources. If a matter is referred to the Panel, Human Resources will:
 - (i) arrange the Panel meeting
 - (ii) notify the employee in writing, including invitation to bring support and provide a copy of this clause.

The review will endeavour to assist the employee in establishing practical arrangements to recover from sickness and/or identify the possible issues contributing to the sickness and make recommendations where appropriate.

The panel will:

- (i) explain the concern to the employee
 - (ii) ask for explanation
 - (iii) consider the explanation and any evidence available
 - (iv) make a recommendation to Human Resources.
- (c) Where the review panel finds that the employee is required to have time off for a period of greater than the 10 weeks and it is unlikely that the employee will after the 26 week period be able to return to their normal duties as set out in the job description, then the employer may terminate the employment prior to the 10 weeks period. The date of commencement of the 10 week period will be from the day the employee advised their manager or designate of their sickness. Where employment is terminated prior to the 10 week period the employee will be paid at their ordinary hourly rate, 10 weeks' pay, less any sick leave paid from the date they notified their manager or designate of their sickness.
 - (d) Work and non work related accidents:
The maximum period of leave will be 26 weeks at any one time and a review in accordance with clause 15.4 (c) may be instituted prior to the expiry of the 26 weeks.

All panel members acknowledge that the proceedings of the Panel are confidential. Members of the panel have full access to any documentation of the employee's absences and sick leave history.

The employee has the right to request a review by the CEO or their nominee.



and



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SCHEDULE 4: OVERTIME, PENAL TIME AND CALLBACK RATES

Note: As DHBs move to increase ordinary hours to 40 (80 hour fortnight) hours, overtime / penal payments shall be adjusted where necessary to reflect overtime / penal payment 8 (40/80) hours a day (week/fortnight). Except that:

1. those individuals who chose to grandfather the old 35 or 37.5 ordinary hours provision (as per clause 3.1(i)) shall continue to be treated as full timers and the overtime provisions of the previous MECA (1 October 2013 to 7 October 2015) shall continue to apply to them.
2. Until such time as a DHB moves to 40 hours (see clause 3.1) the overtime, penal time and call back rates of the previous MECA shall continue to apply.

Auckland District DHB

3.1 Equivalent time off in lieu of payment for work performed outside normal hours may be granted at the discretion of the Service General Manager concerned.

3.2 Reserved

~~3.1 Overtime shall be paid at the following rates for those working a 40 hour ordinary week (8 hour day):~~

~~3.1.0 for the first three hours worked on any day, between midnight Sunday/Monday and midday Saturday at one and one half times the hourly rate of pay (T1½) and at double the rate of pay thereafter.~~

~~3.1.0 in respect of overtime worked from midday Saturday to midnight Sunday/Monday, or on a public holiday, or when night rate is payable, at double the hourly rate of pay (T2).~~

~~3.1.0 in respect of overtime worked from midnight Friday/Saturday to 0600 hours Saturday, at double the hourly rate of pay (T2).~~

3.3 Penal Time shall be paid at a rate of T½ times an hourly rate calculated at 1/1820 of the annual salary in addition to the normal hourly rate of pay for all hours which so fall.

Bay Of Plenty District DHB

Definitions:

~~(1) For the purposes of overtime and penal time, the normal hourly rate will be one two thousand and eighty-sixth (2086) part, correct to three decimal places of a dollar, of the yearly rate payable.~~

~~(2) Overtime defined as authorised time worked in excess of the rostered 8 hour duty, or 80 hours a fortnight. Part-time employees rostered to work duties of less than 8 hours shall be paid overtime after 8 hours have been worked.~~

TAURANGA HOSPITAL

- (3) Penal time is time worked (other than overtime) within the following periods
- i) Weeknight - between 2000 and 0700 hours from midnight Sunday to Midnight Friday / Saturday
 - ii) Weekend - between Midnight Friday / Saturday and midnight Sunday
 - iii) Public Holiday - between 0000 and 2400 on a public holiday



and



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~~(4) Overtime Rates~~

- ~~(a) From midnight Sunday to 1200 Saturday at one and one-half times (T1.5) the normal hourly rate of pay for the first three hours and at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2) thereafter.~~
- ~~(b) From 1200 Saturday to midnight Sunday or on a public holiday at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2)~~

(5) Penal Rates

- (a) Weeknight: T1.25
- (b) Weekend: T1.5
- (c) Public Holiday: T2

~~(6) If an employee is absent for any day, days or part of a day on account of annual, sick or other leave, either with or without pay, the qualifying period for the payment of overtime shall be reduced by the employee's ordinary or rostered hours of duty (not exceeding 8 per day) for such absences.~~

~~(7) An employee who, is not entitled to overtime payment, shall be granted equivalent time off for authorised work performed on a public holiday. Equivalent time off at other times for work performed outside normal hours may be granted at the discretion of the Manager concerned.~~

(8) Overtime and penal time shall not be paid in respect of the same hours.

WHAKATANE HOSPITAL

(9) Penal time: Penal time is time (other than overtime) worked within ordinary weekly hours of work on a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday.

~~(10) Overtime Rates~~

- ~~i. Overtime shall be paid at the rate of one and a half (T1½) the ordinary hourly rate of pay for all hours except:
 - That overtime worked between 2200 hours and 0800 hours shall be paid at twice (T2) the ordinary hourly rate. T2 rates shall be payable for the minimum two hour payment period.
 - That overtime worked on a public holiday shall be paid at twice (T2) the ordinary hourly rate.~~
- ~~ii. As an alternative to payment of overtime, and as agreed between employee and employer, an employee may take time off equivalent to the extra time worked at the convenience of the employer.~~
- ~~iii. If an employee is absent for any day, days or part of a day on account of annual, sick or other leave, either with or without pay, The qualifying period for the payment of overtime shall be reduced by the employee's ordinary or rostered hours of duty for such absences.~~

(11) Penal time shall be paid at the following rates in addition to normal salary:

- i. On Saturday, Sunday at one half the ordinary hourly rate of pay (T½).
 - ii. And on public holidays at T2
- ii. Penal rates are not payable for work on a Board holiday.

(12) Night rate -



and



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- i. Except as provided in (iii) below, an employee whose ordinary hours of duty fall between 2300 hours and 0600 hours will be paid at T $\frac{1}{4}$ rate in addition to normal salary for all hours, which so fall, provided that the rate is to be calculated on the ordinary time hourly rate;
- ii. Night rate is not to be paid when overtime is being worked.
- iii. Night rate is not to be paid for the same hours that penal rates are payable.

(13) Overtime and penal time shall not be paid in respect of same hours.

Capital & Coast DistrictDHB

~~1.0 Overtime shall be paid at the following rates:~~

- ~~) for the first three hours worked on any day, between midnight Sunday/Monday and midday Saturday at one and one half times the hourly rate of pay (T1-1/2) and at double the rate of pay thereafter.~~
- ~~) in respect of overtime worked from midday Saturday to midnight Sunday/Monday, or on a public holiday, or when night rate is payable, at double the hourly rate of pay (T2).~~
- ~~) in respect of overtime worked from midnight Friday/Saturday to 0800 hours Saturday, at double the hourly rate of pay (T2).~~

2.0 Penal time shall be paid at a rate of T1 times the normal hourly rate in addition to the normal hourly rate of pay for all hours which so fall.

Counties Manukau DistrictDHB

1.1 Time in Lieu

~~Equivalent time off in lieu of payment for work performed outside normal hours may be granted at the discretion of the Manager.~~

1.2 Overtime

- ~~(a) Overtime is defined as time worked in excess of the ordinary hours or the rostered duty, whichever is greater, or 80 hours per two week (14 day) pay period when such work has been properly authorised.~~
- ~~(b) If an employee is absent for any day, days or part of a day on account of annual, sick or other leave, either with or without pay, the qualifying period for the payment of overtime shall be reduced by the employee's ordinary or rostered hours of duty (not exceeding the number of hours of the rostered shift) for such absences.~~

1.3 Overtime Rates

~~Overtime shall be paid at the following rates:~~

- ~~(a) For the first three hours worked on any day, between midnight Sunday Monday and midday Saturday at one and one half times the ordinary hourly rate of pay (T1-1/2) and at double the hourly rate of pay thereafter.~~
- ~~(b) In respect of overtime worked from midday Saturday to midnight Sunday/Monday, or on a Public Holiday, or when nightly rate is payable, at double the ordinary hourly rate of pay (T2).~~



and



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- ~~(c) In respect of overtime worked from midnight Friday/Saturday to 0600 hours Saturday, at double the ordinary rate of pay (T2).~~

4.5 Part-time Employees

~~Overtime rates will only apply where the part-time worker has worked in excess of the full-time ordinary hours per day or per two week (14 day) pay period; provided that where part-time workers are part of an official on call roster and are called out from their place of residence in emergency circumstances, then the provisions of clause 9.8 shall apply.~~

1.6 Penal Time

Penal time is defined as time (other than overtime) worked within basic fortnightly hours on a Saturday or Sunday, or Public Holiday.

1.7 Penal Rates

Penal time shall be paid at a rate of T1/2 times the ordinary hourly rate, in addition to the ordinary hourly rate for all hours which so fall. Provided that penal time worked on a Public Holiday shall be paid at a rate of T1 times the ordinary hourly rate in addition. Provided further that employees who are required to work on the day on which a transferred statutory holiday actually falls (i.e. the calendar date of that holiday rather than the date of the transferred holiday), as part of their normal hours of duty, shall be paid at T1 in addition to the ordinary hourly rate of pay for the hours worked.

1.8 Night Rate

An Employee will be paid at T1/4 times the ordinary hourly rate in addition to the ordinary hourly rate of pay for all hours worked between 2000 hours and 0600 hours from midnight Sunday/Monday to midnight Friday/Saturday and from midnight Friday to 0800 Saturday and midnight Saturday to 0800 Sunday.

Night rate is not payable when overtime or penal time is being worked, except from midnight Friday to 0800 Saturday and midnight Saturday to 0800 Sunday.

Hawkes Bay District DHB

~~5.3 Equivalent time off in lieu of payment for work performed outside ordinary hours may be granted by agreement between the employer and employee.~~

~~5.3 Overtime rates Overtime shall be paid at the following rates. In computing overtime, each day shall stand alone.~~

~~5.3.0 In respect of overtime worked on any day (other than a public or State Service holiday), from midnight Sunday/Monday to midday on the following Saturday at one and one-half times the normal hourly rate of pay (T1 ½) for the first three hours and at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2) thereafter except that employees working overtime between 10 pm and 6 am will be paid at the rate of T2.~~



and



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~~5.1.1 In respect of overtime worked from midday Saturday to midnight Sunday/Monday or on a public or State Service holiday at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2).~~

~~5.25.1~~ Penal rates - Penal time shall be paid at the following rates in addition to normal salary:

~~5.2.15.1.1~~ From midnight Friday/Saturday to midday Saturday at half the normal hourly rate of pay (T1-½) for the first three hours and at the normal hourly rate of pay (T2) thereafter.

~~5.2.25.1.2~~ From midday Saturday to midnight Sunday/Monday at the normal hourly rate of pay (T2).

~~5.2.35.1.3~~ On public holidays at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2).

~~5.35.2~~ In lieu of payment for overtime and penal time an annual allowance may be provided except in so far as this allowance shall not provide for lesser payment than the employee would otherwise have been entitled to under the provisions of this Collective Agreement.

Lakes District DHB

(1) Definitions:

- (a) For the purposes of calculation of overtime, penal time, and night rate payments the normal hourly rate shall be:
 - (i) one two thousand and eighty six (2086) part (correct to three decimal places of a dollar) of the annual rate of salary payable.
- ~~(b) **Overtime** - Overtime is defined as time worked in excess of eight hours a day, when such work has been properly authorised.~~
- (c) **Penal time** - Penal time is time (other than overtime) worked within ordinary weekly hours of work on a Saturday, Sunday or Public Holiday.
- (d) **Equivalent time off** in lieu of payment for work performed outside normal hours may be granted at the discretion of the Radiology Manager, Lakes District Health Board.

~~(2) Overtime rates - Overtime shall be paid at the following rates. In computing overtime, each day shall stand alone.~~

- ~~(-) In respect of overtime worked on any day (other than a public holiday), from midnight Sunday/Monday to midday on the following Saturday at one and one-half times the normal hourly rate of pay (T1.5) for the first three hours and at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2) thereafter except that employees working overtime between 10pm and 6am will be paid at the rate of T2.~~
- ~~(-) In respect of overtime worked from midday Saturday to midnight Sunday/Monday or on a public holiday at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2).~~

(3) Penal rates - Penal time shall be paid at the following rates.

- (a) From midnight Friday to 5.00pm Saturday at T ½. in addition to the normal hourly rate.
- (a) From 5.00pm Saturday to midnight Sunday/Monday at T1 in addition to the normal hourly rate.
- (b) On public holidays at T1 in addition to the normal hourly rate.

(4) Limits of payment for overtime and penal time.

- (a) Overtime and penal time shall not be paid in respect of the same hours.



and



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(b) In lieu of payment for overtime and penal time an annual allowance may be provided.

(5) Night rate:

(a) An employee whose normal hours of duty fall between 8pm and 6am will be paid at time ¼ rate in addition to normal salary for all hours which so fall, provided that the minimum payment under this provision shall not be less than payment for two hours at time ¼ rate even if the part of a shift which falls between the hours of 8pm and 6am is less than two hours;

(b) Night rate is not to be paid for the same hours as either overtime or penal rates.

MidCentral DistrictDHB

~~7.1 Overtime shall be paid at one and one-half times the normal hourly rate of pay (T1-1/2) except on public holidays when it shall be paid at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2). In computing overtime, each day shall stand alone.~~

~~7.2 An employee who is eligible to be paid overtime shall as an alternative to such payment be entitled to choose time off equivalent to the extra time worked at the convenience of the Chief Executive Officer.~~

7.3 Weekend and Holiday Penal Payments:

7.3.1 Weekend - An employee who works on Saturday or Sunday as part of that employee's ordinary hours of work shall be paid at one and one-half times the normal hourly rate of pay (T1-1/2) for each hour so worked.

7.3.2 As a matter of clarification, the penal rates provided in this sub clause are inclusive of the employee's ordinary rate of pay.

Nelson Marlborough DistrictDHB

~~9.1 Overtime shall be paid at the following rates:~~

~~9.1.0 In respect of overtime worked on any day of the week between 0600 hours and 2000 hours, one and a half times the hourly rate of pay (T1 1/2) shall be paid.~~

~~9.1.0 In respect of overtime worked on any day of the week between 2000 hours and 0600 hours or for overtime worked on a public holiday, double the hourly rate of pay shall be paid.~~

~~9.1 Notwithstanding the above, the employer may require the employee to take time off in lieu for hours worked in excess of the rostered hours of duty, or the employee may opt to take time off in lieu, where such excess time has been properly authorised.~~

9.1 Employees working duties at weekends will be paid the following penal time at the following rates in addition to normal salary: at half the normal hourly rate of pay (T1-1/2);

Northland DistrictDHB

~~1.4 In computing overtime payment, each day shall stand alone:~~

~~1.4.1 Any weekday between the hours of 7.00pm and 10.00pm time one and one half (T1 ½).~~

~~1.4.1 Any weekday between the hours of 10.00pm and 8am time two (T2).~~

~~1.4.1 Between the hours of 8.00 am Saturday and 8.00am Monday time two (T2).~~



and

Te Whatu Ora
Health New Zealand

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~~1.1 Overtime meal breaks:~~

~~1.1.0 Employees continuing to work beyond 7.5 hours on any one day or shift are entitled to paid, 30 minute meal breaks at not more than 5 hourly intervals when work continues after the break.~~

~~1.1.0 Where the employer does not provide a free meal during overtime meal breaks, employees may claim by way of a timesheet entry a Meal Allowance.~~

~~1.21.1~~ Penal time is time other than overtime worked between the following hours which will be paid at the listed rate in addition to ordinary pay:

~~1.2.1.1.1~~ From midnight Friday/Saturday to midnight Sunday/Monday, and on public holidays, at the normal hourly rate of pay (T1).

~~1.31.2~~ In lieu of payment for overtime and penal time an annual allowance may be provided.

~~1.41.3~~ SPECIAL OVERTIME AND PENAL TIME PAYMENT PROVISIONS

~~1.4.1.3.1~~ Co-workers in the same occupations staffing the department out of normal hours by a combination of employees working rostered shifts and employees on-call working overtime, are entitled to different premium payments. To ensure fairness and equity in such circumstances :

- (1) the higher of the overtime or penal time premiums applying during the called-back hours worked can be claimed by employees recalled to duty, and
- (2) the inequity extends to differences in premium pay entitlements of full-time and part-time employees recalled to duty; local variations to this agreement may be agreed between the employer, the affected employees and the representative of the affected employees with the objective of achieving like pay for like work.

1.5.2 Employees whose work patterns are governed by holiday or other closures of their places of work may, with prior employer approval, take equivalent hour-for-hour time-off-in-lieu of overtime.

- (1) Such arrangements are to be mutually agreed on an individual basis between the employer and each affected employee.
- (2) The arrangements are to be documented and include the maximum accumulation permitted for time-off-in-lieu of overtime and a period of not more than 6 months within which the time-off-in-lieu is to be taken.
- (3) Where authorised time-off-in-lieu of overtime is claimed or taken by an employee, it is to be so recorded by the employee on their timesheet for the pay period in which the time-off-in-lieu is claimed or taken.

Tairāwhiti District DHB

~~0 Overtime: Overtime is incurred when 8 hours have been exceeded in any one shift or 40 hours in a week.~~

2 Overtime and weekend/public holiday or night rates shall not be paid in respect of the same hours, the higher rate will apply.

~~3 In computing overtime, each day shall stand alone.~~



and



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~~4 Overtime will be paid:~~

- ~~• from midnight Sunday/Monday to midday on the following Saturday at one and one-half times the normal hourly rate of pay (T1.5) for the first three hours and at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2) thereafter.~~
- ~~• from midday Saturday to midnight Sunday/Monday or on a public holiday at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2).~~

5 Penal Rates

- Weekend rate - applies to ordinary time (other than overtime) worked after midnight Friday/Saturday until midnight Sunday/Monday and shall be paid at time one half (T0.5) in addition to the ordinary hourly rate of pay.
- Public Holiday rate – applies to time worked between midnight and midnight on the day of a public holiday shall be paid at time one (T1) in addition to the ordinary hourly rate of pay.
- Night rate – applies to ordinary hours of duty (other than overtime) that fall between 8.00pm and 6.00am from midnight Sunday/Monday to midnight Friday/Saturday and shall be paid at quarter time (T0.25) in addition to the ordinary hourly rate of pay.

- 6 When staffing levels are adequate, the option of working either a weekend shift or call may be agreed with management.

South Canterbury, Canterbury, Wairarapa, Hutt Valley and Southern Districts DHBs

~~1.1 Overtime:~~

~~Overtime is time worked in excess of eight (8) hours per day or eighty hours per fortnight as authorised in advance by the Manager. Employees agree to work a reasonable amount of overtime on occasion if required by the employer to do so. Overtime will be paid at time and one half (T1.5) of ordinary rate for the first three hours worked, thereafter double time (T2).~~

1.1 Shift Allowance:

- (i) Night rate - shall be paid at quarter time (T0.25) in addition to the ordinary hourly rate for hours worked (other than overtime) that fall between 8.00pm and 6.00am from midnight Sun/Mon to midnight Fri/Sat.
- (ii) Weekend rate – shall be paid at half time (T0.50) in addition to the ordinary hourly rate and applies to hours (other than overtime) worked after midnight Fri/Sat until midnight Sun/Mon.
- (iii) Public holiday rate – shall be paid at time one (T1.0) in addition to the ordinary hourly rate and applies to hours worked on a public holiday.
- (iii) Overtime and night, weekend or public holiday rates shall not be paid in respect to the same hours, the higher rate shall apply.

Waikato District DHB



and



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~~4.1 Overtime shall be paid time one and one half the normal hourly rate of pay (T1½).~~

~~4.24.1 Penal time shall be paid from midnight Friday/Saturday to midnight Sunday/Monday time half (T½) in addition to the normal salary.~~

Waitemata DistrictDHB

2.1 Equivalent time off in lieu of payment for work performed outside normal hours may be granted at the discretion of the Employer.

~~2.1 Overtime Rates – Overtime shall be paid at the following rates:~~

~~2.1.0 for the first three hours worked on any day, between midnight Sunday/ Monday and midday Saturday at one and one half times the hourly rate of pay (T1.5) and at double the rate of pay thereafter (T2).~~

~~2.1.0 in respect of overtime worked from midday Saturday to midnight Sunday/Monday, or on a public holiday, or when night rate is payable, at double the hourly rate of pay (T2).~~

~~2.1.0 in respect of overtime worked from midnight Friday/Saturday to 0600 hours Saturday, at double the hourly rate of pay (T2).~~

2.4 Penal Rate - penal time shall be paid at a rate of T.5 times an hourly rate calculated at 1/1820 of the annual salary, in addition to the normal hourly rate of pay for all hours which so fall.

West Coast DistrictDHB

1.0 Overtime and Penal Time

1.1 Equivalent time off in lieu of payment for work performed outside normal hours may be granted at the discretion of the employer

1.2 Overtime Rates: - Overtime shall be paid at the following rates. In computing overtime each day shall stand alone.

~~1.2.1 For employees whose normal hours of work are 70 per fortnight the first hour of overtime, exclusive of call back, on any day (i.e. the eighth hour) at the normal hourly rate of pay (T1)~~

~~1.2.2 For the second and third hours of overtime worked on any day (other than a public holiday) from midnight Sunday/Monday to midday on the following Saturday at one and one half times the normal hourly rate of pay (T1-1/2) and at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2) thereafter except that employees working overtime between 10pm and 6am will be paid at the rate of T2.~~

~~1.2.3 For employees whose normal hours of work are eighty per fortnight, in respect of overtime worked on any day (other than a public holiday) from midnight Sunday/Monday to midday on the following Saturday at one and one half times the normal hourly rate of pay (T1-1/2) for the first three hours and at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2) thereafter except that employees working overtime between 10pm and 6am will be paid at the rate of T2.~~

~~1.2.4 In respect of overtime worked from midday Saturday to midnight Sunday/Monday or on a public holiday at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2).~~



and



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- 2.0 Penal Rates** – Penal Time shall be paid at the following rates in addition to normal salary:
From midnight Friday /Saturday to midday Saturday at half the normal hourly rate of pay (T-1/2) for the first three hours and at the normal hourly rate of pay (T1) thereafter.

From midday Saturday to midnight Sunday/Monday at the normal hourly rate of pay (T1)

In lieu of payment for overtime and penal time an annual allowance may be provided.

Whanganui DistrictDHB

~~6.1 Overtime shall be paid at one and one-half times the normal hourly rate of pay (T1.5) except on public holidays when it shall be paid at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2). In computing overtime, each day shall stand alone.~~

6.2 Weekend and Holiday Penal Payments:

- 6.2.1 Weekend - An employee who works on Saturday or Sunday as part of that employee's ordinary hours of work shall be paid the normal hourly rate of pay (T1) and in addition receive a penal payment of 0.5 (T½) time for each hour so worked.
- 6.2.2 An employee who works on a Public Holiday as part of that employee's ordinary hours of work shall be at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2) for each hour so worked.
- 6.3 **Time off in lieu:** An employee who is eligible to be paid overtime shall as an alternative to such payment be entitled to choose time off equivalent to the extra time worked at the convenience of the Employer.

Taranaki DistrictDHB

Overtime and Penal Time Rates

~~Overtime Rates~~

- ~~(a) From midnight Sunday to 1200 Saturday at one and on-half time (T1.5) the normal hourly rate of pay for the first three hours and at double the normal hours rate of pay (T2) thereafter.~~
~~(b) From 1200 Saturday to midnight Sunday or on a public holiday at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2)~~

Penal Rates

- (a) Weeknight: T1.25
(b) Weekend: T1.5
(c) Public Holiday: T2

Penal time is time worked (other than overtime) within the following periods:

- Weeknight – between 2000 and 0700 hours from midnight Sunday to midnight Friday / Saturday
- Weekend – between midnight Friday / Saturday and midnight Sunday
- Public Holiday – between 0000 and 2400 on a public holiday

~~On-Call Rates:~~

~~Taranaki Base Hospital: All employees shall be paid for a minimum of three hours or for actual working and traveling time, whichever is the greater — at double the normal hourly rate (T2).~~

~~Hawera Hospital: All employees shall be paid for a minimum of two hours or for actual working and traveling time, whichever is the greater — at double the normal hourly rate (T2).¹~~

~~Overtime Rates~~

- ~~(a) From midnight Sunday to 1200 Saturday at one and on-half time (T1.5) the normal hourly rate of pay for the first three hours and at double the normal hours rate of pay (T2) thereafter.~~
- ~~(b) From 1200 Saturday to midnight Sunday or on a public holiday at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2)~~

~~Penal Rates~~

- ~~(a) Weeknight: T1.25~~
- ~~(b) Weekend: T1.5~~
- ~~(c) Public Holiday: T2~~



and



On Call Rates (subject to the provisions of clause 9)

Auckland DHB

~~An Employee shall be paid for a minimum of three hours, or for actual working and traveling time, whichever is the greater – at T1½ for the first three hours and at T2 thereafter; except where hours fall between midday Saturday and midnight Sunday/Monday, or a public holiday or when night rate is payable, at twice the hourly rate of pay, T2.~~

Bay of Plenty DHB

~~For those employees who are called back to work after completing their normal rostered shift (7, 7.5 or 8) payment shall be at a minimum of T1.5.~~

~~Subject to the provisions of clause 9 (on-call), Tauranga employees who are rostered on-call and called back to work shall be paid for a minimum 3 hours at T1.5 except that:~~

- ~~• All hours that fall between 2000 and 0800 shall be paid at T2; and~~
- ~~• Public Holidays shall be paid at T2; and~~
- ~~• Weekends between Saturday Midday to Sunday/Monday Midnight shall be paid at T2.~~

~~From 23 December 2011, all callbacks on statutory holidays shall be paid at T2.~~

Counties Manukau DHB

~~In respect of work which is not continuous with a duty, an employee shall be paid for a minimum of three (3) hours, or for actual working and traveling time, whichever is the greater, when the employee:~~

- ~~(a) Is called back to work after completing a duty and having left the place of work; or~~
- ~~(b) Is called back before the normal time of starting work, and does not continue working until such normal starting time; except that:
 - ~~(i) call backs commencing and finishing within the minimum period covered by an earlier call back shall not be paid for;~~
 - ~~(ii) where a call back commences before and continues beyond the end of a minimum period for a previous call back, payment shall be made as if the Employee had worked continuously from the beginning of the previous call back to the end of the later call back.~~~~

~~Payment for call back shall be at the appropriate overtime rates. The provisions of the Clause on Public Holidays are noted in respect of time in lieu for work on Public Holidays where an employee is called back to work (i.e. where an employee is required to work on a Public Holiday because of call back, they shall be entitled to a day in lieu).~~

Hawkes Bay DHB

~~An employee shall be paid for a minimum of three hours, or for actual working and traveling time, whichever is the greater at overtime rates.~~



and



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Lakes DHB

An employee shall be paid for a minimum of three hours, or for actual working and travelling time, whichever is the greater at the appropriate overtime rate.

Nelson Marlborough DHB

An employee shall be paid for a minimum of two hours, or for actual working and traveling time, whichever is the greater, at the appropriate overtime rate except that an employee shall be paid for a minimum of three hours for call-outs between the hours of 10.00 pm and 6.00 am.

Northland DHB

1.1 On call shall be paid at overtime rates. Further, any call-outs started prior to 8.00am will be paid at time two (T2) until that period of call-out is completed or until 9.00am, whichever is the lesser period.

1.2 On-call rostering limits:

1.2.1 Day workers will not be rostered on-call for more than 40 percent of their off duty hours in any four week period except by mutual agreement.

1.2.2 Shift workers will not be rostered on-call for more than 40 percent of their off duty hours in any two week period except by mutual agreement to meet staffing needs during an emergency.

Tairarawhiti DHB

Call backs will be paid as follows subject to clause 9:

- from midnight Sunday/Monday to midday on the following Saturday at one and one-half times the normal hourly rate of pay (T1.5) for the first three hours and at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2) thereafter;
- from midday Saturday to midnight Sunday/Monday or on a public holiday at double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2).

South Canterbury, Canterbury, Wairarapa, Southern and Hutt Valley DHBs

1.1 Where practicable an employee who is instructed to be on-call and report on duty within 30 minutes shall be supplied with an appropriate locator.

1.2 Call Back An employee shall be paid for actual working and travel time or for a minimum of two hours at T2 whichever is the greater; where the call back exceeds two hours the first two hours shall be paid at T2 and the remainder at the appropriate overtime rate.

1.3 Except that call backs commencing and finishing within the minimum period covered by an earlier call back shall not be paid for where a call back commences before and continues beyond the end of a minimum period for a previous call back, payment shall be made as if the employee had worked continuously from the beginning of the previous call back to the end of the later call back.

1.4 Where an employee is called back to duty outside that employees rostered hours of work the employer shall at their discretion either:

- Provide the employee with transport;
- Reimburse the employee for actual and reasonable travelling expenses;



and



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- ~~• Where the employee uses their private vehicle they shall be reimbursed at the applicable IRD rate.~~

~~———— Note: This is to and from duty.~~

Waitemata DHB

~~Call back — An employee shall be paid for a minimum of three hours, or for actual working and travelling time, whichever is the greater — at T1.5 for the first three hours and at T2 thereafter; except where hours fall between midday Saturday and midnight Sunday/Monday, or a public holiday or when night rate is payable, at twice the hourly rate of pay (T2).~~

Waikato DHB

~~Mandatory Call Backs:— This provision only applies to employees who are instructed by the employer to be on-call during normal off duty hours.~~

~~Call back — A full time employee or a part time employee who is instructed to be on-call shall be paid for a minimum of two hours, or for actual working and travelling time, whichever is the greater, at the rate of double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2) for the first two hours and one and one-half the normal hourly rate of pay (T1½) for any hours worked in excess of two.~~

~~———— Voluntary Call Backs~~

~~———— This provision only applies to employees who voluntarily respond to emergency/acute call-back situations as determined by the employer (e.g. Manager, Team Leaders, shift co-ordinators etc.).~~

~~Call back — A full time employee or a part time employee shall be paid for a minimum of two hours at the rate of double the normal hourly rate of pay (T2) for the first two hours and one and one-half the normal hourly rate of pay (T1½) for any hours worked in excess of two, (except that the payment for voluntary call-backs for part time staff who volunteer at short notice to work on days they are not rostered to work is T2 for the first two hours, then the prevailing rate for the rest of the duty, or until such time as overtime rates become applicable i.e., have completed 40 hours that week, or 8 hours that day).~~

Taranaki District

On Call Rates:

Taranaki Base Hospital: All employees shall be paid for a minimum of three hours or for actual working and traveling time, whichever is the greater – at double the normal hourly rate (T2).

West Coast District DHB

All employees shall be paid for a minimum of three hours or for actual working and traveling time, whichever is the greater – at double the normal hourly rate (T2).

Whanganui, MidCentral and Capital & Coast DHBs

~~An employee shall be paid for a minimum of two hours, or the working and travelling time, whichever is the greater, at the rate of T2.~~



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SCHEDULE 5: PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT

Objectives and Principles of the Partnership

The parties recognise the value of working more cooperatively and constructively to contribute appropriately to the over-arching goal of maintaining and advancing a Medical Imaging Technologists workforce that takes shared responsibility for providing high quality healthcare on a sustainable basis. The objectives of the partnership are:

- To ensure the parties' dealings with each other are in accord with the principles of good faith and are characterised by constructive engagement based on honesty, openness, respect and trust;
- Assist in the delivery of a modern, sustainable and high quality Medical Imaging Technologists workforce
- To support and work within the overarching approach and priorities set by the existing collective Future Workforce activity (which includes [DHBEmployer](#), Unions and other stakeholders);
- That efforts are made to improve the party's relationship, decision making and inter party cooperation;
- To co-ordinate the trialling, and where appropriate, introduction of innovative initiatives which will improve healthcare delivery;
- To ensure the [MECA-Collective Agreement](#) is applied in an effective and consistent way to those covered in all [20 DHB parties Districts](#).

Principles of the Partnership

The [DHBs-Employer](#) and APEX acknowledge that they must work cooperatively to achieve their overarching goal of maintaining and advancing a medical workforce which provides high quality healthcare on a sustainable basis to the New Zealand population.

The parties agree that they will:

- To the extent they are capable, provide appropriate health care to the communities they serve in an efficient and effective manner.
- To the extent they are capable, ensure the availability and retention of an appropriate trained and educated workforce both now, and in the future.
- Promote the provision of a safe, healthy and supportive work environment.
- Recognise the environmental and fiscal pressures which impinge upon the parties and work practices and accept the need to constantly review and improve on productivity, cost effectiveness and the sustainable delivery of high quality health services.
- Be good employers and employees.
- To the extent they are capable, ensure MIT workforce planning and rostering meets patient and healthcare service requirements, whilst providing sufficient training opportunities and a reasonable work/life balance.
- Recognise the interdependence of various elements of the health workforce, their collegiality and the need for a team approach to the delivery of health care.
- Accept accountability for actions.
- Accept that the need to deploy resources appropriately may lead to a review of traditional job functions and the reallocation or substitution of tasks.
- Work towards enhanced job satisfaction for MITs.

Oversight and Operationalisation of the Partnership

The partnership, and the undertaking of activities required by it, shall be overseen by a committee of 12 members, known as the MIT Action Committee (MITAC). The parties will decide their

respective membership with 6 members representing APEX and its membership and 6 representing the ~~DHBs-Employer~~ on a regional basis drawn from the regional radiology network groups. ~~DHBs-Districts~~ with APEX representatives on MITAC shall assist delegates with workload management to enable release from duties for attending to or undertaking MITAC work. Any issues that arise can be referred to MITAC for further assistance.

MITAC will be chaired by the operational manager who holds the national workforce portfolio related to employees covered by this ~~MECA~~Collective Agreement.

MITAC will action the attached work programme, which may be amended from time to time as agreed.

The committee will meet through voice and or video conferencing as required and hold face to face meetings at periods to be agreed but no less frequently than bi-annually. ~~DHBs are~~The Employer ~~is~~ required to support the functioning of the MITAC through ensuring parties are able to be released from other duties for this purpose.

It is recognised that both parties to the partnership have an interest in promoting the work of the MITAC and will in the first instance seek to agree on the content and form of any communications relating to the work programme and work of the MITAC.

As a new initiative it is recognised that it is important to formally review progress. The parties agree to formally do so at the mid-point of the MECA document.

The MITAC may develop proposals / projects for the improvement of workforce practices and planning involving Medical Radiation Technologists staff or receive such initiatives from others. Where appropriate, MITAC may arrange trials to validate the benefits that may arise from adoption of the proposal and in the event of a trial which the committee deems successful consider general adoption of the proposal and facilitate such adoption (whilst accepting that may require variation of the ~~Collective Agreement~~MECA). It is noted that some trials may not be possible without a variation to the ~~Collective Agreement~~MECA. Such a variation:

- Must be recorded in writing;
- May only operate for a finite period which does not exceed six months unless otherwise extended by the agreement of the Committee along with affected employees and ~~DHBs~~District; and
- On completion of a trial, all terms and conditions shall revert to those applying prior to the trial and any rosters that have been implemented shall be replaced by those that existed prior to the trial.

Secretarial services shall be provided by the employers.

Process

1 Decision making

- 1.1 Every endeavour shall be made to achieve consensus in decision making except that failing consensus, decisions shall be made by majority vote.
- 1.2 In the event of a tied vote a proposal will not proceed.
- 1.3 Discussion on any proposal shall be broad and informal and constrained as to time by the guidance of the Chair (or proxy) rather than through procedural motions.
- 1.4 Where decisions under consideration have the potential to exceed the authorised mandate of representatives, they will ensure that they have specific mandate for the issue under consideration prior to a vote being held.

2 Observers and Experts



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- 2.1 Observers may only be present with the agreement of the Parties.
- 2.2 Either party may invite experts by notifying the Parties.
- 3 **Minutes & Reporting**
- 3.1 Minutes shall be prepared but are in note form and not a verbatim record of proceedings.
- 3.2 Minutes shall have no status until confirmed by the committee, and may be amended before confirmation.
- 3.3 Where minutes cannot be confirmed and agreed the minutes shall record the differing views of participants.
- 3.4 Confirmed minutes shall be made available to interested parties unless the Committee agrees otherwise. Individual names shall not be recorded without the express agreement of the individual concerned.
- 3.5 Reporting to stakeholders will be active and transparent covering all key activity of the Committee.
- 4 **Agendas**
- 4.1 Executive Members shall advise the Chair of items to be included on the agenda not less than two working days before the meeting.
- 4.3 Items raised but not on the agenda shall be dealt with according to a majority decision of the Committee; however, form is not to get in the way of addressing and seeking resolution of outstanding issues.
- 5 **Quorum**
- 5.1 The Committee can exercise no authority, power, or discretion, and no business can be transacted unless a quorum of members is present. A quorum requires at least 100% of the permanently appointed members (or their proxy) to be present.
- 5.2 Members of the Committee may authorise a proxy if they are unable to attend a meeting. Notice must be given to the Chair as soon as practicably possible. The proxy will have the speaking and voting rights of the Member they are deputising for – in addition to their own if already a member of the Committee.
- 6 **Resolution of differences**
- 6.1 The parties accept that differences are a natural occurrence and that a constructive approach to seeking solutions will be taken at all times. The object of this clause is to encourage the committee to work cooperatively to resolve any differences and share in the responsibility for quality outcomes.
- 6.2 Any matter that cannot be resolved will be referred by the committee to a mutually agreed third party who will help facilitate an agreement between the parties. Failing identification of a mutually acceptable third party, the matter shall be referred to the Mediation Service of the Department of Labour (or its successors) to appoint someone.
- 6.3 In the event that the parties cannot reach an agreed solution and unless the parties agree otherwise, after no less than two facilitation meetings, the third party will, after considering relevant evidence and submissions, provide a written but non-binding recommendation to the parties.
- 6.4 Nothing in this agreement shall have the effect of restricting either party's right to access statutory resolution processes and forums such the Employment Relations Authority or the Employment Court or seek other lawful remedies.

MIT ACTION COMMITTEE - WORKPLAN



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[The following projects were included in the previous collective agreement:](#)

PROJECT 1: PARTNERSHIP IN OPERATION

Practical Partnership: Expected outcomes

- Development and delivery of training in “constructive working arrangements”
- Defining the behaviors and roles of Leaders/Delegates in improving the workplace
- Clear mutual outcomes of how partnership behaviors will be displayed both at the national and DHB District level
- Oversight of, support for and assistance to local engagement processes

Timeframe: Immediate and ongoing

PROJECT 2: SHARED BEST PRACTICE

Shared best practice:

- Identification and profiling of best practice success stories across the sector

Timeframe: Immediate and ongoing

PROJECT 3: OVERSIGHT OF THE FUTURE DEMAND WORK STREAM.

MITAC shall sponsor a project that:

- Acts as a resource to assist DHBs to achieve this work stream;
- Share knowledge, skills and information on successes (and failures to avoid repetition) in achieving the above

PROJECT 4:

As at date of ratification, there are 14 out of the twenty DHBs who have an arrangement for all their employees providing discounted eye testing with Specsaver called the Specsaver discount deal. Following the settlement for the MECA, the remaining DHBs will be encouraged to enter into the same type of arrangement with Specsaver (or with an alternative company) by the end of the 2016 calendar year. Progress on this will initially be monitored by MITAC. The COO with operational responsibility for the MITs, and the DHBSS team advocate will collectively engage with any DHB who has not been able to enter into an agreement by the end of 2016 with a view to finalising a similar deal with all DHBs by 2017.

[In addition, this settlement has agreed to undertake the following:](#)

PROJECT 5:

[The parties agree that MITAC will support a review of the Best Rostering Guidelines \(clause 3.9\).](#)

[The review will consider:](#)

- [Consistency of current rosters with these guidelines and any underlying issues identified where rostering arrangements are not consistent](#)
- [In impact of APEX claims to:](#)
 - [Make guidelines enforceable \(noting acknowledgement of need for flexibility around enforcement\)](#)



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Commented [AC1]: Do we delete this and include the agreed projects from the terms of settlement?

- [Limit weekends to no more than 1 in 4 on duty or on call](#)
- [Limit a period of night shifts to no more than 1 in 4 weeks](#)
- [Require an employee not be rostered on call Monday-Thursday the night before a rostered day off and/or scheduled leave](#)

Other projects as agreed by the committee



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SCHEDULE 6: SERVICE PROVISIONS FOR ANNUAL LEAVE PURPOSES

Auckland, Northland, Waitemata, Midcentral, Capital and Coast, Waikato, Hawkes Bay, Nelson Marlborough and Whanganui DHBs:

“Service” means all service as a Medical Imaging Technologist, student Medical Imaging Technologist, mammographer, sonographer, trainee sonographer, dark room technician, MRI technologist, nuclear medicine technologist, clinical assistant, in health and service teaching radiation technology and/or sonography unless specifically stated otherwise in this collective agreement. Provided that existing employees shall have all previous service under a previous employment agreement recognised.

In all other DHBs **“Service”** means the period of current unbroken full time or part-time service with the Employer and, within New Zealand, with the Department/Ministry of Health and other Hospital Boards/Area Health Boards/Crown Health Enterprises, Hospital and Health Services, and District Health Boards, from the date of commencement of employment up to the current reference time. However service shall not be deemed to be broken by a break in employment of up to three months.



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SCHEDULE 7: MERIT PROGRESSION PROCESS

Background

The APEX MIT/DHB 2019 – 2022 MECA states under Clauses 5.1.2 and 5.3.2 that “progression beyond Step 7 for MITs and Step 6 for MRI/Nuclear Medicine MITs shall be dependent on job content, skill shortage, responsibilities of the position, and the employee’s level of performance. Progression shall recognise clinical skill, knowledge and responsibility, as well as managerial and leadership responsibilities shall be rewarded”.

The Salary Progression principles and process is set out below.

Introduction

As part of ethical and best practice, Medical Imaging Technologists are accountable for demonstrating ongoing professional growth and competence both of themselves and their respective service, commensurate with their level of experience. This is recognised through engagement in developmental activities within identified clinical and professional practice resulting in the demonstration of proficiency, excellence, and leadership over time.

It is expected all employees will maintain their practice commensurate with their professional body, registration authority standards, role descriptions and level of experience.

The progression process requires mutual responsibility and accountability of employees and managers for initiating and maintaining the progression process. The employee is responsible for meeting their own tasks and raising any issues that may impact on their ability to complete activities within agreed timelines with their team leader/manager.

The progression table below outlines key exemplars of the types of expected professional practice behaviours required for salary progression.

The criteria outlined in this document and examples provided are intended to assist the team leader/manager to agree a set of objectives, which upon achievement will enable progression to the next salary step.

Principles

It is important to note the following:

1. Progression is a prospective process.
2. Progression process to be efficient and timely and take a maximum of 12 months to complete unless otherwise agreed.
3. MITs must have completed 12-months on their existing salary step before being eligible for merit progression and reached the relevant top automatic step unless otherwise agreed.
4. Recent work (within the last 3 months) will be recognised.
5. Process is transparent, robust, and fair.
6. To align with regulatory and professional standards as appropriate.



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7. Require satisfactory performance and the employee is not under a performance management/improvement process.
8. Establish challenging expectations within the employee's current role, which could be via clinical /advanced practice and/or a leadership pathway.
9. Clearly identified goals which are realistic, achievable and aspirational.
10. Consistently applied process requires both the employee and their team leader/manager to share accountability for initiating and maintaining the progression process.

Process

1. The Employee will email their team leader/manager (Charge or Unit/Area Charge MIT) and notify them of their intention to apply for merit step progression.
2. The employee and their team leader/manager will meet to agree objectives to be achieved in line with the progression criteria outlined below. The agreed objectives must be signed off by the appropriate service manager and progressed through the delegations within each DHB e.g. GM HR, Director of Allied Health as appropriate. This will all be actioned within 2-4 weeks. If agreement is not reached on the objectives, the MIT can request support and input from the APEX delegate and/or APEX advocate. Another meeting will be arranged between the parties (the MIT/ Manager, APEX delegate / advocate) to reach agreement on the objectives.
3. Progress catch-ups between the employee and their team leader/manager should be regular throughout the year, to allow for any amendments should circumstances change or additional opportunities present themselves.
4. Evidence of completing the agreed objectives shall be submitted by the employee and reviewed by the team leader/manager. If the employee and team leader/manager agree the objectives have been achieved, then progression occurs in line with the DHB delegate authority.
5. The Manager will provide written feedback to the applicant at the end of the merit review process. In the case of an unsuccessful outcome this feedback will describe the reasons for this. The feedback should include guidance on how a future application could be successful. There should also be an opportunity for the MIT to discuss this feedback with their Section Head and/or Service Manager.
6. If unsuccessful the MIT will be able to re-submit their application with updated evidence within six months unless otherwise agreed. If the employee and team leader/manager agree the objectives have been achieved, then progression occurs in line with the DHB delegate authority.
7. The date on which the application for progression is presented will become the employee's anniversary date for salary purposes.
8. Appeals or disagreements – Applicants who have had an unsuccessful assessment outcome, and who believe this is not justified, may appeal in writing giving their reasons



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and providing supporting material. This should be sent to their Service Manager who will review the appeal with the appropriate Section Head. The MIT should have the opportunity to discuss their appeal with their Section Head and/or Service Manager as per the specific DHB delegations. They can request the APEX delegate or APEX advocate be present. The service manager or section head may request HR support.

Salary progression beyond step 7 (step 6 MRI and NM)

Objectives will focus on specific expertise and skills within the MITs area of practice. As the employee progresses through the merit steps, agreed objectives will demonstrate a significantly greater level of competence.

Agreed objectives to be achieved

- Three objectives are expected to be agreed for any fulltime employee. (0.8 -1.0 FTE accepted as fulltime). It is acceptable that a complex objective may cover several domains. For example, leadership of a project to develop a new part of a service may include leadership, advanced training of other employees, literature reviews, consultation with other professional groups and organisational / service development.
- Less than three objectives may be appropriate if the complexity and/or time commitment of one or more objectives is significant.
- For employees working part-time, the number or complexity of objectives should be adjusted to reflect the working hours of the employee.
- Consideration should be given to the size of department, complexity of service and the MIT's DHB Job description and role.
- Examples are for assistance/guidance.



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Domain	Criteria and Examples
Advancing technical knowledge and/or practice	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Shares specialist knowledge or applies technical practice skills ▪ Introduction and implementation of new technology and/or processes ▪ Resource person for specialty area to other professional groups / hospitals / management ▪ Identification and development of strategies to address quality issues <p><u>Examples</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Acts as a Super user and demonstrates advanced knowledge of the principles and operation of equipment ▪ Actively participates in the development, advancement and on-going review of protocols and guidelines
Advancing clinical knowledge and/or practice	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Shares specialist knowledge or applies clinical practice skills ▪ Resource person for specialty area to other professional groups / hospitals / management ▪ Introduction and implementation of new clinical practices ▪ Provides evidence of utilisation as an expert in area of practice over and above that generally expected ▪ Student assessors where the MIT has undergone formal training as per training institution requirement and performs more than ... number of assessments per year <p><u>Examples</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Taking the lead implementing significant clinical advancements within the service e.g. CTCA , Cardiac MRI ▪ Ultrasound guided cannulation ▪ Accessing ports procedure e.g. PICC, Hickmans ▪ Delegated responsibility of administration of medication excluding contrast agents NG/NJ tube insertion procedure.
Leadership	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Demonstrates leadership and/or management of staff either as individuals or within a team where this is not a core requirement of the role. <p><u>Examples</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Professionally advises other occupational Groups (Radiation safety or MRI safety lectures) ▪ Regularly Mentors staff to enable safe transition to the workplace or help with remedial actions ▪ QA lead ▪ Clinical audit lead
Service development	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Participates in practice initiatives that impact positively on service delivery ▪ Actively participates in development of protocols/guidelines ▪ Initiation and participation in a quality projects, evidencing progress towards completion and implementation <p><u>Examples</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Taking the lead implementing significant clinical advancements within the service e.g. CTCA , Cardiac MRI ▪ MIT takes the lead in service projects, development of service improvement initiatives and change management. ▪ Develops, monitors and evaluates effectiveness of a programme or area of work.
Professional development	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Critiques research material / journal articles in areas of practice and uses the available evidence as the basis of development and review of own practice <p><u>Examples</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Conducting/organising department wide CPD ▪ Undertaking post grad degrees/ diplomas
Cultural competency	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Demonstrates understanding and integration of Maori concepts of health and wellbeing into their practice ▪ Shows an awareness and understanding of health inequalities <p><u>Examples</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Leads initiatives to address inequity of access ▪ Promotes and leads cultural competence within the service



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On Call Roster Review Process

In line with the commitments outlined in the MECA Introduction section point 3, the DHBs have agreed to a review of the on-call rosters in place at the DHBs.

The overall aim is to progressively review all rosters to ensure they (all) provide for the safety and health of staff. The parties will monitor the effectiveness of the roster review processes through the MIT Action Committee workplan.

Shift implementation for high risk on call periods

- (a) Within 1 month from the date of ratification, the preceding three months of all on call rosters shall be reviewed by the DHB and APEX delegate(s) to determine their risk level and respond in accordance with points (iii) – (v) below.
- (b) Where an on call period is high risk, the employer shall:
- Notify APEX this clause is in effect and for which rosters.
 - Consult with the employees concerned (who may choose to have APEX assist them in this process) on options to implement a shift or alternative arrangements that will be made to reduce on call activity and/or minimize the impact of fatigue on staff;
 - Where a new shift roster is to be implemented, the DHB will recruit sufficient MITs to staff new (shift) rosters and give 28 days' notice of the new rosters prior to implementation. The employer will endeavour to complete this process within 6 months of notification to APEX.
 - Where alternative arrangements are to be implemented, these must be operational as soon as practical and reassessed 3 months later as to effectiveness. The criteria for triggering review shall again be applied and if the roster remains above the trigger levels, a shift must be reconsidered for implementation as per b) and c) above.

Ongoing monitoring and review of impact of on call rosters shall be completed at least annually.

Risk Level Assessment

- (i) On call periods are defined for the purposes of this clause as follows:

'Days on call' refers to the period 0800–1600 Monday through Sunday.

'Evenings on call' refers to the period 1600–2400 Monday through Sunday.

'Nights on call' refers to the period 2400-0800 Monday through Sunday.

- (ii) The fatigue risk level for each on call period shall be monitored in accordance with the applicable fatigue risk matrix provided at point (vi).

- (iii) Where the fatigue risk level for an on call roster is 'low risk', the employer shall continue to actively monitor for increased fatigue risk.

- (iv) Where the fatigue risk level for an on call roster is 'medium risk', risk mitigation actions should be deployed.



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(v) Where the fatigue risk level for an on call period is 'high risk', the employer begins the consultation process in (b) above.

Note: In setting out these points as the triggers to mandate review and action, the parties are not condoning the level of fatigue that may arise if a roster falls short of this trigger, it is simply a starting point for the automatic activation of review and does not preclude review below this starting point.

(vi) Fatigue risk matrices:

Fatigue risk matrix for Days and Evenings (0800-1600 and 1600-2400) on call

For each 8-hour on call period	1 point	2 points	3 points
Average number of call backs	1 or less	2	3 or more
Maximum days on call for any MIT per week	1 or less	2	3 or more
Ave. Total hours at work (including travel)	Up to 2	2 to 4	4 or more

Evening periods
 Low risk = 1-3 points Medium risk = 4 points High risk = 5-9 points

Daytime Periods
 Low risk = 1-4 points Medium risk = 5 points High risk = 6-9 points

Fatigue risk matrix for Nights (2400-0800) on call

For each 8-hour on call period	1 point	2 points	3 points
Average number of call backs	1 or less	2	3 or more
Maximum days on call for any MIT per week	1 or less	2	3 or more
Ave. Total hours at work (including travel)	Up to 2	2 to 4	4 or more
Ave. Single longest uninterrupted period of sleep	8 or more	6 to 8	Less than 6

Low risk = 4-5 points Medium risk = 6-7 points High risk = 8-12 points

Reducing Fatigue – Related risk

Additional activities to support fatigue related risk reduction include: Adequate policies, procedures and protocols being in place for:

- Calling in when fatigued and ensuring sufficient cover is available when this occurs
- Workplace napping (when, where, how)

- Analysis of data for monitoring fatigue
- Acting on data, feedback to staff and management
- Appropriate workload and type of work (only necessary work to be performed)
- Best Practice Rostering Guidelines
- Getting home safely – risk to self and others on the road but noting if the risk is prevalent, the risk of clinical practice prior to driving home is also likely to be present.

Fatigue management education

- Causes of fatigue and safety issues in your workplace
- Personal strategies to use at home (how to get better sleep)
- Personal strategies to use at work (strategic use of caffeine, napping)
- DHB policies relating to fatigue management (for calling in as too fatigued, how to report fatigue hazards)



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